

1903.
—
QUEENSLAND.

VITAL STATISTICS, 1902.

FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL.

PRESENTED TO BOTH HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT BY COMMAND.

BRISBANE :
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FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT ON THE VITAL STATISTICS OF QUEENSLAND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1902.

TO THE UNDER SECRETARY, HOME DEPARTMENT.

SIR,—A record of the facts elicited by an analysis of the experience for 1902 respecting the various social phenomena embraced under the designation Vital Statistics, can hardly be considered satisfactory reading, accentuating the unfavourable results witnessed during 1901. During 1902 there were fewer births recorded, a larger number of deaths registered than in 1901, and there was also a decrease in the number of marriages solemnised, whilst with respect to immigration and emigration the figures were still more unsatisfactory. During many years in the past the immigration excess has proved by far the most important factor in population increase, and although during the past few years the natural increase resulting from the excess of births over deaths has assumed much greater prominence, the year 1902 was the first since 1869 in which the accessions were entirely derived from this source, last year being the only one from that date in which the departures have exceeded the arrivals, thus countervailing a portion of the natural increase.

Whilst the facts thus referred to are readily arrived at, the causes which produce them are not so easily ascertainable. The approachment of the population to a normal position with respect to its age condition, a result of the natural increase having been the chief source of accession for some years, has resulted in a lowered marriage rate; and this again in a reduced ratio of births; but the latter would not suffice to explain the total deficiency in the number of births recorded, which must in part be attributed to a disinclination of some persons to undertake the responsibilities of parentage. The greater number of deaths registered was due to a general increase in the numbers of most causes of death rather than to any visitation of an epidemic character; indeed, some of the complaints which at times become epidemic showed pronounced decreases, although deaths due to pneumonia, enteritis, and phthisis in 1902 were considerably in excess of the numbers of the previous year.

POPULATION.

The estimated population of the State on the 31st December, 1902, was 514,851 persons, of whom 285,482 were males and 229,369 were females. This estimate has been arrived at by the usual arithmetical process of adding the excess of births over deaths—namely, 8,012, of which 3,355 were males and 4,657 were females—to the population as estimated at the commencement of 1902, and then deducting therefrom the numbers by which the departures exceeded the arrivals—i.e., 2,220 males, 1,456 females, and 3,676 persons—due allowance having first been made with respect to the latter for unrecorded departures. Details respecting this estimate are furnished by the following statement:—

A.

	Males.	Females.	Persons.	EXCESS.			Males.	Females.	Persons.
				Males.	Females.	Persons.			
<i>Estimated Population on 1st January, 1902</i> ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	284,347	226,168	510,515
Births registered during March Quarter	1,742	1,610	3,352						
Deaths registered during March Quarter	920	525	1,445						
Natural Increase to Population during March Quarter ...	...	...	...	822	1,085	1,907			
Arrivals by sea and by rail during March Quarter ...	6,588	3,143	9,731						
Departures by sea and by rail during March Quarter* ...	6,973	3,463	10,436						
Decrease by Excess of Departures over Arrivals during Quarter ... ..	...	...	...	-385	-320	-705			
Total Increase to Population during March Quarter ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	437	765	1,202
<i>Estimated Population on 31st March, 1902</i> ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	284,784	226,933	511,717
Births registered during June Quarter	1,859	1,814	3,673						
Deaths registered during June Quarter	911	509	1,420						
Natural Increase to Population during June Quarter ...	...	...	...	948	1,305	2,253			
Arrivals by sea and by rail during June Quarter ...	6,670	2,688	9,358						
Departures by sea and by rail during June Quarter* ...	6,174	2,434	8,608						
Increase by excess of Arrivals over Departures during Quarter ... ..	...	...	...	496	254	750			
Total Increase to Population during June Quarter ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,444	1,559	3,003
<i>Estimated Population on 30th June, 1902</i> ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	286,228	228,492	514,720
Births registered during September Quarter	1,905	1,846	3,751						
Deaths registered during September Quarter	946	550	1,496						
Natural Increase to Population during September Quarter	...	...	...	959	1,296	2,255			
Arrivals by sea and by rail during September Quarter ...	5,342	2,211	7,553						
Departures by sea and by rail during September Quarter *	5,746	2,524	8,270						
Decrease by excess of Departures over Arrivals during Quarter ... ..	...	...	...	-404	-313	-717			
Total Increase to Population during September Quarter	...	...	...	...	...	...	555	983	1,538
<i>Estimated Population on 30th September, 1902</i> ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	286,783	229,475	516,258
Births registered during December Quarter	1,773	1,667	3,440						
Deaths registered during December Quarter	1,147	696	1,843						
Natural Increase to Population during December Quarter	...	...	...	626	971	1,597			
Arrivals by sea and by rail during December Quarter ...	5,217	2,223	7,440						
Departures by sea and by rail during December Quarter*	7,144	3,300	10,444						
Decrease by excess of Departures over Arrivals during Quarter ... ..	...	...	...	-1,927	-1,077	-3,004			
Decrease to Population during December Quarter ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	-1,301	-206	-1,407
<i>Estimated Population on 31st December, 1902</i> ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	285,482	229,369	514 851

* Including allowance for unrecorded departures.

From the foregoing, it is possible to ascertain not only the increase and the ratio of increase for the whole year, but also for each quarter of it.

The numerical increase for the year was 4,336 persons, of whom 1,135 were males and 3,201 were females, the latter thus preponderating largely in the population accession. These figures give centesimal ratios of increase of 0.40 males, 1.42 females, and 0.85 persons.

During the first quarter the natural increase was 1,907, but the departures exceeded the arrivals by 705, giving a net increase of 1,202 only. In the second quarter the excess of births numbered 2,253, besides which the arrivals exceeded the departures, this being the only quarter in which this took place. Seven hundred and fifty persons were added to the population from this source, making a total accession to the population for the period April-June of 3,003, or 69 per cent. of the total for the year. For the third quarter there were a large number of births registered, resulting in a natural increase of 2,255, but from these had to be deducted 717 excess of departures, giving a total increase of 1,538 only. The records for the December quarter were altogether adverse—the births were few, the deaths numerous, whilst the departures exceeded the arrivals by 3,004 persons, the latter thus just exceeding by 1 the total population increase for the second quarter. The figures resulted in a decrease of population for the quarter of 1,407 persons.

The centesimal increases of population in each of the Australian States and New Zealand for 1902 were as follow:—

				Aa.				
Queensland	...	...	0.85	Western Australia	...	...	*10.39
New South Wales	...	...	1.87	Tasmania	...	...	1.63
Victoria	...	...	-0.26	New Zealand	...	...	2.57
South Australia	...	...	0.27				

— Decrease.

* Subject to revision.

There was an increase in every State but one—namely, Victoria—the population of which declined by 0.26 per cent. The increase of over 10 per cent. in Western Australia was four times greater than that of the next highest—New Zealand—with a centesimal increase of 2.57, followed by New South Wales with 1.87, a ratio more than double that of Queensland.

From the following table, which furnishes information as to the population and the proportions of the sexes therein for the whole of Australasia, it will be seen that, Western Australia alone excepted, the females are relatively less numerous in Queensland than in any State of the Commonwealth or in New Zealand:—

Ab.

State.	Estimated Population, 31st December, 1902.			Proportion of each sex in each 100 of the Population.	
	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
Queensland	285,482	229,369	514,851	55.45	44.55
New South Wales	739,290	666,160	1,405,450	52.60	47.40
Victoria	602,384	603,129	1,205,513	49.97	50.03
South Australia	185,451	180,340	365,791	50.70	49.30
Western Australia*	130,636	84,504	215,140	60.72	39.28
Tasmania	92,034	85,043	177,077	51.97	48.03
Total Commonwealth	2,035,277	1,848,545	3,883,822	52.40	47.60
New Zealand	425,908	382,021	807,929	52.72	47.28
Total Australasia	2,461,185	2,230,566	4,691,751	52.46	47.54

* Figures subject to revision.

Thus the estimated population for the Commonwealth on 31st December, 1902, was 3,883,822, of whom 2,035,277 were males and 1,848,545 were females, or in the proportion of 52 and 48 respectively out of each 100. The males exceeded the first named ratio in Queensland, New South Wales, and Western Australia.

Although there is at present in Queensland a preponderance of males, due to the large influx of men in the past under State-aided immigration, yet now this has ceased, and the annual increment of population is dependent upon the excess of births over deaths, the proportion of females will increase. The following table shows how the ratios of the sexes have gradually changed almost entirely in the direction of equalisation of numbers during the past 22 years.

Ac.

	Males to each 100 Persons.	Females to each 100 Persons.	Females to each 100 Males.
1880	58.71	41.29	70.32
1885	58.91	41.09	69.75
1890	56.93	43.07	75.65
1895	56.27	43.73	77.71
1900	55.78	44.22	79.28
1902	55.45	44.55	80.34

It will be seen that during each period shown, with one very slight exception, the proportion of females has advanced. For the quinquennium 1880-5 there was, however, a small increase in the proportion of males; during that period there was a larger Government-aided immigration than in any other five years of the State's history, 88,614 persons being added to the population from excess of immigration over emigration. In 1880, there were 59 males and 41 females in each 100 of the population—that is to say, there were 70 females to each 100 males. Last year these proportions had changed to 55, 45, and 80 respectively.

As in the absence of new mineral discoveries the natural increase will probably, for some years at least, prove the chief factor in population additions, it will be of interest to see what are the prospects for the future in this respect, which can best be ascertained by reasoning from analogy on the experience of the past. An opportunity for this is afforded by the following table:—

Ad.

SHOWING EXCESS of BIRTHS over DEATHS and of IMMIGRATION over EMIGRATION by SEA and OVERLAND by RAILWAY.—
RETURN from 1862 to 1902.

Year.	Population on the 31st December.	EXCESS OF BIRTHS OVER DEATHS.				Centesimal proportion which the excess of Births over Deaths bears to the total Population increase.	Year.	EXCESS OF IMMIGRATION OVER EMIGRATION BY SEA AND OVERLAND BY RAILWAY.				Centesimal proportion which the excess of Immigration over Emigration bears to the total Population increase.	Total increase to Population to 31st December.	Centesimal ratio of total increase to Population of previous year.	Proportion of Females to each 100 Males in total increase.
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Centesimal ratio to Population of previous year.			Males.	Females.	Total.	Centesimal ratio to Population of previous year.				
1862 ...	45,077	387	518	905	2·63	8·45	1862	5,988	3,817	9,805	28·53	91·55	10,710	31·16	68·00
1863 ...	61,640	296	650	946	2·10	6·46	1863	8,534	5,155	13,689	30·37	93·54	*16,563	*36·74	65·74
1864 ...	74,036	575	865	1,440	2·34	11·61	1864	7,365	3,594	10,959	17·78	88·39	12,399	20·12	56·18
1865 ...	87,804	807	992	1,799	2·43	13·07	1865	6,993	4,976	11,969	16·17	86·93	13,768	18·60	76·51
1866 ...	96,201	692	1,073	1,765	2·01	21·02	1866	3,299	3,333	6,632	7·55	78·98	8,397	9·56	110·37
1867 ...	99,849	1,187	1,544	2,731	2·84	74·86	1867	1,342	— 425	917	0·95	25·14	3,648	3·79	44·24
1868 ...	107,427	1,102	1,559	2,661	2·67	33·30	1868	4,135	152	4,287	4·29	61·70	*7,578	*7·59	32·67
1869 ...	109,897	1,263	1,630	2,893	2·69	117·13	1869	...	...	†	...	†	2,470	2·30	...
1870 ...	115,567	1,495	1,765	3,260	2·97	57·50	1870	1,563	847	2,410	2·19	42·50	5,670	5·16	85·43
1871 ...	125,146	1,484	1,936	3,420	2·96	50·45	1871	2,230	1,129	3,359	2·91	49·55	*9,579	8·29	82·51
1872 ...	133,553	1,382	1,947	3,329	2·66	39·60	1872	3,614	1,464	5,078	4·06	60·40	8,407	6·72	68·27
1873 ...	146,690	1,574	1,896	3,470	2·60	26·41	1873	5,963	3,704	9,667	7·24	73·59	13,137	9·84	74·30
1874 ...	163,517	1,503	2,086	3,589	2·45	21·33	1874	9,203	4,035	13,238	9·02	78·67	16,827	11·47	57·17
1875 ...	181,288	761	1,841	2,602	1·59	14·64	1875	12,651	2,518	15,169	9·28	85·36	17,771	10·87	32·50
1876 ...	187,100	1,291	2,145	3,436	1·90	22·07	1876	9,720	2,416	12,136	6·69	77·93	*5,812	*3·21	22·60
1877 ...	203,084	1,546	2,250	3,796	2·03	23·75	1877	9,495	2,693	12,188	6·52	76·25	15,984	8·55	44·77
1878 ...	210,510	1,045	2,132	3,177	1·56	42·78	1878	1,639	2,610	4,249	2·09	57·22	7,426	3·65	176·68
1879 ...	217,851	1,902	2,761	4,663	2·22	63·52	1879	1,357	1,321	2,678	1·27	36·48	7,341	3·49	125·25
1880 ...	226,077	2,176	3,003	5,179	2·37	62·96	1880	1,173	1,874	3,047	1·40	37·04	8,226	3·77	145·63
1881 ...	226,968	2,087	2,813	4,900	2·17	41·13	1881	4,554	2,460	7,014	3·10	53·87	* 891	*0·39	...
1882 ...	248,255	1,597	2,647	4,244	1·87	19·94	1882	11,091	5,952	17,043	7·51	80·06	21,287	9·38	67·77
1883 ...	287,475	1,811	3,038	4,849	1·95	12·36	1883	22,587	11,784	34,371	13·85	87·64	39,220	15·80	60·75
1884 ...	309,913	706	3,112	3,818	1·33	17·02	1884	11,746	6,874	18,620	6·48	82·98	22,438	7·81	80·20
1885 ...	326,916	1,786	3,651	5,437	1·75	31·98	1885	7,222	4,344	11,566	3·73	68·02	17,003	5·48	88·75
1886 ...	342,614	2,813	4,194	7,007	2·14	34·69	1886	8,268	4,922	13,190	4·03	65·31	*15,698	*4·80	83·27
1887 ...	366,940	3,600	4,747	8,347	2·44	34·31	1887	9,907	6,072	15,979	4·66	65·69	24,326	*7·10	80·10
1888 ...	387,463	3,718	5,000	8,718	2·37	42·48	1888	7,267	4,538	11,805	3·22	57·52	20,523	5·59	86·83
1889 ...	406,658	3,519	4,750	8,269	2·13	43·08	1889	6,572	4,354	10,926	2·82	56·92	19,195	4·95	90·22
1890 ...	422,776	4,222	5,547	9,769	2·40	60·61	1890	4,097	2,252	6,349	1·56	39·39	16,118	3·96	93·75
1891 ...	410,330	4,162	5,383	9,545	2·26	85·87	1891	1,122	448	1,570	0·37	14·13	*†12,446	*†2·94	†9·48
1892 ...	421,297	4,383	5,254	9,637	2·35	87·87	1892	1,024	306	1,330	0·32	12·13	10,967	2·67	102·83
1893 ...	432,299	3,773	4,926	8,699	2·06	79·07	1893	2,055	248	2,303	0·55	20·93	11,002	2·61	88·78
1894 ...	445,155	3,840	4,839	8,679	2·01	67·51	1894	3,201	976	4,177	0·96	32·49	12,856	2·97	82·59
1895 ...	460,550	4,367	5,355	9,722	2·18	63·15	1895	3,959	1,714	5,673	1·27	36·85	15,395	3·45	84·90
1896 ...	472,179	3,512	4,860	8,372	1·82	71·99	1896	1,941	1,316	3,257	0·71	28·01	11,629	2·53	113·26
1897 ...	484,700	3,794	5,096	8,890	1·88	71·00	1897	2,965	666	3,631	0·77	29·00	12,521	2·65	85·25
1898 ...	498,523	3,312	4,378	7,690	1·59	55·63	1898	4,986	1,147	6,133	1·26	44·37	13,823	2·85	66·58
1899 ...	512,604	3,185	4,570	7,755	1·56	55·07	1899	4,657	1,669	6,326	1·27	44·93	14,081	2·82	79·56
1900 ...	498,249	3,921	5,133	9,054	1·77	90·82	1900	419	496	915	0·18	9·18	*†14,355	*†2·80	49·69
1901 ...	510,515	3,443	4,853	8,296	1·67	67·63	1901	†2,982	†988	†3,970	0·80	32·37	12,266	2·46	90·91
1902 ...	514,851	3,355	4,657	8,012	1·57	184·78	1902	‡—2,220	‡—1,456	‡—3,676	—0·72	—84·78	4,336	0·85	282·03

NOTE.—* Figures adjusted after actual population ascertained by census. † In this year there was an excess of departures of 423.
‡ Decrease. ‡ Includin allowance for unrecorded departures. — Excess of Departures.

Information respecting the actual and relative total increases to population is furnished in columns 14 and 15 of the table. The numerical increase has been smaller than in 1902 on three occasions since the foundation of Queensland, but only in one instance—namely, in 1881—has the proportionate increase been less. The increase by the excess of births over deaths was greater than in 1899 by just 0.01 per cent., but otherwise was the smallest ratio since 1884; but the excess of departures over arrivals, as already pointed out, absorbed a considerable proportion of the natural increase.

The results of each recurring census have for a number of years shown, not in Queensland alone, but in most, if not all, of the other States, that the intermediate population estimates were in excess. As it was impossible to assume that the birth and death registrations were not practically accurate, it was admitted that the error must be laid to the arrival and departure records, and, although not demonstrated as resting with the departures alone, it has become the practice to add to these certain percentages, for what are assumed to be unrecorded departures. This procedure has been adopted in this State for the last two years, but for previous periods the adjustment has been effected after each census only.

The excess of arrivals over departures since 1875, not as recorded from year to year, but arrived at by deducting the natural increase from the difference in the population numbers then, and as on the 31st December last, was 95,344 males, 48,259 females, and 143,603 persons, or centesimal proportions of the total increase respectively of 54.73 for males, 30.28 for females, and 43.05 for persons. The natural increase during the same period numbered 78,866 males, 111,094 females, and 189,960 persons, or centesimal ratios of the total increase of 45.27 for males, 69.72 for females, and 56.95 for persons. Thus, whilst of the total increase 57 persons in every 100 were contributed by the natural increase and 43 persons by the excess of immigration, amongst males the ratios were 45 and 55, and amongst females 70 and 30 each respectively.

Ae.

Increase by Excess of Arrivals over Departures.

Increase by Excess of Births over Deaths.

Year.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.
1876 to 1880 ...	23,384	10,914	34,298	7,960	12,291	20,251
1881 to 1885 ...	57,200	31,414	88,614	7,987	15,261	23,248
1886 to 1890 ...	36,111	22,138	58,249	17,872	24,238	42,110
1891 to 1895 ...	11,361	3,692	15,053	20,525	25,757	46,282
1896 to 1900 ...	14,968	5,294	20,262	17,724	24,037	41,761
1901 ...	*2,982	*988	*3,970	3,443	4,853	8,296
1902 ...	*2,220	*1,456	*3,676	3,355	4,657	8,012

— Excess of departures.

* Including allowance for unrecorded departures.

Arrivals and Departures.

In dealing with arrivals and departures in detail, it is manifestly impossible to consider any but those actually recorded, the percentage addition to departures only applying so far as these are employed, as a basis for making the population estimate.

The following table shows the recorded arrivals and departures for 1902, distinguishing between adults, children, and infants.

B.

	Adults.			Children, 1 to 12 years.			Infants.			Total.		
	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.
Arrivals, 1902 ...	22,393	8,677	31,070	1,343	1,499	2,842	81	89	170	23,817	10,265	34,082
Departures, 1902 ...	22,643	9,244	31,887	1,580	1,602	3,182	111	108	219	24,334	10,954	35,288
Excess of Arrivals or } — Departures	—250	—567	—817	—237	—103	—340	— 30	— 19	— 49	—517	—689	—1,206

From this it will be seen that 34,082 persons arrived in the State and 35,288 departed therefrom, and that under every heading of the table there was an excess of departures.

With the great facilities for travelling which now obtain everywhere, it will be readily understood that, with regard to passenger traffic, the records with respect to countries whence or whither persons are journeying cannot be very reliable. Of the 69,370 passengers who arrived in or departed from Queensland, 60,600, or 87 per cent. were returned as arriving from or departing for other portions of Australasia. These figures are probably approximately correct, as when persons are travelling further afield the records are to be fairly depended upon, but with regard to similar particulars respecting the individual State or colony of the group, the information is probably less accurate, since most passengers bound for other States ship for Sydney in the first instance. The details furnished by the returns on this head are shown in the following tables:—

Ba.

ARRIVALS by SEA and OVERLAND by RAILWAY into QUEENSLAND from the other AUSTRALIAN STATES and NEW ZEALAND, in each QUARTER of the Year 1902.

QUARTER.	WHENCE.	ARRIVALS.																																
		Brisbane.		Mary-borough.		Bunda-berg.		Glad-stone.		Rock-hampton.		Mackay.		Port Denison.		Townsville.		Cairns.		Port Douglas.		Cooktown.		Thursday Island.		Norman-ton.		Burke-town.		Wallangarra. (By Rail.)		TOTAL ARRIVALS.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Males.	Females.	Persons.		
1	New South Wales	1,801	868	6	1	3	...	147	71	15	9	10	2	142	79	52	11	2	...	32	10	10	4	3,349	1,749	5,569	2,804	8,373
	Victoria ...	241	168	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	85	45	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	328	213	541
	South Australia ...	6	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	4	...	...	...	...	...	17	6	23
	New Zealand ...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
	Total, 1st Quarter	2,048	1,039	6	1	3	...	147	71	15	9	10	2	230	124	52	11	4	...	32	10	18	8	3,349	1,749	5,914	3,024	8,938
2	New South Wales	1,602	895	13	6	85	100	11	13	6	5	183	99	100	47	19	13	18	11	3	3	2,881	1,126	4,921	2,318	7,239
	Victoria ...	284	180	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	72	49	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	358	230	588
	South Australia ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	7	...	...	...	...	...	21	9	30
	Western Australia	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
	Total, 2nd Quarter	1,889	1,075	13	6	85	100	11	13	6	5	255	150	100	47	2	1	19	13	38	18	3	3	2,881	1,126	5,302	2,557	7,859
3	New South Wales	1,306	618	8	10	82	55	5	2	7	3	96	61	106	42	25	13	21	11	2	2	2,560	1,059	4,218	1,876	6,094
	Victoria ...	194	121	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	33	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	252	155	407
	South Australia ...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	23	8	...	...	...	...	...	27	9	36
	Western Australia	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
	Total, 3rd Quarter	1,504	741	8	10	1	...	82	55	5	2	7	3	150	94	106	42	1	...	27	14	44	19	2	2	1	...	2,560	1,059	4,498	2,041	6,539
4	New South Wales	1,403	671	1	4	68	59	25	14	4	5	114	59	49	30	14	6	16	6	2,523	1,073	4,217	1,927	6,144
	Victoria ...	197	112	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	279	146	425
	South Australia ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	1	25
	Total, 4th Quarter	1,601	783	1	4	68	59	25	14	4	5	201	94	49	30	15	6	33	6	2,523	1,073	4,520	2,074	6,594
	Total for the Year	7,042	3,638	28	21	4	...	382	285	56	38	27	15	836	462	307	130	7	1	93	43	133	51	5	5	1	...	11,313	5,007	20,234	9,696	29,930

NOTE.—Arrivals from New Guinea and Fiji are not included in this Table.

Bb.

DEPARTURES by SEA and OVERLAND by RAILWAY from QUEENSLAND for the other AUSTRALIAN STATES and NEW ZEALAND, in each QUARTER of the Year 1902.

QUARTER.	WHITHER.	DEPARTURES.																																
		Brisbane.		Mary-borough.		Bunda-berg.		Glad-stone.		Rock-hampton.		Mackay.		Port Denison.		Townsville.		Cairns.		Port Douglas.		Cooktown.		Thursday Island.		Norman-ton.		Burke-town.		Wallangarra. (By Rail.)		TOTAL DEPARTURES.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Males.	Females.	Persons.		
1	New South Wales	1,781	943	23	22	191	120	13	5	9	5	144	113	92	34	13	2	12	9	7	4	8	...	2,964	1,606	5,257	2,863	8,120
	Victoria ...	219	157	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71	57	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	293	214	507
	South Australia ...	11	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	...	...	...	...	...	18	10	28
	Western Australia	35	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	13	48
	Tasmania ...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
	Total, 1st Quarter	2,046	1,122	24	22	191	120	13	5	9	5	215	171	94	34	13	2	19	10	7	4	8	...	2,964	1,606	5,603	3,101	8,704
2	New South Wales	1,476	749	17	11	131	68	10	10	5	3	104	66	45	21	10	4	9	2	3	6	2,128	1,032	3,938	1,972	5,910
	Victoria ...	190	104	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	66	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	257	136	393
	South Australia ...	13	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	...	...	1	...	...	...	21	6	27
	Western Australia	28	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	20	48
	New Zealand ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
	Total, 2nd Quarter	1,707	877	18	11	131	68	10	10	5	3	172	99	45	21	10	6	15	2	3	6	1	...	2,128	1,032	4,245	2,135	6,380
3	New South Wales	1,763	809	30	22	12	12	126	94	9	6	12	1	139	95	48	17	19	1	33	8	4	...	24	...	2,155	1,037	4,374	2,102	6,476
	Victoria ...	185	104	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	33	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	1	1	3	...	...	274	142	416
	South Australia ...	18	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	28	7	35
	Western Australia	32	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	18	50
	New Zealand ...	12	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	4	16
	Total, 3rd Quarter	2,010	940	30	22	13	12	126	94	9	6	12	1	219	128	48	17	23	5	41	10	5	1	29	...	2,155	1,037	4,720	2,273	6,993
4	New South Wales	2,306	1,058	36	30	169	181	34	24	23	12	119	118	77	25	23	8	9	3	14	11	2	...	2,316	1,213	5,128	2,683	7,811
	Victoria ...	288	201	3	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	112	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	7	...	...	406	293	699
	South Australia ...	13	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	12	40
	Western Australia	24	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	12	36
	New Zealand ...	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	7
	Total, 4th Quarter	2,635	1,286	39	34	1	169	181	34	24	26	13	231	197	77	25	24	8	21	3	14	11	4	7	2,316	1,213	5,590	3,003	8,593
	Total for the Year	8,398	4,225	111	89	13	13	617	463	66	45	52	22	837	595	264	97	70	21	96	25	29	22	42	7	9,563	4,888	20,158	10,512	30,670

SUMMARY TABLE showing ARRIVALS and DEPARTURES by SEA and OVERLAND by RAILWAY, MALES and FEMALES, between QUEENSLAND and the other AUSTRALIAN STATES and NEW ZEALAND, during the Year 1902.

	Males.	Females.	Persons.
Total Number of Arrivals	20,234	9,696	29,930
" " Departures	20,158	10,512	30,670
Excess of Arrivals	76	...	...
Excess of Departures	...	816	740

NOTE.—Departures for New Guinea and Fiji are not included in this Table.

It would appear that of the 60,600 passengers both ways between Queensland and the other States of Australasia, 56,167 persons, or 93 per cent., were recorded as with New South Wales, and 3,976, or 6.6 per cent., with Victoria, the traffic with the rest of Australasia being fractional only. Although no doubt the bulk of the traffic is with the States mentioned, it is probable that the figures returned do not fully show the numbers of persons arriving and departing for other portions of Australasia. It is difficult to believe, for instance, that only 4 persons arrived from Western Australia, and not even one from Tasmania during the year.

There was an excess of departures for all the States. The number returned as arriving and departing from each is shown in the following statement:—

Bc.

—	New South Wales.	Victoria.	South Australia.	Western Australia.	Tasmania.	New Zealand.
Arrivals	27,850	1,961	114	4	...	1
Departures	28,317	2,015	130	182	1	25
Excess of Arrivals ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ Departures ...	467	54	16	178	1	24

During the last 10 years, on only two occasions—1900 and 1902—has the passenger exchange been against Queensland. The experience for 1902 presents one peculiar feature in that the excess of departures was entirely amongst the females, 816 more of whom left the State than arrived in it; whilst there was an excess of male arrivals of 76. The following table shows the surplus migration with the rest of Australasia for each of the past 10 years:—

Bd.

Excess of Arrivals.				Excess of Arrivals.			
	Males.	Females.	Persons.		Males.	Females.	Persons.
1893 ...	1,819	393	2,212	1898 ...	3,318	967	4,285
1894 ...	1,949	1,055	3,004	1899 ...	4,055	1,328	5,383
1895 ...	3,587	1,702	5,289	1900 ...	—102	—557	—659
1896 ...	1,856	1,278	3,134	1901 ...	2,862	374	3,236
1897 ...	2,168	433	2,601	1902 ...	76	—816	—740

— Excess of Departures.

Of the passenger traffic with the other States, about three-fifths goes by sea and two-fifths overland by rail. The following statement shows the centesimal proportion of the traffic carried by rail for each of the last 10 years:—

Be.

1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.
35·81	30·29	24·55	35·54	40·59	36·85	38·28	48·30	53·87	50·78

For 1900-1902, the overland traffic averaged about 50 per cent. of the whole. During the two first named years the special festivities connected with the visit of His Royal Highness the Duke of York and the establishment of the Commonwealth, a period during which free passes by railway were liberally distributed, led to a large use of the railway, and the habit thus inaugurated has continued.

It is satisfactory to find that some of the excess of departures at least consisted of coloured aliens, as the loss of population of those of European blood becomes correspondingly reduced thereby, this section of the community having declined from this cause by 840 during the year. Full particulars respecting the arrivals and departures of each of the component races are furnished in the following table:—

C.

Race.	Arrivals.			Departures.			Excess.	
	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Arrivals.	Departures.
							Persons.	Persons.
Chinese	758	15	773	569	19	588	185	...
Pacific Islanders	1,095	45	1,140	1,741	85	1,826	...	686
Japanese	271	13	284	367	9	376	...	92
Natives of India and Ceylon (coloured) ...	26	...	26	142	...	142	...	116
Other Asiatic Races	142	13	155	267	19	286	...	131
Total	2,292	86	2,378	3,086	132	3,218	...	840

There was an excess of arrivals of Chinese amounting to 185. Of the other races, the excesses of departures were—Pacific Islanders, 686; Japanese, 92; natives of India and Ceylon, 116; other Asiatic races, 131.

Coloured Alien Population.

From the following table it will be seen that 94 per cent. of the population are of European blood, the remaining 6 per cent. comprising all coloured Asiatic races and civilised aborigines:—

Ca.

ESTIMATED NUMBER and PROPORTION of MALES, FEMALES, and PERSONS of COLOURED ALIEN RACE in the POPULATION of QUEENSLAND on the 31st December, 1902.

	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Percentage to Total Estimated Population.
Estimated Chinese Population	9,791	541	10,332	2·00
„ Pacific Islanders Population	8,296	639	8,935	1·73
„ Japanese Population	2,082	154	2,236	0·43
„ Population of Coloured Natives of India and Ceylon ...	1,148	14	1,162	0·23
„ Other Asiatic Population	1,525	254	1,779	0·35
„ Civilised Aboriginal Population (Census 1901)	3,862	2,808	6,670	1·30
„ Population of all other Nationalities	258,778	224,959	483,737	93·96
Total Estimated Population of the State ...	285,482	229,369	514,851	100·00

The coloured aliens comprise less than 5 per cent. of the population, of which 2 per cent. is contributed by Chinese, $1\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. by Pacific Islanders, and rather less than $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. by Japanese. On 31st December, 1902, the coloured alien population numbered 24,444 persons, of whom 1,602 were females.

The percentages to the total population of the principal coloured alien races last year, and at the census of 1891 and 1901, are shown in the following table:—

Cb.

	Census 1891.	Census 1901.	Estimated 31st December, 1902.
Chinese	2·18	1·85	2·00
Pacific Islanders	2·39	1·85	1·73
Other Asiatics	0·47	1·00	1·01
Aborigines (civilised)	*	1·32	1·30
European Extraction	94·96	93·98	93·96
	100·00	100·00	100·00

* Not enumerated.

It has to be borne in mind that aborigines were not enumerated in 1891, consequently the ratio of population of European extraction has not actually declined since that year.

Population, Financial Divisions.

Estimates of population within the three great financial divisions of the State have to be furnished from time to time; it is therefore found convenient to embody the computations in this Report. It is not feasible to compile estimates for portions only of the State by adding the excesses of births and immigration within such areas to the previously ascertained population, after the manner employed for the whole State, consequently the method adopted is to apportion *pro rata* the total increase since the last census enumeration on the basis of the population then enumerated within the area desired—males to males and females to females. The results of such a computation for 1902 are contained in the following table:—

D.

	Northern Division.	Central Division.	Southern Division.	Total State.
Population, Census 1901—				
Males	70,145	36,343	173,604	280,092
Females	40,812	27,576	154,786	223,174
Persons	110,957	63,919	328,390	503,266
Proportion, per cent., of the State—				
Males to total Males	25·04	12·98	61·98	100·00
Females to total Females	18·29	12·35	69·36	100·00
Estimated Population, 31st December, 1902—				
Males	71,485	37,055	176,942	285,482
Females	41,952	28,327	159,090	229,369
Total Persons	113,437	65,382	336,032	514,851

From this it will be seen that there were 336,032 persons, or 65·27 per cent., of the total population in the Southern; 113,437, or 22·03 per cent., in the Northern; and 65,382, or 12·70 per cent., in the Central Division; but the relative numbers of males and females showed considerable variations from these ratios, the proportion being, for males—South, 62; North, 25; Central, 13; and for females—South, 70; North, 18; Central, 12.

Population, Metropolitan Area.

The following table gives the population of Greater Brisbane (10-mile radius), computed on the basis of estimates furnished by the various component Local Authorities:—

Da.

Population of the City of Brisbane and Suburbs.

	Males.	Females.	Persons.
Brisbane Municipality	13,899	14,226	28,125
South Brisbane Municipality	13,546	14,454	28,000
Booroodabin Division	4,014	4,316	8,330
Shipping on River (Census, 1901)	753	92	845
Brisbane Registry District	32,212	33,088	65,300
Outside Registry District, but Within Ten-mile Radius	28,586	28,929	57,515
Greater Brisbane (Ten-mile Radius)	60,798	62,017	122,815

The population for the whole of the metropolitan area on 31st December, 1902, as estimated, was 122,815, or an increase of 3,387 since the census of 1901.

MARRIAGES.

There were fewer marriages registered during 1902 than during either of the two years immediately preceding, the numbers being 3,371 for 1900, 3,341 for 1901, and 3,243 for 1902, or a decrease in the latter year on the figures for 1901 of 98. Periods of financial depression are always reflected in the marriage records, and the heavy drop in the number celebrated between July and December—namely, from 1,735 registered in the first half of the year to 1,508, and of these 714 only were returned in the December quarter—marks the effects of the prolonged drought on the industries of the State, reduced earnings debarring unmarried producers from accepting increased domestic responsibilities.

The following table shows the number of marriages registered in each district in each quarter of the year 1902:—

E.

SHOWING the NUMBER of MARRIAGES REGISTERED in each REGISTRY DISTRICT, in each QUARTER of the Year 1902.

Registry District.	First Quarter.	Second Quarter.	Third Quarter.	Fourth Quarter.	Total Marriages.
Aramac	5	6	6	5	22
Balonne	1	2	2	6	11
Blackall	4	3	6	2	15
Bowen	4	6	3	3	16
Brisbane	171	233	193	179	776
Bundaberg	21	32	20	16	89
Burke	3	3	1	1	8
Burnett	10	7	6	7	30
Caboolture	13	9	14	12	48
Cairns	21	22	13	19	75
Cardwell	5	3	4	5	17
Charleville	4	2	7	4	17
Clermont	3	3	7	7	20
Cloncurry	1	...	...	...	1
Cook	6	6	3	8	23
Croydon	5	8	9	8	30
Cunnamulla	7	9	4	2	22
Dalby	7	3	2	7	19
Darling Downs Central	8	19	9	8	44
Darling Downs East	6	5	1	4	16
Darling Downs North	2	5	3	4	14
Darling Downs West	2	...	...	1	3
Diamantina	2	1	3	...	6
Drayton and Toowoomba	47	65	42	39	193
Enoggera	29	34	33	27	123
Etheridge ... ..	...	1	3	1	5
Fassifern	7	9	10	2	28
Gladstone	9	3	3	5	20
Gympie	24	20	20	28	92
Herberton	15	6	10	8	39
Highfields	1	10	4	1	16
Hughenden	7	2	3	3	15
Ipswich	38	34	31	27	130
Kennedy	54	47	47	42	190
Leichhardt ... ..	...	1	...	...	1
Logan	7	9	17	6	39
Mackay	20	12	19	13	64
Maranoa	12	12	8	8	40
Marathon	1	3	2	5	11
Maryborough	31	26	34	17	108
Moreton East	14	6	8	14	42
Moreton West	23	28	18	19	88
Mount Morgan	11	10	7	8	36
Nundah	13	12	13	11	49
Oxley	12	4	7	6	29

E.—continued.

SHOWING the NUMBER of MARRIAGES REGISTERED in each REGISTRY DISTRICT, in each QUARTER of the YEAR 1902—continued.

Registry District.					First Quarter.	Second Quarter.	Third Quarter.	Fourth Quarter.	Total Marriages.
Palmer	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	2
Peak Downs	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
Rockhampton	...	...	...	...	27	36	35	38	136
Somerset	...	...	...	...	7	2	3	5	17
Springsure	...	...	...	...	8	7	7	6	28
Stanley	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	2	6
Stanthorpe	...	...	...	...	5	6	3	1	15
St. Lawrence	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
Tambo	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
Taroom	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	3
Tiaro	...	...	...	...	3	3	1	4	11
Toowong	...	...	...	...	8	13	7	3	31
Townsville	...	...	...	...	45	53	39	38	175
Warrego	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	4
Warwick	...	...	...	...	16	18	20	6	60
Westwood	...	...	...	...	15	12	12	8	47
Wide Bay	...	...	...	...	6	6	4	4	20
Woothakata	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	3
TOTALS	...	...	...	...	833	902	794	714	3,243

Of the 63 registry districts, there were 8 in which the marriages for the year exceeded 100—namely, Brisbane, 776; Drayton and Toowoomba, 193; Kennedy, 190; Townsville, 175; Rockhampton, 136; Ipswich, 130; Enoggera, 123; and Maryborough, 108—an aggregate for the 8 districts of 1,831, or 56 per cent. of all marriages. Compared with 1901, these figures give increases—Drayton and Toowoomba, 53; Enoggera, 31; Kennedy, 9; and Ipswich, 5; and decreases—Rockhampton, 52; Townsville, 30; Brisbane, 8; and Maryborough, 4. Of all marriages registered, 1,033, or 32 per cent., were celebrated within the metropolitan area.

Marriage Rate.

In 1893 and 1894 the marriage rate fell to less than 6 per 1,000 of the mean population; in 1899 and 1900 it nearly reached to 7, but this advance has largely been dissipated, and last year the rate has declined to 6.3.

The marriage rate for each year since the establishment of registration in 1856 is shown in the following table:—

Ea.

Year.	Number of Marriages per 1,000 mean Population.	Year.	Number of Marriages per 1,000 mean Population.	Year.	Number of Marriages per 1,000 mean Population.
1857	8.2	1873	9.6	1889	7.9
1858	9.4	1874	8.6	1890	7.8
1859	9.3	1875	8.6	1891	7.1
1860	10.8	1876	7.6	1892	6.7
1861	10.2	1877	7.6	1893	5.9
1862	14.4	1878	7.0	1894	5.7
1863	14.5	1879	7.5	1895	6.2
1864	14.0	1880	7.0	1896	6.1
1865	13.3	1881	7.7	1897	6.0
1866	11.6	1882	8.6	1898	6.0
1867	9.5	1883	8.9	1899	6.8
1868	8.3	1884	8.9	1900	6.9
1869	8.3	1885	8.9	1901	6.6
1870	7.8	1886	8.3	1902	6.3
1871	8.1	1887	8.2		
1872	8.7	1888	8.7		

It is just 11 years since the rate exceeded 7 per 1,000, and in view of the fact that the population has hardly yet reached a normal condition with respect to the proportion of persons of either marriageable or marrying ages, it does not seem probable that this ratio will again be attained, although under a prolonged period of prosperity it possibly might be.

On comparison with the rates of the other States of the Commonwealth, and with New Zealand for the past few years, that for Queensland has been generally exceeded. This may be seen as follows:—

Eb.

	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.
Queensland	6.03	6.78	6.88	6.61	6.31
New South Wales	6.66	6.89	7.38	7.68	7.53
Victoria	6.50	7.01	6.97	6.99	7.02
South Australia	6.12	6.16	6.45	6.38	6.55
Western Australia	9.89	9.89	10.03	9.66	*9.75
Tasmania	6.19	6.37	7.71	7.71	7.47
New Zealand	6.91	7.28	7.67	7.83	8.01

* Subject to revision.

It is thus seen that in 1902 Queensland had a lower marriage rate than any State in Australasia. In Western Australia the high rate of 9.75 was attained, but this falls far short of that which obtained in Queensland at the same period after the establishment of responsible government.

Marriages by Denominations.

There is a table in the Appendix, No. VII., which contains full particulars as to the number of marriages celebrated by ministers of each denomination in each registry district of the State.

A summary of this for the past two years with respect to denominations is contained in the following statement:—

F.

COMPARATIVE TABLE showing NUMBER of MARRIAGES by Ministers of certain DENOMINATIONS and by REGISTRARS, &c., for the Years 1901 and 1902, and the NUMERICAL and CENTESIMAL INCREASE or DECREASE as to each.

Denomination.	Marriages in 1901.	Marriages in 1902.	Numerical Increase or - Decrease in 1902.	Centesimal Increase or -Decrease in 1902.
Church of England	921	883	-38	-4.13
Roman Catholic Church	678	645	-33	-4.87
Methodist	570	523	-47	-8.25
Presbyterian	439	445	6	1.37
Baptist	150	156	6	4.00
Lutheran	145	130	-15	-10.34
Congregational	104	122	18	17.31
Salvation Army	24	16	-8	-33.33
Other Christian Sects	75	93	18	24.00
Hebrew	2	...	-2	-100.00
By Registrars and Marrying Justices	233	230	-3	-1.29
TOTALS	3,341	3,243	-98	-2.93

Taking the 7 sects, by the ministers of which not less than 100 marriages were registered last year, it will be seen that three only recorded increases—namely, Presbyterian, 6 ; Baptist, 6 ; Congregational, 18. These figures give centesimal increases of 1.37, 4.00, and 17.31 respectively. The decreases were—Church of England, numerical 38, centesimal 4.13 ; Roman Catholic, 33 and 4.87 ; Methodist, 47 and 8.25 ; and Lutheran; 15 and 10.34.

Although when taken over considerable periods the relative number of marriages celebrated by each denomination does not show much variation, yet considerable departure from the average number are recorded from year to year.

The following table furnishes information as to the registration for 10 years by each denomination:—

Fa.

COMPARATIVE TABLE showing the NUMBER of MARRIAGES celebrated by Ministers of certain DENOMINATIONS Registered in the State, and by REGISTRARS, &c., for the last Ten Years.

Denomination.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	Total Ten Years.
Church of England	621	606	720	720	787	794	904	910	921	883	7,866
Roman Catholic Church	564	540	625	593	617	595	722	689	678	645	6,268
Methodist	410	415	516	494	473	486	570	536	570	523	4,993
Presbyterian	444	401	378	406	419	437	553	469	439	445	4,391
Baptist	84	108	117	130	146	143	151	154	150	156	1,339
Lutheran	112	122	126	110	126	137	148	144	145	130	1,300
Congregational	83	70	91	112	87	79	122	139	104	122	1,009
Salvation Army	26	18	19	18	24	25	24	28	24	16	222
Other Christian Sects.	13	26	14	20	15	30	46	59	75	93	391
Hebrew	4	1	...	...	1	1	2	5	2	...	16
By Registrars and Marrying Justices	163	195	215	220	199	245	207	238	233	230	2,145
TOTALS	2,524	2,502	2,821	2,823	2,894	2,972	3,449	3,371	3,341	3,243	29,940

Thus the Anglican, the Roman Catholic, and the Methodist Churches, as already pointed out, celebrated fewer marriages in 1902 than in 1901, but yet the numbers considerably exceeded the averages of the previous decade.

There are evidently a considerable number of persons who, returning themselves on the census schedules as of the Anglican and Roman Catholic communions, are yet married by ministers of other churches. This will be seen from the following table, which compares the census returns and the marriage records in this respect:—

Fb.

Proportion per cent. each Denomination to total—
Population, Census, 1901. Marriages, 1902.

Church of England	36.76	27.23
Roman Catholic Church	23.98	19.87
Methodist Church	9.25	16.13
Presbyterian Church	11.45	13.72
Lutheran Church	5.07	4.01
Baptist Church	2.43	4.81
Congregational Church	1.94	3.76

Thus, whilst members of the Church of England and of the Roman Catholic Church comprised 37 and 24 per cent. of the population, only 27 and 20 per cent. of all marriages were celebrated by ministers of these Churches respectively.

Birthplaces of Persons Married.

Twenty-seven years ago only 7 per cent. of all persons married were born in Queensland; last year the proportion was 53 per cent. The gradual increase from the former to the latter ratio may be seen from the following statement:—

G.					
1875.	1880.	1885.	1890.	1900.	1902.
7·20	13·77	19·63	25·98	49·38	53·02

Full information as to the birthplaces of bridegrooms and brides for 1902 will be found in table No. VIII. in the Appendix. From this it will be seen that 1,503 husbands and 1,936 wives were natives of Queensland; 2,168 of these intermarried, besides which 173 of the husbands married women natives of England, and 325 of the wives married Englishmen. Natives of the United Kingdom numbered 1,021 husbands and 823 wives. Included amongst the wives were 14 aboriginal women, 1 of whom was married to a native of Europe, 2 to coloured natives of India, 3 to Chinamen, 7 to Pacific Islanders, and 1 to a native of Brazil.

Ages and Conjugal Condition of Husbands and Wives.

From Table IX. in the Appendix can be obtained full information as to the ages of all persons married during 1902, and a study of some of the figures will not be without interest as affording food for reflection.

One of the first facts learnt is that no less than 85 of the husbands were under 21 years of age, and one of them had not attained the age of 16 years when taking upon himself these responsibilities. On the other side, there were 2 brides of less than 15 years of age, 11 not 16, and 39 not 17, at the time of their marriage.

Fortunately these very young parties to marriage do not, as a rule, intermarry; there is, therefore, room for hope that the more mature party to the union may bring that discretion to the partnership that is so much needed, and yet could hardly be looked for in the very young. There were, however, exceptions to this rule, and 2 marriages were recorded in which boys of 18 were married to girls of 15 and 16 respectively. There were 4 men who married after passing the allotted span of threescore years and ten, one of them being 83 years of age. The cases of greatest disparity were, in which the bridegrooms were the elder, men of 62, 65, and 69, married to young women of 21, 21, and 19 respectively. Where the bride was the senior, young men of 25 and 31 were married to women of 45 and 55 years of age.

A summary of the Appendix table above mentioned is given in the following statement:—

H.

HUSBANDS.

Ages of Husbands.	No. of Husbands at each Age Group.	MARRIED TO WIVES.										
		YOUNGER THAN THEMSELVES.					Same Age as themselves.	OLDER THAN THEMSELVES.				
		By 5 and more years.	By 4 years.	By 3 years.	By 2 years.	By 1 year.		By 1 year.	By 2 years.	By 3 years.	By 4 years.	By 5 and more years.
Under 21 years	85	...	1	9	14	18	11	8	7	3	8	6
21 to 25 years	1,129	200	98	149	146	153	121	105	50	32	30	45
26 to 30 „	1,048	535	102	76	83	63	55	38	27	17	18	34
31 to 35 „	504	339	33	24	21	20	15	17	11	9	7	8
36 to 40 „	245	179	4	7	9	7	10	7	5	3	2	12
41 to 45 „	99	78	2	5	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	4
46 to 50 „	48	36	2	1	2	...	1	2	...	2	1	1
Upwards of 50 years	85	71	2	2	3	2	...	1	...	1	2	1
TOTALS	3,243	1,438	244	273	279	265	214	179	101	69	70	111

WIVES.

Age of Wives.	No. of Wives at each Age Group.	MARRIED TO HUSBANDS.										
		YOUNGER THAN THEMSELVES.					Same Age as them-selves.	OLDER THAN THEMSELVES.				
		By 5 and more years.	By 4 years.	By 3 years.	By 2 years.	By 1 year.		By 1 year.	By 2 years.	By 3 years.	By 4 years.	By 5 and more years.
Under 21 years	811	...	1	...	1	1	11	33	67	84	68	545
21 to 25 years	1,392	3	12	18	38	96	121	160	142	124	118	560
26 to 30 "	618	32	32	28	38	49	55	46	42	44	46	206
31 to 35 "	220	36	13	10	15	18	15	18	18	10	6	61
36 to 40 "	93	14	6	7	6	10	10	4	5	5	2	24
41 to 45 "	44	14	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	4	2	15
46 to 50 "	32	6	3	4	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	11
Upwards of 50 years	33	6	2	1	...	2	...	1	3	1	1	16
TOTALS	3,243	111	70	69	101	179	214	265	279	273	244	1,438

Of the 3,243 men married, 530, or 16 per cent., married wives older than themselves, and of these 111 exceeded their husbands in age by 5 years and upwards.

The mean age at marriage (first marriages) during 1902 was 27.98 for bachelors, and 23.48 for spinsters; if remarriages are taken into the count it was 29.05 for men and 24.57 for women.

The following table gives full particulars on this point, and also as to the number of each conjugal condition who were married:—

Ha.

Amongst Marriages of.	1902.			
	Numbers Married.	Proportion Per Cent. to Total Marriages.	THE MEAN AGES AT MARRIAGE WERE.	
			Husbands.	Wives.
Bachelors to Spinsters	2,857	88·10	27·56	23·24
Bachelors to Widows	168	5·18	34·81	35·18
Bachelors to Divorced Women	6	0·18	37·17	33·83
Widowers to Spinsters	131	4·04	41·14	28·80
Widowers to Widows	73	2·26	50·36	43·18
Widowers to Divorced Women	3	0·09	47·00	40·00
Divorced Men to Spinsters	4	0·12	35·75	25·75
Divorced Men to Widows	1	0·03	46·00	32·00
Divorced Men to Divorced Women ... ..	...	...	...	...
Of all Persons Married—Bachelors	3,031	93·46	27·98	...
Widowers	207	6·38	44·47	...
Divorced Men	5	0·16	37·80	...
Spinsters	2,992	92·26	...	23·48
Widows	242	7·46	...	37·58
Divorced Women	9	0·28	...	35·89
TOTAL PERSONS MARRIED	6,486	200·00	29·05	24·57

Of the 6,486 persons married, 3,031 were bachelors, 207 widowers, 5 divorced men, 2,992 spinsters, 242 widows, and 9 divorced women.

The bachelors and spinsters were in the centesimal ratios of 93·46 and 92·26 to the total number of men and women married respectively.

The mean ages at marriage of all husbands and wives and of bachelors and spinsters for a series of years are given in the following table:—

Hb.

	All Husbands.	Bachelors.	All Wives.	Spinsters.
1893	28·38	...	23·61	...
1894	28·57	...	23·91	...
1895	28·70	...	23·81	...
1896	28·72	27·66	24·18	23·08
1897	28·83	27·57	24·08	22·95
1898	29·11	28·01	24·33	23·46
1899	28·73	27·69	24·14	23·24
1900	29·15	28·00	24·36	23·36
1901	29·31	28·28	24·57	23·47
1902	29·05	27·98	24·57	23·48

It will be seen that the average age of both classes of husbands and wives vary but little from year to year.

The following table contrasts the number of remarriages of divorced persons, with the number of dissolutions granted, the information covering a period of 10 years:—

Hc.

	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.
Dissolutions	5	6	4	3	6	7	10	12	14	6
Marriage of Divorcees	7	3	7	8	3	7	13	15	21	14

Since 1892 there have been 73 dissolutions of marriage granted—i.e., 146 persons have been divorced—whilst during the same period 98 divorced persons have remarried. Accepting the not unreasonable assumption that the marriages of persons divorced elsewhere were practically counterbalanced by the remarriage of Queensland divorcees in other countries, it may be taken that in Queensland about 67 per cent. of all persons divorced remarry.

Fecundity of Marriage.

On the basis of the relation of the legitimate births to the marriages of the previous year, the children would appear to average about 4 to each family. This is below the number that formerly obtained, as will be seen from the following table:—

I.

1893	4·93	1898	4·52
1894	5·29	1899	4·40
1895	5·65	1900	4·02
1896	4·71	1901	3·99
1897	4·76	1902	4·00

The average number of children to a family in the rest of Australasia, on the marriages of 1900 and legitimate births of 1901, the most recent figures available were—New South Wales, 3·52; Victoria, 3·52; South Australia, 3·78; Western Australia, 3·09; Tasmania, 3·48; and New Zealand, 3·34; so that Queensland compares favourably with them all.

Degree of Illiteracy.

Elementary education is now so universal that the marriage register fails to afford any index as to the culture of the people. As evidence of what progress has been made in primary instruction, the usual table on the subject is appended:—

Ia.

Number of Persons in each Year who signed Marriage Certificate with a Mark.					Proportion to each 100.					
					Marriages.			Persons Married.		
					Males.	Females.	Persons.			
Year.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Persons.					
1875	...	135	...	267	...	9.08	...	17.96	...	13.52
1880	...	90	...	187	...	5.82	...	12.09	...	8.95
1885	...	107	...	209	...	3.76	...	7.35	...	5.56
1890	...	94	...	115	...	2.94	...	3.60	...	3.27
1895	...	82	...	76	...	2.90	...	2.69	...	2.80
1900	...	58	...	88	...	1.72	...	2.61	...	2.17
1902	...	50	...	75	...	1.54	...	2.31	...	1.93

Of all persons married, 125, or less than 2 per cent., were unable to sign their marriage certificates; and of these 35 were either coloured aliens or aborigines, thus reducing the 125 to 90 persons of European descent.

BIRTHS.

Although the births registered last year were fewer than in 1900 and 1901, yet they considerably exceeded the records for 1898 and 1899. The numbers registered, together with the increase, both numerical and proportional, for each of the past 10 years, are shown in the following table :—

J.

Increase or —Decrease on Previous Year.				Increase or —Decrease on Previous Year.			
Year.	Births.	Numerical.	Centesimal.	Year.	Births.	Numerical.	Centesimal.
1893	...	14,394	...—509	...	13,933	...—380	...—2·65
1894	...	13,977	...—417	...	13,899	...—34	...—0·24
1895	...	14,874	... 897	...	14,801	... 902	... 6·49
1896	...	14,017	...—857	...	14,303	...—498	...—3·36
1897	...	14,313	... 296	...	14,216	...—87	...—0·61

The most important increases of the decade took place in 1895 and in 1900, when the ratios exceeded 6 per cent.

Of the 14,216 births recorded during 1902, 7,279 were males and 6,937 were females. The number of births registered in each district will be found at Table No. VI., in the Appendix, of which the following is a summary for the past two years:—

Ja.

BIRTHS, 1901 AND 1902.

Registry District.	1901.			1902.			Total Increase or Decrease in the latter Year.	Females born to every 100 Males born in 1901.	Females born to every 100 Males born in 1902.
	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.			
Aramac	66	77	143	77	87	164	21	116·67	112·99
Blackall	68	60	128	59	68	127	—1	88·24	115·25
Brisbane	1,015	897	1,912	978	933	1,911	—1	88·37	95·40
Bundaberg	246	205	451	234	214	448	—3	83·33	91·45
Burnett	101	87	188	92	103	195	7	86·14	111·96
Caboolture	99	112	211	105	105	210	—1	113·13	100·00
Cairns	118	112	230	123	122	245	15	94·92	99·19
Clermont	88	78	166	63	56	119	—47	88·64	88·89
Croydon	50	52	102	84	81	165	63	104·00	96·43
Darling Downs Central	152	148	300	173	152	325	25	97·37	87·86
Darling Downs East	92	96	188	121	105	226	38	104·35	86·78
Darling Downs North	87	86	173	94	86	180	7	98·85	91·49
Drayton and Toowoomba	297	292	589	286	305	591	2	98·32	106·64
Enoggera	340	300	640	370	297	667	27	88·24	80·27
Fassifern	117	139	256	134	126	260	4	118·80	94·03
Gladstone	62	64	126	85	76	161	35	103·23	89·41
Gympie	275	285	560	254	251	505	—55	103·64	98·82
Herberton	43	50	93	87	59	146	53	116·28	67·81
Highfields	56	62	118	60	61	121	3	110·71	101·67
Ipswich	224	196	420	209	209	418	—2	87·50	100·00
Kennedy	437	413	850	437	372	809	—41	94·51	85·13
Logan	139	158	297	126	145	271	—26	113·67	115·08
Mackay	125	145	270	149	140	289	19	116·00	93·96
Maranoa	111	124	235	116	99	215	—20	111·71	85·34
Maryborough	203	214	417	207	212	419	2	105·42	102·42
Moreton East	132	120	252	137	118	255	3	90·91	86·13
Moreton West	330	312	642	354	350	704	62	94·55	98·87
Mount Morgan	143	144	287	179	179	358	71	100·70	100·00
Nundah	189	201	390	168	178	346	—44	106·35	105·95
Oxley	117	101	218	130	117	247	29	86·32	90·00
Rockhampton	336	282	618	286	290	576	—42	83·93	101·40
Toowong	98	128	226	106	83	189	—37	130·61	78·30
Townsville	279	268	547	271	266	537	—10	96·06	98·16
Warwick	69	84	153	83	85	168	15	121·74	102·41
Westwood	155	130	285	97	101	198	—87	83·87	104·12
Wide Bay	82	104	186	92	85	177	—9	126·83	92·39
All other	740	696	1,436	653	621	1,274	—162	94·95	95·10
TOTALS	7,281	7,022	14,303	7,279	6,937	14,216	—87	96·44	95·30

Of the 36 districts in which 100 births and upwards were registered last year, 20 showed increases aggregating to 501, whilst the total decrease of the other 16 districts amounted to 426, leaving a net increase on the 36 districts of 75, which, deducted from the net decrease in the districts having less than 100 births, leaves a decrease in the total number of births for the year of 87, as compared with the previous year.

In 1901 there were 96.44 females born to each 100 males; last year the ratio was 95.30. In 14 of the 36 districts above referred to, the females exceeded the male births, but in 6 of these the births numbered less than 200. In 2 of them, however—Rockhampton and Drayton and Toowoomba—they exceeded 500. In 2 populous districts—Mount Morgan and Nundah—in 1901, and again in 1902, the female births equalled and exceeded the males. The proportions of females to male births for Queensland for 10 years have been as follow:—

Jb.							
Females born to every 100 males born.				Females born to every 100 males born.			
1893	...	...	95.68	1898	...	...	96.71
1894	...	...	93.94	1899	...	...	94.99
1895	...	...	95.61	1900	...	...	94.78
1896	...	...	97.81	1901	...	...	96.44
1897	...	...	96.69	1902	...	...	95.30

In 1896, females were at a discount of 2.19 only, whilst in 1894 the males exceeded the females by 6.06 per cent.

Birth Rate.

The following table compares the birth rate at intervals of 5 years since 1860:—

K.								
1860	...	47.9	1880	...	36.9	1900	...	30.2
1865	...	43.6	1885	...	36.7	1901	...	28.3
1870	...	43.5	1890	...	37.2	1902	...	27.7
1875	...	37.5	1895	...	32.8			

During the 43 years 1860-1902 the birth rate declined fully 20 per cent.—namely, from 47.9 to 27.7. The latter, with one exception, is the lowest on record; in 1899 the birth rate was 27.3. This ratio is, of course, as in the past, adversely affected by the fact that coloured aliens do not contribute to the births of the State at all in proportion to their population numbers, by reason of their being principally unmarried men. The births of each of the component races of this section of the community for 1902 were as follow:—

Ka.							
				Males.		Females.	Persons.
Chinese	...	...	...	25	...	14	39
Pacific Islanders	...	...	...	17	...	18	35
Japanese	...	...	...	1	...	1	2
Natives of India and Ceylon	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
Other Asiatics	...	...	...	19	...	14	33
Totals	...	...	...	63	...	47	110

If coloured aliens are excluded from both sides of the calculation, the birth rate for the rest of the community is raised by $1\frac{1}{2}$ per 1,000. The following table gives the experience of the last 10 years in this respect:—

Kb.							
Year.				Birth Rate Proper.			
				Birth Rate on the basis of excluding Coloured Aliens and Aborigines from the calculation.			
1893	...	...	...	33.73	...	...	35.06
1894	...	...	...	31.86	...	...	33.11
1895	...	...	...	32.85	...	...	34.13
1896	...	...	...	30.06	...	...	31.23
1897	...	...	...	29.92	...	...	31.12
1898	...	...	...	28.28	...	...	29.46
1899	...	...	...	27.31	...	...	28.60
1900	...	...	...	30.19	...	...	31.60
1901	...	...	...	28.28	...	...	29.93
1902	...	...	...	27.68	...	...	29.28

Thus, whilst the birth rate proper was 27.68, with coloured aliens and aborigines excluded from the calculation—i.e., amongst persons of European blood, it was 29.28.

The following table affords a comparison of the birth rates of each State of the Commonwealth and of New Zealand for each of the past 5 years:—

Kc.							Average
		Birth Rate,	Birth Rate,	Birth Rate,	Birth Rate,	Birth Rate,	of the rates for the
		1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	quinquennial period.
Queensland	...	28.28	27.31	30.19	28.28	27.68	28.35
New South Wales	...	27.13	27.10	27.43	27.60	27.17	27.29
Victoria	...	25.66	26.71	25.86	25.78	25.23	25.85
South Australia	..	24.71	25.51	25.58	25.16	24.60	25.11
Western Australia	...	29.35	30.64	30.73	30.32	*30.09	*30.23
Tasmania	...	26.25	25.98	28.15	28.40	28.95	27.55
New Zealand	...	25.74	25.11	25.60	26.34	25.89	25.74

* Subject to revision.

It will be seen that Queensland's rate is above the average for the whole group—indeed, it was only exceeded in two of the States of the group during 1902—namely, Western Australia and Tasmania—where ratios of 30.09 and 28.95 were recorded; and for the quinquennial period covered by the table, the first named State alone had a higher birth rate, that for Tasmania being 0.80 below Queensland experience.

Illegitimate Births.

There were 859 illegitimate births registered in 1902, of which 430 were males and 429 females; this was 11 more than in the preceding year, but 89 less than in 1900, when 948 were registered, the greatest number ever recorded. The numbers of each sex registered in each quarter of the year were as follow:—

				L.		Males.		Females.		Persons.	
First quarter	105	...	96	...	201	...
Second "	78	...	101	...	179	...
Third "	135	...	125	...	260	...
Fourth "	112	...	107	...	219	...
Total				430	...	429	...	859	...

The least and the greatest number were returned in the second and third quarters respectively—namely, 179 in the former and 260 in the latter.

The proportion of the illegitimate to the total births has distinctly increased in recent years, as will be seen from the following table, which supplies figures for the last 10 years:—

			La.					
1893	...	4.91	1897	...	6.02	1900	...	6.40
1894	..	4.52	1898	...	6.04	1901	...	5.93
1895	...	4.93	1899	...	5.97	1902	...	6.04
1896	...	5.22						

During the first three years of the decade the ratio of bastards was below 5 per cent. each year, whilst from 1,896 to 1902 it was never below that rate, and on 4 occasions has exceeded 6 per cent.

The proportion of illegitimate births in Queensland does not compare favourably with that of most of the other States of Australasia, and is considerably above those for Western Australia, South Australia, and New Zealand. This will be seen from the following table:—

				Lb.					
				Per Cent. to Total Births.				Per Cent. to Total Births.	
Queensland	...	...	...	6.04		Western Australia	...	*3.88	
New South Wales	...	...	...	6.59		Tasmania	...	6.12	
Victoria	...	...	...	5.51		New Zealand	...	4.46	
South Australia...	...	...	...	4.37					

* 1901 figures.

Only in New South Wales and Tasmania was the Queensland rate of illegitimacy exceeded; in the former the ratio was 6.59, and in the latter 6.12.

For obvious reasons the rate of illegitimacy is generally higher even amongst the permanent residents in populous centres than in rural districts, but in such localities the numbers are largely added to by the migration of expectant mothers from more sparsely populated places, endeavouring in this manner to hide their shame from friends and neighbours.

The following table compares for 5 years the centesimal proportion of illegitimate births in districts comprising some of the large towns of the State:—

						1902.		
Registry Districts.		Proportion of Illegitimate Births to Total Births.				Total Births	Total Illegitimate Births.	Proportion of Illegitimate Births to Total Births.
		1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.			
Brisbane	...	13.57	12.79	16.08	13.96	1,911	270	14.13
Charters Towers (Kennedy)	...	6.19	6.17	5.77	5.29	809	47	5.81
Enoggera	...	4.73	3.22	4.17	3.59	667	22	3.30
Gympie	...	2.70	4.74	5.18	3.57	505	16	3.17
Ipswich	...	3.82	3.61	3.40	3.33	418	11	2.63
Maryborough	...	5.53	5.71	6.73	3.84	419	13	3.10
Rockhampton	...	7.64	9.45	8.32	9.71	576	48	8.33
Toowoomba (Drayton and Toowoomba)	...	5.07	4.91	3.69	3.06	591	24	4.06
Townsville	...	5.24	6.17	5.42	5.85	537	32	5.96

The above rule would appear only to apply when the centre of population is one of considerable importance. Thus the ratios in Brisbane and Rockhampton of 14.13 and 8.33 are explained, whilst towns of some importance, but still of much smaller population, had proportions much below the rate for the whole State—as, for instance, Ipswich 2.63, Maryborough 3.10, and Gympie 3.17.

Twins and Triplets.

There were 133 multiple confinements registered in 1902, resulting in 268 births—262 cases of twins and 2 cases of triplets. Of the latter, one occurred in Brisbane, in the third quarter, and the other in Warwick, in the fourth quarter of the year. They were both alike represented by a boy and two girls. Particulars as to twin births registered in each quarter of the year were as follow :—

Ld.						Males.	Females.
First Quarter	...	...	...	...	...	39	35
Second Quarter	...	...	...	...	...	32	28
Third Quarter	...	...	...	...	...	28	26
Fourth Quarter	...	...	...	...	...	41	33
						140	122

Thus, of 262 twins 140 were males and 122 were females. The smallest number registered in any quarter was 54, in the third. There were just 20 more than this number recorded in both the first and fourth quarters.

DEATHS.

The mortality rate of Australasia is eminently a low one, and Queensland shares at least equally with the other States in this. There were 6,204 deaths, 3,924 males and 2,280 females, registered during 1902; this was 197 more than in 1901. This is in excess of the number of deaths for any year since 1898. The number of deaths registered and the death rates for each of the past 10 years are shown in the following table :—

M.

YEAR.	POPULATION.			DEATHS.					
	Estimated Mean Population.			Total Number.			Proportion of Total Deaths per 1,000 of Mean Population.		
	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.
1893
1894
1895
1896
1897
1898
1899
1900
1901
1902

It will be noted that the mean populations of 1900 and 1901 were below that for 1899. This is due to the adjustment of the population numbers, when the estimates of the previous years were conclusively proved by the census of 1901 to have been inflated.

Death Rate.

The three last columns of the foregoing table contain this information for males, females, and persons respectively. On comparing the figures in the male and female columns with each other, the cause for the greater longevity of females is at once apparent, for whilst with respect to males the mean of the 10 annual ratios was 13.61, the like mean ratio for females was only 10.10, a difference in favour of the females for the 10 years of 3.51 deaths in each 1,000 of the mean population. In 1902 the death rate for males—namely, 13.74—was 0.13 above the mean of the annual ratios of the decade, and the female rate—namely, 10.00—was 0.10 below the mean of the female rates.

In considering the deaths and the death rates for Queensland, it is necessary to bear in mind the extent to which these are affected by the coloured alien population, which contributes to the mortality out of all proportion to its numerical strength. This will be seen by reference to the following table :—

Ma.

					Estimated Mean Population.	Number of Deaths.	Death Rate.
Chinese	...	...	...	...	10,323	107	10.37
Pacific Islanders	...	...	...	...	9,550	365	38.22
Japanese	...	...	...	...	2,369	28	11.82
Coloured Natives of India and Ceylon	...	...	...	...	1,230	34	27.64
Other Asiatic Races	...	...	...	...	1,782	22	12.35
Total Coloured Aliens					25,254	556	22.02
Civilised Aborigines (Census 1901)					6,670	*	...
All Persons, exclusive of Chinese, Pacific Islanders, other Asiatic Races, and Aborigines					481,688	5,648	11.73
All Persons					513,612	6,204	12.08

* No record.

Of the races composing the coloured alien population, the Chinese showed the most favourable records with respect to mortality, having a rate below that for the whole population—namely, 10.37 per 1,000 of the mean population. But this must not be accepted as evidence of a low mortality obtaining amongst this section of the population, as the Chinese in Queensland consist chiefly of male adults, young or in the prime of life, and participate but little in the child mortality of the State. There were 365 deaths of Pacific Islanders out of a mean population of 9,550, a mortality ratio of 38.22 per 1,000—a proportion three times greater than the general death rate. Eliminating coloured aliens from the calculation, the death rate for 1902 amongst persons of European extraction was 11.73.

The death rate of Queensland is perhaps, speaking generally, fractionally less favourable than that of most of the other States, the possession of a relatively larger pioneer population being perhaps a contributing cause. The following table affords the opportunity for a comparison on this point for the past five years:—

							Average of the rate for the Quinquen- nial Period.
Mb.							
		Rate in 1898.	Rate in 1899.	Rate in 1900.	Rate in 1901.	Rate in 1902.	
Queensland	...	12.67	12.07	11.72	11.88	12.08	12.08
New South Wales	...	12.48	11.82	11.16	11.68	11.95	11.82
Victoria	...	15.87	14.28	12.77	13.22	13.40	13.91
South Australia	...	13.04	12.12	10.69	11.22	11.86	11.79
Western Australia	...	16.05	13.76	12.62	13.36	*13.72	*13.90
Tasmania	...	13.52	12.25	11.01	10.45	10.90	11.63
New Zealand	...	9.84	10.24	9.43	9.81	10.50	9.96

* Subject to revision.

Queensland, with a death rate of 12.08 per 1,000, was more favourably placed than Victoria and Western Australia with ratios of 13.40 and 13.72 respectively; but in a worse position than the rest of the States, who had death rates for 1902 as follow:—New South Wales, 11.95; South Australia, 11.86; Tasmania, 10.90; and New Zealand, 10.50.

Comparative Analysis—Marriages, Births, and Deaths.

Although this section of the Report relates especially to deaths, yet these are so correlated to births and marriages that a comparison of the points in which they are connected is not out of place. This may be obtained from the following table:—

Mc.														
MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, and DEATHS.—RETURN for TEN YEARS—1893-1902.														
Year.	Persons Married.	Births.			Deaths.			Rate per 1,000 of Mean Population.			Excess of Births over Deaths.	Number of Births to each 100 Deaths.	Males to every 100 Females.	
		Males.	Females	Persons.	Males.	Females	Persons.	Persons Married.	Births.	Deaths.			Born.	Died.
1893	5,048	7,356	7,038	14,394	3,583	2,112	5,695	11.83	33.73	13.34	8,699	252.75	104.52	169.65
1894	5,004	7,207	6,770	13,977	3,367	1,931	5,298	11.41	31.86	12.08	8,679	263.82	106.45	174.37
1895	5,642	7,604	7,270	14,874	3,237	1,915	5,152	12.46	32.85	11.38	9,722	288.70	104.59	169.03
1896	5,646	7,086	6,931	14,017	3,574	2,071	5,645	12.10	30.06	12.10	8,372	248.31	102.24	172.57
1897	5,788	7,277	7,036	14,313	3,483	1,940	5,423	12.10	29.92	11.33	8,890	263.93	103.43	179.54
1898	5,944	7,083	6,850	13,933	3,771	2,472	6,243	12.07	28.28	12.67	7,690	223.18	103.40	152.55
1899	6,898	7,128	6,771	13,899	3,943	2,201	6,144	13.56	27.31	12.07	7,755	226.22	105.27	179.15
1900	6,742	7,599	7,202	14,801	3,678	2,069	5,747	13.75	30.19	11.72	9,054	257.54	105.51	177.76
1901	6,682	7,231	7,022	14,303	3,838	2,169	6,007	13.21	28.28	11.88	8,296	238.11	103.69	176.95
1902	6,486	7,279	6,937	14,216	3,924	2,289	6,204	12.63	27.68	12.08	8,012	229.14	104.93	172.11
Total for 10 Years	59,880	72,900	69,827	142,727	36,398	21,160	57,558	12.54	29.89	12.06	85,169	247.97	104.40	172.01

During the 10 years ended 31st December, 1902, 59,880 persons were married, 142,727 children were born, and 57,558 persons have died. These figures give rates on the mean population for the same period of—Persons married, 12.54; births, 29.89; and deaths, 12.06. The excess of births over deaths for the decade was 85,169, and the number of births to each 100 deaths was 247.97. There were 104.40 males born to each 100 females, whilst amongst deaths the ratio was 172.01, these two last proportions illustrating why females predominate so largely in the natural increase.

Deaths by Districts and Quarters.

Full details on this head will be found at Table No. XI. in the Appendix, a brief summary of which is subjoined:—

N.					Males.	Females.	Persons.
First Quarter	...	...	...	...	920	525	1,445
Second Quarter	...	...	...	...	911	509	1,420
Third Quarter	...	...	...	...	946	550	1,496
Fourth Quarter	...	...	...	...	1,147	696	1,843
Totals	...	...	...	...	3,924	2,280	6,204

It will be at once seen that there was a large increase in the number of death registrations in the last quarter, whilst the mortality in each of the first three quarters varied very little. December quarter exceeded the mean of the other three by 390, or 27 per cent. Male deaths in the last quarter were exceptionally numerous. On reference to Appendix Table XI., it will be seen that there were, in 1902, 15 districts in which the number of deaths exceeded 100; there were 16 districts with 100 deaths and over in 1901, Nundah, in that year, recording 101, and only 95 in 1902. Of the 15 districts, 10 showed increases for 1902—namely, Brisbane, 96; Maryborough and Moreton West, each 44; Enoggera, 26; Bundaberg, 23; Cairns, 20; Drayton and Toowoomba, 17; Mackay, 16; Ipswich, 14; and Gympie, 3. The decreases were—Kennedy, 67; Moreton East, 56; Townsville, 46; Rockhampton, 11; and Oxley, 1.

Birthplaces of Persons who Died.

For complete information on this head, recourse must be had to Appendix Table No. XIII., in which are recorded the birthplaces of all persons who died during 1902, and giving the particulars for each registry district.

Of the total deaths, comprising 6,204 persons, those born in Queensland numbered 2,610, of whom 1,393 were males and 1,217 females; 209 were natives of New South Wales; 1,106 claimed England as their birthplace; 340 were born in Scotland, and 753 in Ireland, 259 in Germany, and 75 were Scandinavians. Of deaths amongst coloured aliens, 346 were of Pacific Islanders and 106 of Chinese.

A table summarising these particulars, and comparing with respect to the numbers of some of the chief countries of birth the ratios of the census population and of the deaths for 1902:—

O.

	Number and Centesimal Proportion to Total Population borne by each Nationality, Census of 1901.		Number and Centesimal Proportion to Total Deaths borne by Deaths of each Nationality, Year 1902.	
	Number.	Proportion.	Number.	Proportion.
Queensland ...	282,861	56·96	2,610	42·07
Other Australasian States	40,613	8·18	345	5·56
England ...	68,589	13·81	1,106	17·83
Scotland ...	19,934	4·01	340	5·48
Ireland ...	37,636	7·58	753	12·14
Other British Possessions	4,095	0·83	66	1·06
Germany ...	13,163	2·65	259	4·17
Other Countries of Europe	7,935	1·60	129	2·08
China ...	8,472	1·71	106	1·71
Pacific Islands ...	8,809	1·77	346	5·58
Elsewhere ...	4,489	0·90	144	2·32
	496,596	100·00	6,204	100·00
Aborigines ...	6,670			
Total ...	503,266			

Natives of this State comprised 57 per cent. of the population, but only contributed 42 per cent. of the deaths, and the ratios of persons born elsewhere in Australasia were in nearly like proportion to one another. With respect to the United Kingdom, the ratios of the deaths in each of the three component countries exceeded those of the populations, the ratios for the whole kingdom being—population, 25·40; deaths, 35·45.

Occupations of Persons who Died.

The occupations, as returned on their death certificates, of those males and females whose deaths were registered in each registry district during 1902, are recorded in Table XIV. in the Appendix. Whilst the records with respect to males are for the most part complete, those relating to females are less perfect; a considerable number of the latter who during health had undoubtedly been occupied at some distinctly remunerative avocation are simply returned on their death certificates as living with relatives, probably because such was the case at the actual time of death, having vacated their employment as an outcome of their last illness, whilst with respect to men in like circumstances the nature of their last occupation would be returned. This practice largely discounts the value of the statistics on this head so far as they relate to females.

On reference to the Appendix table above referred to, it is seen that 116 males and 24 females were returned as belonging to the professional class, 118 males and 146 females as employed in domestic occupations for profit or hire.

The commercial class gave employment during life to 240 males and 9 females, and 195 males and 1 female were employed in transport and communication.

Industrial pursuits occupied 700 males and 36 females, whilst 1,136 males and 12 females were engaged in agriculture, mining, or other avocations dealing with primary production.

The rest of the deaths were of dependents or those whose occupations were indefinite or unspecified. Of the former, 1,127 males and 1,933 females were returned as dependent on relatives, and consisted almost exclusively of wives, daughters, mothers, and children of both sex. Those constituting the public burden numbered 207 males and 64 females.

The following statement shows the ratio to the population, the ratio to the mortality, and the relation of these to each other amongst males employed in the four principal classes of occupation :—

P.							
		Centesimal Proportion of Males in each Class to total Males in all four Classes in Census Population of 1901.				Centesimal Proportion of Male Deaths in each Class to total Male Deaths in all four Classes, 1902.	
Commercial	...	13·79	...	10·57	...	76·65	
Transport and Communication	...	10·71	...	8·59	...	80·21	
Industrial	...	26·56	...	30·82	...	116·04	
Primary Producers	...	48·94	...	50·02	...	102·21	
		100·00		100·00			

The question of the mean age of all persons, both living and dying, who were employed in each of these classes would be an important factor in considering any close application of the ratios here presented. They nevertheless point to a greater relative mortality amongst industrial workers and those engaged in primary pursuits in comparison with those occupied in commerce and transport; the two former contributing 76 per cent. of the population of the four classes and 81 per cent. of the deaths, and the two latter 24 and 19 per cent. of the population and deaths respectively.

Mortality of Greater Brisbane.

Although, as might be expected, the death rate of the metropolitan area was slightly above that for the whole State, 13.28 in the former and 12.08 in the latter, yet when all the adverse conditions which obtain are considered, the fact that the mortality is so low is a matter for congratulation, and Brisbane may be considered one of the healthiest cities of its size in the world. Brisbane compares favourably in this respect with the other Australasian capitals. The rates for which for 1901 were—Sydney, 12.62; Melbourne, 15.09; Adelaide, 13.13; Perth, 16.74; Hobart, 14.46; and Wellington, 10.30. The Brisbane rate was thus below those for Melbourne, Perth, and Hobart. Information on the point for the year 1902 is contained in the following statement:—

Pa.						Estimated Mean Population.	Total Deaths.	Rate per 1,000.
Brisbane Municipality	...	...	...	...	...	28,117	360	12·80
South Brisbane Municipality	...	...	...	...	...	26,740	333	12·45
Booroodabin Division	...	...	...	...	...	8,410	*430	*51·13
Brisbane Registry District						63,267	1,123	17·75
Outside Registry District, but Within Ten-mile Radius						57,855	485	8·38
Greater Brisbane (Ten-mile Radius)						121,122	1,608	13·28
State						513,612	6,204	12·08

* The General and Children's Hospitals are in Booroodabin.

Within the Brisbane registry district the rate was 17.75, but as the hospitals are comprised in this area, this presents no significance. In the two municipalities of Brisbane and South Brisbane, of nearly equal population, the death rates were remarkably even.

According to "Mulhall," the following are the rates for three cities of Europe of approximately equal size to Brisbane:—Christiana, 18.80; Brighton, 19.00; and Rouen, 31.3.

Mention has been made of the deaths in the hospitals and of their effect on the death rate of Brisbane, for it must not be lost sight of that many of these deaths properly belong to populations outside the metropolitan limit.

The deaths for the past 10 years in the various hospitals and kindred institutions of Brisbane are shown in the following table:—

	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.		
										Males.	Females.	Persons.
Brisbane Hospital	193	184	238	269	224	286	237	211	271	202	103	305
Lady Bowen Hospital	9	8	6	5	9	13	7	19	14	9	8	17
Children's Hospital	87	74	71	54	70	66	67	60	78	34	25	59
Brisbane Plague Hospital*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	7	1	8
Diamantina Orphanage	1	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hosptl. for Chronic Diseases*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	9	13	22
Lady Lamington Hospital*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	2
Convalescent Home	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Infants' Asylum	5	1	1	2	4	9	4	12	...	...	...	...
Immigration Dépôt	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lunatic Reception House	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	1
Brisbane Gaol	2	2	4	...	1	1	...	1	5	1	...	1
Magdalen Asylum*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...
Brisbane Suspect Hospital†	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	4
Totals	297	269	322	330	311	376	316	304	388	266	153	419

* Appearing for the first time in 1901.

† Appearing for the first time in 1902.

They numbered 419 during 1902, or 26 per cent. of all deaths in the metropolitan area, or 37 per cent. of all deaths within the registry district of Brisbane. The numbers for last year exceeded those for 1901 by 31, whilst the figures then recorded—388—were in excess of those for any other year of the decade. Of the total number of 419 deaths, 305 took place at the General Hospital, 59 at the Childrens' Hospital, and 22 at the Hospital for Chronic Diseases.

Child Mortality.

True infant mortality, or the relation between the deaths and births of infants, is one of the most satisfactory tests that can be applied as to the healthfulness of any country. Young child life is very sensitive, and promptly responds to any unfavourable circumstances either with respect to the natural conditions of the climate or to the customs of the population. Comparisons between different communities, or between different periods in the same community, are thoroughly reliable, as the elements of uncertainty of age which so materially affects all other death ratios is entirely eliminated.

The true infant mortality, or the centesimal proportion of deaths of children under 1 year of age to the total births, the registrations for the same period (1 year) in each case being adopted is given in the following table:—

Q.

SHOWING TRUE INFANTILE MORTALITY.—RETURN FOR TEN YEARS 1893-1902.

1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	Mean for the 10 years.
11·75	9·79	9·12	10·46	9·46	11·05	10·94	9·84	10·19	10·02	10·25

The results of the experiences of 10 years, both joint and several, are here presented, and it is satisfactory to note that the very low average of 10 only out of each 100 children born die within their first year of life. According to "Mulhall," the following are the rates of some other countries:—England, 14·5; France, 16·3; Prussia, 20·5; Sweden, 12·6; Switzerland, 18·9.

Comparison with the past experience of Queensland itself also shows a steady, if slight, improvement, as may be seen from the following statement:—

Qa.

The mean decennial rate, quoted at quinquennial periods since 1875, was as follows:—

1875	...	...	12·46	1895	...	...	11·07
1880	...	...	12·98	1900	...	...	10·31
1885	...	...	13·64	1902	...	...	10·25
1890	...	...	12·65				

Thus, during the 25 years—1865 to 1890—the infant mortality remained fairly constant at from 12·46 to 13·64 per cent., dropping thereafter year by year to the present rate of slightly more than 10 per cent. During the decade 1875-1885, the high average of 13·64 was attained, due to four consecutive years of epidemic—1882-5.

Queensland compares favourably with the rest of Australasia with respect to mortality amongst its young children, as will be seen from the following statement:—

Qb.

Queensland	...	...	...	...	...	...	10·02
New South Wales	...	...	...	...	...	...	10·97
Victoria	...	...	...	...	...	...	10·86
South Australia	...	...	...	...	...	...	9·40
Western Australia	...	...	...	...	...	...	*12·87
Tasmania	...	...	...	...	...	...	7·91
New Zealand	...	...	...	...	...	...	8·29

* 1901 figures.

Tasmania stands first, with the extraordinary low rate of 7·91, followed closely by New Zealand with 8·29, and at a considerably greater distance by South Australia with 9·40, Queensland occupying the half-way position with a true infant mortality rate of 10·02, a ratio that was exceeded by the other three States of Victoria, New South Wales, and Western Australia.

Twenty-three per cent. of all deaths were of infants under 1 year of age; 4 per cent. more died between their first and second year; 29 per cent. in all deaths occurring under 5 years of age. As the centesimal ratios at these ages in the population were, according to the late census, only 2·58, 5·08, and 12·54 respectively, the increased risk of mortality of young—more particularly very young—life as compared with adults is very marked.

The deaths and the ratios to the total deaths of children in the more populous centres of the State are shown in the following table :—

Qc.

Registry District.	Number of Deaths in District.	CHILDREN UNDER 1 YEAR.			CHILDREN UNDER 2 YEARS OF AGE.			CHILDREN UNDER 5 YEARS OF AGE.		
		Census 1901— Centesimal Ratio of Children under 1 year of age to Population of Dis- trict.	Number of Deaths in District.	Proportion per cent. to Total Deaths in District.	Census 1901— Centesimal Ratio of Children under 2 years of age to Population of Dis- trict.	Number of Deaths in District.	Proportion per cent. to Total Deaths in District.	Census 1901— Centesimal Ratio of Children 5 years of age to Popula- tion of District.	Number of Deaths in District.	Proportion per cent. to Total Deaths in District.
Brisbane	1,123	2·27	263	23·42	4·35	303	26·98	10·61	336	29·92
Bundaberg	276	2·57	40	14·49	5·49	47	17·03	13·61	51	18·48
Drayton and Toowoomba	252	2·42	60	23·81	4·67	73	28·97	11·73	76	30·16
Enoggera	224	2·82	91	40·63	5·49	112	50·00	13·40	118	52·68
Gympie	140	2·95	37	26·43	5·58	40	28·57	13·66	43	30·71
Ipswich	196	2·38	37	18·88	4·96	40	20·41	12·63	47	23·98
Kennedy*	307	2·83	77	25·08	5·52	85	27·69	13·58	88	28·66
Mackay	160	2·16	26	16·25	4·49	30	18·75	11·61	35	21·88
Maryborough	188	2·36	37	19·68	5·17	44	23·40	12·56	51	27·13
Mount Morgan	86	3·60	27	31·40	6·93	34	39·53	16·74	36	41·86
Rockhampton	246	2·78	54	21·95	5·31	60	24·39	12·59	68	27·64
Townsville	227	2·37	53	23·35	4·59	61	26·87	11·89	70	30·84
All Other	2,779	2·60	622	22·38	5·12	716	25·76	12·64	799	28·75
Totals	6,204	2·58	1,424	22·95	5·08	1,645	26·52	12·54	1,818	29·30

* Includes Charters Towers.

It will be seen that the death ratios of children in the two districts of Enoggera and Mount Morgan were altogether out of proportion to what the population numbers of young children in those districts would justify. More especially was this the case with respect to Enoggera, for not only were the centesimal ratios of deaths at these ages considerably in excess of those for Mount Morgan, but, whilst in the latter district the relative number of children was greater than in any other district shown in the table, in the former the proportion of children was but little in excess of that for the whole State, but was exceeded by that of some other district of the group, which nevertheless had much lower child death ratios.

Passing from particular districts and ages to figures for the whole State and all ages, the following table furnishes information as to the true death rates—i.e., the ratio of deaths at various age groups to the population numbers of like age.

R.

Age Period.	Proportion of Popu- lation at each Age Period to Total Popu- lation, Census 1901.	Number of Mean Popu- lation, 1902, at each Age Period on basis of Census Ratio.	Deaths, 1902.	
			Number.	Rate per 1,000 of Mean Population.
Under 1 year	2·58	13,251	1,424	107·46
1 to 2 years	2·46	12,635	221	17·49
2 to 3 „	2·42	12,429	77	6·20
3 to 4 „	2·53	12,994	63	4·85
4 to 5 „	2·45	12,584	33	2·62
Total under 5 years ...	12·44	63,893	1,818	28·45
5 to 10 years	12·63	64,869	137	2·11
10 to 15 „	11·59	59,528	120	2·02
15 to 20 „	9·39	48,228	173	3·59
20 to 25 „	9·30	47,766	307	6·43
25 to 30 „	8·48	43,554	334	7·67
30 to 35 „	7·78	39,959	322	8·06
35 to 40 „	7·19	36,929	350	9·48
40 to 45 „	5·85	30,046	324	10·78
45 to 50 „	4·09	21,007	268	12·76
50 to 55 „	3·25	16,692	289	17·31
55 to 60 „	2·57	13,200	310	23·48
60 to 65 „	2·15	11,043	389	34·41
65 to 70 „	1·30	6,677	369	55·26
70 to 75 „	0·72	3,698	308	83·29
75 and upwards	0·54	2,774	378	136·27
Unspecified	0·73	3,749	17	4·53
Total	100·00	513,612	6,204	12·08

The numbers of the population at each age group are based on the numbers returned as of these ages at the census of 1901, and at present are no doubt approximately correct; but from year to year, as a longer period elapses since the enumeration, this element of the calculation will become less and less reliable—the more so that the population accessions are now almost entirely dependent upon the newly-born, whilst the decessions comprise those of all ages.

It will be seen from the foregoing table that, whilst the death rate for all ages was 12.08, that for children under 1 year of age was 107.46. It is interesting to note how closely the lastnamed approximates to "The True Infant Mortality," which is based on the births as representing the population—namely, 10.02 per cent. for the latter, and 10.75 per cent. for the former. The high death rate obtaining respecting infants under 1 year drops to about one-sixth (17.49) for the second year of life, and thereafter declines rapidly, until the age group showing the lowest mortality is reached—namely, children of from 10 to 15 years of age, of whom 2.02 per 1,000 die annually, with the two next age groups, 15 to 20 and 20 to 25—the death rates rise to 3.59 and 6.43 respectively, and thereafter the rate of mortality increases with each quinquennial period, culminating with a ratio of 136.27 deaths to each 1,000 persons living of 75 years of age and upwards.

DEATH INDEX.

Reference has already been made to the influence the age condition of the population has on death, &c., ratios. To modify the effects of the varying conditions in this respect, which obtain in different countries, and thus render their vital statistics more justly comparable, it has been the practice to reduce the age condition of each country to a common factor, and the International Conference of Statisticians decided to adopt the age conditions obtaining in Sweden as a standard, and to request all States issuing publications on vital statistics to include a table adapting their mortality ratios to the Swedish standard. This information is furnished in the following table:—

Ra.

Year.	Classes of Age.	% of Queens- land Population at each Age Period, Census 1901.	Estimated Mean Population.	Number of Deaths.	Coefficient %.	% of Swedish Population at each Age Period.	Queensland Index %.
1902	Under 1 year ...	2.58	13,251	1,424	10.75	2.55	2.74
	1 to 20 years ...	43.47	223,267	824	0.37	39.80	1.47
	20 to 40 „ ...	33.19	170,468	1,319	0.77	26.96	2.09
	40 to 60 „ ...	15.98	82,075	1,196	1.46	19.23	2.80
	60 years and upwards	4.78	24,551	1,441	5.87	11.46	6.73
	Totals ...	100.00	513,612	6,204	1.21	100.00	15.83

From this it will be seen that, with the population of Queensland apportioned into numbers at each age group on the basis obtaining in Sweden, the mortality rate of 12.08 would be increased to 15.83. The reason for this will be readily understood if the third and seventh columns of the foregoing table are compared, and the results read in conjunction with the preceding Table R. Thus, in Queensland, persons between 1 and 40 years of age, a time of life when in this State the mortality ratios range from 2 to 17 per 1,000, comprise 77 per cent. of the population, whilst in Sweden only 67 per cent. were of a like age.

From 40 to 60 years of age, when the death ratios run from 11 to 23 per 1,000, the population percentages were—Queensland, 16; Sweden, 19; and, above all, with respect to the aged, when the death ratios of course run very high, even up to 136 per 1,000, it is found that the Queensland population comprised 4.78 per cent. only of those upwards of 60 years of age, whilst the like ratio for Sweden was 11.46, or considerably more than double.

There were 378 deaths of persons over 75 years of age, 216 males and 162 females out of a population number, estimated on the basis of the last census of 2,774, giving a death rate of 136.27 per 1,000.

A table giving the number of these old persons dying at each year of age from 75 to 100, also the cause of death, is appended:—

As in the general detailed tables in the Appendix, the age grouping in quinquennial periods terminates at 75 years, the totals of deaths above that age are presented in the following table, so apportioned as to continue the quinquennial grouping:—

Rc.					Males.	Females.	Persons.
75 to 80 ...	...	...	...	...	104	71	175
80 to 85 ...	...	...	...	...	77	59	136
85 to 90 ...	...	...	...	...	26	26	52
90 to 95 ...	...	...	...	...	7	4	11
95 to 100 ...	...	...	...	...	2	2	4
100 and upwards ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					216	162	378

Thus 175, or 46 per cent., of those passing their 75th year fail to attain the age of 80; 311, or 82 per cent., succumb under the age of 85; and 363, or 96 per cent., die before 90; whilst 15, or 4 per cent. only, pass their 90th year. The greatest age recorded in the death registers during 1902 was that of a male of 97 years of age.

As affording useful information for purposes of actuarial investigation, the following table is appended:—

Rd.																									
Year.	Under 1 Year.	1 to 2.	2 to 3.	3 to 4.	4 to 5.	Total under 5 Years.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 25.	25 to 30.	30 to 35.	35 to 40.	40 to 45.	45 to 50.	50 to 55.	55 to 60.	60 to 65.	65 to 70.	70 to 75.	75 and upwards.	Age not stated.	Total all Ages.	Mean Age at Death.	Mean Age Living.
1860	141	46	16	5	7	215	10	4	7	25	22	36	34	27	24	21	9	17	5	4	2	16	478	21·31	
1861	136	41	6	7	6	196	14	8	14	21	34	40	36	37	29	17	8	10	4	5	3	23	499	22·07	22·97
1862	222	74	30	20	16	362	22	14	18	36	44	53	47	53	38	33	25	15	9	6	2	20	797	20·55	
1863	329	158	61	43	36	627	65	21	28	67	75	80	62	51	42	34	24	20	9	8	7	55	1,275	17·15	
1864	365	155	47	38	34	639	73	19	34	97	111	93	73	64	47	47	25	19	10	10	8	77	1,446	18·46	22·27
1865	580	206	70	27	20	903	59	30	38	113	126	107	75	64	44	43	28	30	10	4	3	56	1,733	15·80	
1866	690	320	94	55	23	1,182	63	28	58	168	192	167	116	64	71	55	41	30	26	16	10	75	2,362	17·03	
1867	578	228	73	43	25	947	39	31	30	84	114	119	90	52	62	45	28	26	11	8	7	52	1,745	16·06	
1868	552	197	77	48	21	895	51	25	28	70	110	113	104	71	52	47	36	46	19	15	14	103	1,799	18·15	23·06
1869	528	199	53	33	14	827	39	16	28	71	119	142	103	82	71	46	32	41	25	15	13	91	1,761	19·58	
1870	526	129	63	30	18	766	41	27	30	48	112	117	93	79	62	70	43	34	17	15	12	79	1,645	19·92	
1871	516	137	67	46	26	792	47	28	53	81	107	120	101	89	51	53	45	47	25	18	26	102	1,785	20·54	22·70
1872	578	178	67	47	22	892	54	27	35	69	131	129	102	116	51	78	42	43	27	20	21	99	1,936	20·15	
1873	701	209	94	55	37	1,096	84	40	43	84	128	134	119	100	72	54	44	56	31	19	21	125	2,250	18·38	
1874	776	251	91	53	34	1,205	92	45	48	127	151	175	187	144	107	112	72	56	32	42	22	177	2,794	20·95	
1875	1,025	429	194	92	94	1,824	194	59	92	183	186	237	238	185	132	100	59	70	41	31	39	434	4,104	18·33	
1876	994	331	110	68	45	1,548	96	50	105	166	190	162	208	164	114	85	80	66	51	38	41	303	3,467	19·58	23·30
1877	1,058	326	102	55	30	1,571	101	54	102	153	138	170	166	154	107	93	74	65	50	37	42	296	3,373	18·87	
1878	1,234	415	142	76	42	1,909	93	47	104	191	179	205	201	196	152	107	95	92	81	56	46	466	4,220	19·76	
1879	917	248	107	52	42	1,366	92	56	97	177	151	160	190	176	140	94	66	72	52	30	36	252	3,207	20·62	
1880	865	188	85	44	31	1,213	62	45	110	196	172	188	192	155	138	98	73	85	44	48	37	161	3,017	22·35	
1881	918	256	96	36	41	1,347	84	54	147	265	222	193	164	166	158	129	86	81	61	38	56	69	3,320	22·29	23·32
1882	1,188	374	114	64	47	1,787	109	80	204	382	312	240	199	174	166	134	99	100	70	63	80	75	4,274	21·35	
1883	1,319	471	174	103	63	2,130	125	60	305	522	383	272	200	237	177	147	106	94	83	68	88	44	5,041	20·78	
1884	1,574	436	154	93	72	2,329	144	114	710	987	641	383	283	286	210	207	138	124	93	69	106	37	6,861	21·80	
1885	1,733	395	129	100	62	2,419	154	71	442	631	538	367	256	321	214	212	148	131	93	73	101	64	6,235	21·71	
1886	1,584	423	131	103	59	2,300	129	71	265	497	443	290	265	258	212	203	144	152	96	69	111	70	5,575	22·06	23·60
1887	1,526	330	140	93	47	2,136	135	82	241	382	355	285	246	249	227	206	155	143	109	78	111	26	5,166	22·80	
1888	1,719	338	132	63	57	2,309	122	89	246	432	391	317	231	241	224	216	181	156	130	83	138	23	5,529	22·91	
1889	1,962	397	153	112	63	2,687	135	87	208	448	409	341	280	245	269	265	204	187	114	115	126	12	6,132	22·54	
1890	1,548	352	153	101	99	2,253	206	82	176	376	377	363	266	242	248	265	181	183	112	117	140	51	5,638	23·95	
1891	1,489	300	131	119	73	2,112	158	65	205	363	362	310	229	199	206	225	175	161	114	106	163	17	5,170	23·92	23·56
1892	1,591	277	121	89	48	2,126	170	77	151	326	325	293	253	199	230	277	193	176	137	124	182	27	5,266	25·01	
1893	1,691	363	171	109	63	2,397	201	90	199	294	372	323	242	207	230	250	182	200	165	121	193	29	5,695	24·10	
1894	1,369	301	162	115	91	2,038	166	84	165	250	351	287	223	203	267	269	199	226	199	160	201	10	5,298	26·88	
1895	1,356	264	117	87	75	1,899	196	108	187	235	306	281	288	219	220	246	215	209	174	134	220	15	5,152	27·10	
1896	1,466	293	108	94	69	2,030	151	108	166	261	312	298	316	274	240	296	282	277	217	165	229	23	5,645	28·57	
1897	1,354	245	107	72	56	1,834	170	84	148	244	315	326	357	275	244	241	260	267	214	148	280	16	5,423	29·67	
1898	1,540	374	159	129	79	2,281	226	127	162	260	289	308	321	311	260	260	281	302	287	207	350	11	6,243	29·12	
1899	1,521	309	141	95	59	2,125	178	122	211	329	384	356	340	264	236	268	306	283	215	222	295	10	6,144	28·88	
1900	1,456	234	87	64	49	1,890	133	110	192	303	292	302	310	308	258	237	290	277	293	225	302	20	5,747	30·78	
1901	1,458	250	98	58	50	1,914	128	112	197	285	287	343	349	312	262	299	295	315	286	259	354	15	6,007	31·88	24·97
1902	1,424	221	77	63	33	1,818	137	120	173	307	334	322	350	324	268	289	310	380	369	308	378	17	6,204	33·63	

Although the information as given for each line of the table is obtainable in the Report for the year to which it relates, yet these figures, in the combined form in which they are here furnished, are not elsewhere available. An opportunity, moreover, is here afforded of calculating the mean age at death for each year since 1860. The following statement gives this information for certain years of the period :—

Year	...	...	1860	1870	1880	1890	1900	1902
Mean Age at Death	...	...	21.31	19.92	22.35	23.95	30.78	33.63

Of course, speaking generally, and ignoring fluctuations, the ages at death would approximately from year to year bear a common relation to the population ages, and this is borne out largely by the above figures. Thus, in the 30 years—1860-1890—when the proportion of virile life in the population was constantly maintained by immigration, the mean age at death advanced but slightly; when, however, the influx almost ceased, the mean age of the population at once increased, and as a consequence the mean age at death has increased also, as will be seen from the foregoing figures.

Causes of Death.

This question is fully dealt with in a number of tables in the Appendix, information on the subject being furnished under a number of different heads. Although the scheme of classification adopted contains, in view of modern discoveries, many imperfections, it is the one still in use in Australasia and in many other parts of the British Empire, and any departing from it that was not coalesced in by all the States would not be satisfactory.

The following table shows the classification in use, together with the centesimal proportions of all deaths due to each order of disease for the past 10 years :—

T.

TABLE comparing the PERCENTAGE which the several CAUSES of DEATHS bear to the TOTAL DEATHS in each YEAR.—RETURN for the TEN YEARS, 1893 to 1902.

Cause of Death.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.
I.—ZYMOTIC DISEASES.										
1. Miasmatic Diseases	10.54	9.44	7.30	5.81	7.57	15.44	10.17	7.43	7.32	5.63
2. Diarrhœal Diseases	8.64	6.31	7.04	7.28	6.95	5.49	5.09	5.83	6.24	5.03
3. Malarial Diseases	0.93	1.30	0.64	0.76	0.92	0.47	0.44	0.54	1.10	0.89
4. Zoogonous Diseases ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Venereal Diseases	0.63	0.45	0.66	0.64	0.65	0.50	0.60	0.43	0.57	0.56
6. Septic Diseases	0.72	0.81	0.85	0.69	0.76	0.56	0.96	0.89	0.93	0.77
TOTALS	21.46	18.31	16.49	15.18	16.85	22.46	17.27	15.12	16.16	12.88
II.—PARASITIC DISEASES										
...	0.32	0.36	0.37	0.44	0.39	0.27	0.37	0.33	0.12	0.39
III.—DIETETIC DISEASES										
...	2.77	1.91	2.43	2.27	2.64	1.78	2.00	2.94	2.31	2.09
IV.—CONSTITUTIONAL DISEASES										
...	14.98	16.21	16.56	15.73	15.56	14.75	15.28	15.73	16.80	16.23
V.—DEVELOPMENTAL DISEASES										
...	6.67	5.72	6.17	6.45	6.25	5.61	5.92	7.03	6.06	6.66
VI.—LOCAL DISEASES.										
1. Diseases of Nervous System	10.40	10.29	11.33	10.10	10.46	9.11	8.97	9.27	9.44	9.77
2. Diseases of Organs of Special Sense	0.09	0.08	0.21	0.07	0.18	0.16	0.13	0.16	0.10	0.18
3. Diseases of Circulatory System	5.65	6.00	6.93	7.90	8.00	7.03	8.53	8.87	9.04	8.85
4. Diseases of Respiratory System	9.78	12.74	11.54	12.58	10.92	11.05	9.10	9.80	10.44	12.02
5. Diseases of Digestive System	11.12	11.55	10.91	11.37	10.99	11.77	11.72	12.77	13.28	13.30
6. Diseases of Lymphatic System and Ductless Glands	0.11	0.15	0.29	0.32	0.18	0.18	0.11	0.14	0.13	0.08
7. Diseases of Urinary System	2.12	2.45	2.95	3.10	3.50	2.95	3.70	4.04	3.83	4.61
8. Diseases of Organs of Generation	0.12	0.17	0.33	0.35	0.41	0.34	0.34	0.23	0.20	0.53
9. Diseases of Parturition	1.00	1.11	1.20	0.98	0.96	0.96	0.90	1.08	0.83	0.95
10. Diseases of Organs of Locomotion	0.26	0.38	0.39	0.25	0.26	0.30	0.42	0.23	0.30	0.23
11. Diseases of Integumentary System	0.32	0.36	0.39	0.44	0.48	0.39	0.47	0.36	0.40	0.43
TOTALS	40.97	45.28	46.47	47.46	46.34	44.24	44.39	46.95	47.99	50.95
VII.—VIOLENCE.										
1. Accident or Negligence	9.52	8.55	8.24	9.51	8.46	7.64	11.67	8.55	7.41	7.75
2. Homicide	0.30	0.47	0.43	0.25	0.31	0.24	0.28	0.26	0.28	0.24
3. Suicide	1.17	1.43	1.32	1.24	1.48	1.25	1.32	1.58	1.63	1.57
4. Execution	0.02	0.02	0.08	...	...	...	...	...	0.09	...
TOTALS	11.01	10.47	10.07	11.00	10.25	9.13	13.27	10.39	9.41	9.56
VIII. ILL-DEFINED AND NOT SPECIFIED CAUSES										
...	1.82	1.74	1.44	1.47	1.72	1.76	1.50	1.51	1.15	1.24
TOTALS	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

It will be seen that the scheme comprises eight classes, which are further subdivided into orders, and these are resubdivided into as many lines as may be necessary to embrace all the principal causes, a few diseases of rare occurrence or of indefinite terminology being grouped to single lines of the suitable order.

It will be noticed that zymotic diseases are responsible for about 13 per cent. of all deaths; constitutional diseases for 16 per cent.; local diseases for 51 per cent.; and violence for 10 per cent.; the remaining 10 per cent. being divided between the other four classes.

Appendix Table No. XV. shows the causes and the number due to each cause of all deaths in Queensland registered during 1902, arranged in order of degree of fatality. A summary, comparing for five years the deaths due to some of the more fatal of these causes, is appended:—

Ta.

RETURN for FIVE YEARS showing the NUMBER of DEATHS from some of the principal Causes in the order of their Degree of Fatality in 1902; also their Proportion per 10,000 of the TOTAL DEATHS and per 100,000 of the MEAN POPULATION respectively for each of the Years 1898-1902.

Most Common Cause of Death.	1898.			1899.			1900.			1901.			1902.		
	Number of Deaths.	Proportion per 10,000 of Total Deaths.	Proportion per 100,000 of the Mean Population.	Number of Deaths.	Proportion per 10,000 of Total Deaths.	Proportion per 100,000 of the Mean Population.	Number of Deaths.	Proportion per 10,000 of Total Deaths.	Proportion per 100,000 of the Mean Population.	Number of Deaths.	Proportion per 10,000 of Total Deaths.	Proportion per 100,000 of the Mean Population.	Number of Deaths.	Proportion per 10,000 of Total Deaths.	Proportion per 100,000 of the Mean Population.
Enteritis ...	340	545	69	341	555	67	357	621	73	420	699	83	489	788	95
Phthisis ...	421	674	85	407	662	80	427	743	87	427	711	84	458	738	89
Pneumonia ...	362	580	73	297	483	58	334	581	68	363	604	72	454	732	88
Cancer ...	229	367	46	243	396	48	229	398	47	278	463	55	285	459	55
Endocarditis, Valvular Disease	196	314	40	240	391	47	198	345	40	219	365	43	218	351	42
Premature Birth ...	199	319	40	217	353	43	198	345	40	207	345	41	208	335	40
Diarrhoea ...	227	364	46	194	316	38	201	350	41	220	366	44	189	305	37
Convulsions ...	180	288	37	179	291	35	150	261	31	142	236	28	174	280	34
Bright's Disease ...	113	181	23	127	207	25	148	258	30	136	226	27	169	272	33
Other diseases of Circulatory System	148	237	30	160	260	31	159	277	32	145	241	29	167	269	33
Bronchitis ...	188	301	38	171	278	34	131	228	27	156	260	31	151	243	29
Typhoid or Enteric Fever	149	239	30	149	242	29	136	237	28	148	246	29	133	214	26
Dysentery ...	97	155	20	101	164	20	117	204	24	136	226	27	119	192	23
Apoplexy ...	104	167	21	110	179	22	105	183	21	118	196	23	115	185	22
Senile Decay ...	73	117	15	60	98	12	84	146	17	71	118	14	89	143	17
Other forms of Tuberculosis—Scrofula	84	135	17	80	130	16	73	127	15	100	166	20	88	142	17
Influenza, Coryza, Catarrh	262	420	53	44	72	9	60	104	12	95	158	19	87	140	17
Drowning (Accident)	127	203	26	349	568	69	102	177	21	102	170	20	75	121	15
Hemiplegia, Brain Paralysis	35	56	7	46	75	9	37	64	7	39	65	8	70	113	14
Sunstroke and Heat Apoplexy	37	59	7	33	54	6	27	47	6	26	44	5	70	113	14
Inflammation of Brain and its Membranes	66	106	13	63	103	12	61	106	12	75	125	15	68	110	13
Acute Nephritis ...	25	40	5	46	75	9	37	64	8	29	48	6	59	95	11
Tabes Mesenterica	66	106	13	74	120	15	55	96	11	61	102	12	58	93	11
Burn (Accident) ...	43	69	9	37	60	7	43	75	9	35	58	7	56	90	11
Chronic Alcoholism	28	45	6	46	75	9	49	85	10	41	68	8	55	89	11
Hypertrophy of the Heart	17	27	3	21	34	4	53	92	11	46	77	9	54	87	11
Remittent Fever ...	25	40	5	24	39	5	31	54	6	64	107	13	53	85	10
Total Deaths each Year from all Causes	6,243	...	...	6,144	...	...	5,747	...	...	6,007	...	...	6,204	...	...
Mean Population of each Year	...	492,602	...	...	508,864	...	...	490,325	...	...	505,695	...	...	513,612	...

Enteritis.—For the first time for many years a disease other than phthisis stands at the head of the list. There were 489 deaths returned as caused by enteritis, deaths due to gastro-enteritis being included in the term. This number represents a great increase on the figures of previous years. The deaths due to this cause for each of the past five years were—1898, 340; 1899, 341; 1900, 357; 1901, 420; and 1902, 489; thus advancing during the quinquennium from 5.45 per 1,000 of all deaths, and 0.69 per 1,000 of the population in 1898, to 7.88 of the former and 0.95 of the latter last year, centesimal ratios of increase of 45 and 38 respectively.

This is largely a summer complaint, and is especially prevalent during the earlier months of that season. During the six months January to March, and October to December, of 1902, 355, or 73 per cent. of all deaths from enteritis were recorded, and of these 216, or 61 per cent., were registered during October-December.

That it is largely due to errors of diet, frequently the result of neglect, is borne out by the fact of its prevalence amongst young children, particularly during the early summer, when it is very active, a period when the results of carelessness with respect to childrens' food are quickly apparent. Of the total deaths from this cause, 425, or 87 per cent., were of children under 5 years, and 349, or 71 per cent., of infants under 1 year.

Phthisis.—As already stated, until 1902 this complaint has stood for many years at the head of the list as the most fatal disease. The departure from this position is no doubt in part due to improved diagnosis, resulting from a better knowledge of this and other maladies. Many cases now stated to be due to general tuberculosis would in bygone years have been returned under phthisis.

There were 458 deaths recorded as from pulmonary and laryngeal tuberculosis, which is the greatest number since 1893, when 476 deaths were so returned, so that it cannot be considered that any appreciable diminution of mortality from this complaint has as yet resulted from improved conditions of treatment or of precaution. Of all deaths during 1902, 7.38 per cent. were due to phthisis, equal to 0.89 per 1,000 of the population.

Other Forms of Tuberculosis.—Although not next in order on the list of degree of fatality, it is convenient to take deaths due to these causes here, so that deaths from all the tubercular diseases may be considered together. Of the 162 deaths that would be comprised under this heading, 58 were so returned as to be classed under *tuberculosis mesenterica*, embracing, however, a few cases where the attack was of the digestive system, but not strictly confined to the mesentery, 16 to tubercular disease of the menses, and 88 to tuberculosis, general and undefined.

The following tables, the first restricted to phthisis and the second including all other deaths due to tuberculosis, are published to illustrate the extent to which these diseases are contributed to by Pacific Islanders and by new arrivals in the State:—

Tb.**DEATHS FROM PHTHISIS.**

RETURN showing BIRTHPLACES and DURATION OF RESIDENCE in QUEENSLAND of PERSONS who DIED from the above CAUSE, 1893-1902.

Birthplace		Duration of Residence in Queensland.											Total.
		Under 6 Months.	6-12 Months.	1-2 Years.	2-3 Years.	3-4 Years.	4-5 Years.	5-10 Years.	10-15 Years.	15-20 Years.	20 Years and Up.	Unspecified.	
1893	Australasian Colonies ...	2	3	3	...	...	1	7	1	13	55	4	89
	Pacific Islands ...	13	13	7	22	22	4	20	9	3	4	7	124
	Elsewhere ...	1	3	7	9	7	8	62	35	32	81	18	263
	Totals ...	16	19	17	31	29	13	89	45	48	140	29	476
1894	Australasian Colonies ...	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	2	4	44	3	63
	Pacific Islands ...	11	15	10	7	10	10	27	13	3	4	7	117
	Elsewhere ...	2	2	3	6	5	7	41	64	27	91	18	266
	Totals ...	13	17	18	13	15	17	73	79	34	139	28	446
1895	Australasian Colonies ...	...	...	2	...	1	...	4	2	12	66	...	87
	Pacific Islands ...	5	8	16	5	2	9	31	10	5	1	3	95
	Elsewhere ...	4	2	3	6	1	2	35	60	22	83	20	238
	Totals ...	9	10	21	11	4	11	70	72	39	150	23	420
1896	Australasian Colonies ...	7	2	2	3	1	2	3	3	10	53	...	86
	Pacific Islands ...	5	7	14	24	5	1	23	14	7	3	3	106
	Elsewhere ...	1	2	4	5	2	4	34	70	32	89	9	252
	Totals ...	13	11	20	32	8	7	60	87	49	145	12	444
1897	Australasian Colonies ...	1	2	3	1	...	...	11	5	8	50	1	82
	Pacific Islands ...	4	4	10	20	15	6	17	7	1	3	4	91
	Elsewhere ...	3	1	2	1	3	1	38	63	32	84	17	245
	Totals ...	8	7	15	22	18	7	66	75	41	137	22	418
1898	Australasian Colonies ...	2	...	1	1	1	...	2	9	13	55	5	89
	Pacific Islands ...	5	5	7	4	6	7	18	8	1	3	1	65
	Elsewhere ...	8	1	3	5	4	3	21	62	50	102	8	267
	Totals ...	15	6	11	10	11	10	41	79	64	160	14	421
1899	Australasian Colonies ...	3	2	2	1	1	1	8	6	10	70	6	110
	Pacific Islands ...	7	5	14	9	1	...	10	4	9	2	5	66
	Elsewhere ...	2	...	6	7	6	4	20	46	48	79	13	231
	Totals ...	12	7	22	17	8	5	38	56	67	151	24	407
1900	Australasian Colonies ...	2	2	1	3	2	2	5	7	13	69	8	114
	Pacific Islands ...	5	8	9	13	2	1	9	10	9	4	9	79
	Elsewhere ...	1	1	5	4	4	5	10	41	49	95	19	234
	Totals ...	8	11	15	20	8	8	24	58	71	168	36	427
1901	Australian States and New Zealand	3	...	2	1	2	...	1	2	13	80	9	113
	Pacific Islands ...	17	7	9	10	2	2	10	7	2	6	4	76
	Elsewhere ...	2	4	1	8	3	...	9	30	59	106	16	238
	Totals ...	22	11	12	19	7	2	20	39	74	192	29	427
1902	Australian States and New Zealand	4	1	1	...	2	1	5	5	11	70	9	109
	Pacific Islands ...	7	11	23	15	2	...	7	10	3	4	5	87
	Elsewhere ...	5	9	8	2	5	3	13	29	54	110	24	262
	Totals ...	16	21	32	17	9	4	25	44	68	184	38	458

Tc.

DEATHS FROM TUBERCULAR DISEASES (OTHER THAN PHTHISIS).

RETURN showing BIRTHPLACES and DURATION of RESIDENCE of PERSONS who DIED from the above CAUSES, 1893-1902.

Birthplaces.		Duration of Residence in Queensland.											Total.
		Under 6 months.	6-12 Months.	1-2 Years.	2-3 Years.	3-4 Years.	4-5 Years.	5-10 Years.	10-15 Years.	15-20 Years.	20 Years and Up.	Unspecified.	
1893	Australasian Colonies ...	34	23	17	9	2	4	8	2	...	4	...	103 74 17 194
	Pacific Islands ...	6	10	4	15	16	3	11	4	2	...	3	
	Elsewhere ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	7	4	1	3	1
	Totals ...	40	33	21	25	18	7	26	10	3	7	4	
1894	Australasian Colonies ...	26	11	16	9	4	2	6	2	2	2	...	80 74 24 178
	Pacific Islands ...	17	7	12	4	3	10	9	6	1	2	3	
	Elsewhere ...	...	...	...	...	...	..	6	6	4	7	2
	Totals ...	43	18	28	13	7	12	21	13	7	11	5	
1895	Australasian Colonies ...	38	17	11	7	1	2	3	1	...	5	...	85 42 16 143
	Pacific Islands ...	6	3	9	11	1	4	6	2	...	...	...
	Elsewhere ...	1	...	...	1	1	1	4	3	1	3	1
	Totals ...	45	20	20	19	3	7	13	6	1	8	1	
1896	Australasian Colonies ...	30	26	17	2	1	...	5	2	...	10	3	96 43 23 162
	Pacific Islands ...	...	4	12	6	4	...	12	2	2	...	1
	Elsewhere ...	...	1	...	...	...	...	5	7	2	6	2
	Totals ...	30	31	29	8	5	...	22	11	4	16	6	
1897	Australasian Colonies ...	28	28	9	4	1	2	2	...	4	3	2	83 36 20 139
	Pacific Islands ...	1	4	2	10	5	3	5	2	3	...	1	
	Elsewhere ...	1	...	...	2	...	...	1	5	2	6	3
	Totals ...	30	32	11	16	6	5	8	7	9	9	6	
1898	Australasian Colonies ...	34	18	18	1	2	6	5	4	1	6	1	96 42 27 165
	Pacific Islands ...	1	4	7	2	7	4	8	4	1	1	3	
	Elsewhere ...	1	...	...	...	2	...	3	6	6	7	2
	Totals ...	36	22	25	3	11	10	16	14	8	14	6	
1899	Australasian Colonies ...	32	22	20	8	4	1	5	5	3	4	...	104 50 26 180
	Pacific Islands ...	4	2	7	12	4	1	9	2	4	1	4	
	Elsewhere ...	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	7	4	10	1
	Totals ...	37	24	28	21	8	2	15	14	11	15	5	
1900	Australasian Colonies ...	29	21	9	2	3	2	8	4	2	11	1	92 35 32 159
	Pacific Islands ...	3	4	7	5	1	2	3	6	...	1	3	
	Elsewhere ...	...	...	2	4	1	...	3	4	8	7	3
	Totals ...	32	25	18	11	5	4	14	14	10	19	7	
1901	Australian States and New Zealand ...	28	18	16	3	2	3	4	1	2	16	...	99 53 32 184
	Pacific Islands ...	7	12	8	6	2	2	7	1	2	...	5	
	Elsewhere ...	...	...	1	1	...	...	2	5	13	12	5
	Totals ...	35	30	25	10	4	5	13	7	17	28	10	
1902	Australian States and New Zealand ...	24	20	4	3	3	2	5	3	3	8	2	77 52 33 162
	Pacific Islands ...	9	9	10	8	3	...	6	2	3	1	1	
	Elsewhere ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	4	8	15	2
	Totals ...	33	29	15	11	6	2	14	9	14	24	5	

There is nothing disclosed by either of these tables to justify the assumption that tubercular complaints are contributed to in any marked degree by importation. With respect to phthisis, in 37 cases the sufferers had been less than 12 months in Queensland, 62 between that period and 5 years, and 359 for longer than the lastnamed period. With respect to the second table, at the first glance the position might seem somewhat less satisfactory until it is remembered that many of the deaths in this table are of very young children, who could not of necessity had a long duration of residence within the State.

That the natives of the Pacific Islands are very prone to fall victims to all forms of tubercular diseases is undoubted, and that in some instances the seeds have been laid before entrance into Queensland is highly probable in view of the somewhat greater number who succumb after only a short residence, but owing to the low vitality peculiar to this race, and possibly also to their habits and surroundings, the progress of the complaint with them is frequently very rapid, which may partly explain the circumstance. Of the 620 deaths due to tuberculosis, 139 were of Pacific Islanders, or 22 per cent. of the total; whilst their ratio to the population was less than 2 per cent. only.

Pneumonia.—There were almost as many deaths from this cause as from phthisis—namely, 454. Inflammation of the lungs is the sequel to so many diseases, and is the result at times of so many different causes, and not alone that of different kinds of micro-organisms, some of which result in the epidemic form of the complaint, that it is not surprising to find pneumonia extremely prevalent, and it has now occupied either the second or third place in the ranks of fatality for a considerable number of years.

As might be expected, seeing that the respiratory organs are the seat of attack, pneumonia is least prevalent during the warmer months of the year, but is most fatal during the changeable weather experienced in the early spring; during the three months August-October, 186, or 41 per cent. of all the deaths from this cause were recorded. Pneumonia would appear to be more frequent with males than females, as the ratio of deaths to population from this complaint were as 10 is to 7 with regard to males and females respectively. Of the 454 deaths, 54 were of infants under 1 year of age, and 31 of children from 1 to 2; thereafter the mortality became greatly reduced, until 20 years of age was reached. Between that age and 40, 147 deaths were recorded, and although the number for each subsequent age group then declined considerably, yet not in equal ratio to the decline in population number, so that pneumonia was relatively very fatal amongst those both of advanced middle life and also the aged.

Cancer, fourth in order on the list of fatality, contributed a greater number of deaths than ever before. It was, however, responsible for but slightly more than half (four-sevenths) of the deaths due to pneumonia, the disease immediately preceding it on the list. The number of deaths due to cancer in 1902 was 285, or 4.59 per cent. of all deaths, and 0.55 per 1,000 of the mean population.

In compliance with the decision of the Statistical Conference, the table usually published in connection with this cause of death has been amplified, so as to embrace not only the part of the body affected, but also the age (in groups) of the sufferer:—

Td.

RETURN showing the AGES of all PERSONS REGISTERED as DYING from CANCER during the Year 1902, together with the portion of the BODY affected thereby.

[illegible]

The particulars as given in this table are so fully particularised that little comment is necessary. It would appear that the ravages of this fell disease are not much experienced until the age of 40 is attained. The largest number of deaths were recorded between 60 and 65—namely, 47. Death from cancer is slightly more common amongst men than women, the ratios to population being 0.60 and 0.50 respectively. The most frequent seat of attack was with men the stomach, and with women the uterus. Of the former, there were 46 cases in which the stomach, either alone or in conjunction with some other organ, was the part affected, and of the latter there were 29 cases of cancer of the womb.

Endocarditis, Valvular Disease.—These, the most common form of disorders of the circulatory system, caused 218 deaths last year, of whom 132 were males and 86 females, giving ratios of 0.46 and

0.38 per 1,000 of the population respectively. The number of deaths from this cause fluctuates considerably, as will be seen from the records of the past five years—1898, 196; 1899, 240; 1900, 198; 1901, 219; and 1902, 218.

Premature Birth was returned as the cause of death in 208 instances. As the births numbered 14,216, this gives 15 to each 1,000 births. There are no doubt many deaths due indirectly to immaturity which secure classification under some other induced disease. The number and the ratio to both deaths and population has been fairly constant for some years, the proportion being 3 per cent. for the former and 0.40 per 1,000 for the latter.

Diarrhæa, which stands seventh on the list of fatality, was responsible for 189 deaths during 1902, chiefly of young children. This number was much below the figures for some years past. It is probable that the reduction in the number of deaths returned as due to this complaint result in part to a change in diagnosis, and this may to some extent at least explain the increase in the number attributed to enteritis.

Bright's Disease, taken perhaps somewhat incorrectly as synonymous with chronic (only) inflammation of the kidneys, was the cause of a greatly increased number of deaths last year—namely, 169, against 136 in 1901. This complaint was responsible for 2.72 per cent. of all deaths, and 0.33 per 1,000 of the population.

Bronchitis, mostly generally fatal with the very young or those who are quite old, caused 151 deaths during 1902. The mortality from this cause fluctuates very considerably, the figures for each of the past five years being—1898, 188; 1899, 171; 1900, 131; 1901, 156; and 1902, 151.

Typhoid, or Enteric Fever, than which probably no disease better deserves the expression "preventable," does not show in the number of its victims that marked diminution that might not unreasonably be looked for, as a consequence of an improved knowledge of sanitary science, causing 149 deaths in each of the years 1898-9; there was a slight fall to 136 in the following year, rising in 1901 to 148, and in 1902 falling again to 133. Thus it will be seen that 1902 was, with regard to typhoid, the most favourable year of the quinquennium, and yet the deaths from this cause in that year bore nearly as high a ratio to the population—namely, 0.26 per 1,000—as in 1892, just 10 years earlier, when it was 0.30; and if the previous year—1901—be taken, the ratio was practically the same—viz., 0.29.

Dysentery.—There was an increase in the number of deaths from this disease during the three years 1900-2. This was no doubt due to the drought necessitating the use for domestic purposes of impure water, than which there is no more fruitful cause of dysentery. The deaths for these years numbered 117, 136, and 119 respectively. The greater number in 1901 was due to an epidemic of this disease amongst the Pacific Islanders at Bundaberg.

Apoplexy.—This was the only other specific complaint that occasioned upwards of 100 deaths during 1902. The deaths from apoplexy for each of the last five years numbered—1898, 104; 1899, 110; 1900, 105; 1901, 118; and 1902, 115. These numbers give ratios falling just short of 2 per cent. of all deaths.

Childbirth.—There were 59 deaths the result of accidents connected with parturition during 1902; this was 9 more than were recorded in 1901. In connection with these causes of death, a table has been tabulated in accordance with the decision of the Statistical Conference respecting the age and number of previous issue of married women so dying:—

Te.

Age of Mother.				NUMBER OF PREVIOUS ISSUE.										Total Mothers.		
				None.	One.	Two.	Three.	Four.	Five.	Six.	Seven.	Eight.	Nine.		Ten.	Over Ten.
20	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
22	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
24	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	4
25	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	4
26	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
27	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	7
28	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	4
29	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
31	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2
33	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1
37	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2
39	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
41	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	1
44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL ...				10	9	4	4	6	6	3	2	2	3	1	2	52

There were 52 cases comprised in this category, of ages ranging from 20 to 47 years; 10 of these were primiparæ, and in 9 cases it was the second confinement.

MARINE REGISTRATION.

There were 2 births and 8 deaths recorded under the 26th section of the Registration Act, having taken place at sea on board ships subsequently arriving in the State. These were as follow:—
Births: "Aramac," 1 female; "Wodonga," 1 male. *Deaths*: "Duke of Portland," 1 female; "Arrawatta," 2 males; "Allinga," 1 male; "Tantalus," 1 male; "Rhoderick Dhu," 3 males.

ADDITIONS TO REGISTERS.

There were 26,906 names added to the Birth, Marriage, and Death indices last year; this was 86 less than in 1901. As the aggregate number recorded to the end of the latter year was 709,176, there were on the 31st December, 1902, 736,082 distinct names on the registers of the State.

REGISTRY OFFICE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.

District Registrars who hold no other office of profit from the Crown are entitled to keep for their own use all fees for celebrating marriages, for making searches in any register, or for issuing certified copies of any entry for same. Nearly all registrars are, however, Government salaried officers, and all fees received by them are paid into the Consolidated Revenue.

The following table gives particulars of fees thus collected and paid in, in each district of the State:—

U.

RETURN showing the AMOUNTS received by the DISTRICT REGISTRARS in the STATE during the Years 1901 and 1902 respectively, and paid into the GENERAL REVENUE.

District.			1901.		1902.		District.	1901.		1902.	
			£	s. d.	£	s. d.		£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Aramac	...	...	3	14 0	2	17 0	Kennedy	...	45 6 0	37	15 0
Balonne	...	...	8	11 6	11	8 6	Leichhardt	...	0 4 0	1	6 0
Blackall	...	...	2	8 0	2	9 6	Logan	...	4 16 0	6	4 6
Bowen	...	...	4	0 6	3	14 0	Mackay	...	9 8 6	8	7 6
Brisbane	...	...	297	3 9	309	7 7	Maranoa	...	5 5 6	6	6 0
Bundaberg	...	...	13	0 6	13	5 0	Marathon	...	1 8 6	1	13 6
Burke	...	...	4	9 0	6	2 0	Maryborough	...	25 0 10	31	11 6
Burnett	...	...	6	0 0	2	12 0	Moreton East	...	0 15 0	0	17 6
Caboolture	...	...	0	5 0	0	12 6	Moreton West	...	12 13 6	11	17 6
Cairns	...	...	9	16 6	13	11 6	Mount Morgan	...	4 9 6	4	15 6
Cardwell	...	...	0	7 6	0	7 6	Nundah	...	0 17 6	1	7 6
Charleville	...	...	2	17 0	4	1 6	Oxley	...	0 5 0	0	12 6
Clermont	...	...	5	14 0	3	0 0	Palmer	...	1 6 0	0	16 6
Clonecurry	...	...	3	10 6	1	2 0	Peak Downs	...	...	0	8 6
Cook	...	...	3	8 6	6	14 6	Rockhampton	...	34 5 0	29	0 6
Croydon	...	...	5	10 0	9	10 0	Somerset	...	8 1 0	10	10 0
Cunnamulla	...	...	5	14 6	2	6 0	Springsure	...	2 14 0	0	14 6
Dalby	...	...	...	...	...	...	Stanley	...	0 5 0	0	7 6
Darling Downs Central	...	...	4	9 6	13	10 6	Stanthorpe	...	1 17 0	3	8 0
Darling Downs East	...	...	...	...	...	...	St. Lawrence	...	0 12 6	0	6 0
Darling Downs North	...	...	0	7 6	0	7 6	Tambo	...	2 4 0	0	8 0
Darling Downs West	...	...	2	13 6	1	12 6	Taroom	...	5 0 0	...	...
Diamantina	...	...	2	19 6	3	4 0	Tiara	...	1 14 6	1	15 0
Drayton and Toowoomba	...	...	27	5 6	42	10 0	Toowong	...	0 7 6	...	...
Enoggera	...	...	12	16 6	10	15 6	Townsville	...	40 3 0	45	0 6
Etheridge	...	...	3	14 6	2	8 6	Warrego	...	2 4 0	...	...
Fassifern	...	...	2	12 0	3	16 0	Warwick	...	14 0 6	12	9 0
Gladstone	...	...	4	6 6	4	9 6	Westwood	...	6 11 0	7	4 6
Gympie	...	...	13	17 0	9	7 0	Wide Bay	...	...	2	10 6
Herberton	...	...	5	16 0	3	9 0	Woothakata	...	2 19 6	1	13 6
Highfields	...	...	0	18 0	2	3 0					
Hughenden	...	...	2	6 0	1	19 0					
Ipswich	...	...	29	6 6	33	5 6	TOTALS	...	£ 724 13 7	755 5 7	

The aggregate of such collections for 1902 was £755 5s. 7d., against £724 13s. 7d., an increase of £30 12s. Of this £12 3s. 10d. was contributed by the head office, Brisbane, where £309 7s. 7d., or 41 per cent. of the total collection, was received. There was a relatively notable increase of revenue from the three districts administered from Toowoomba—namely, Darling Downs Central, Drayton and Toowoomba, and Highfields. In 1901 these returned a revenue of £32 13s., which advanced in 1902 to £58 3s. 6d., an increase actually of £25 10s. 6d., or 78 per cent.

Whilst the revenue slightly increased, the expenditure was substantially reduced. The outlay for the past two years was as below :—

Ua.

RETURN showing the AMOUNT of FEES PAID to DISTRICT REGISTRARS of the STATE during the Years 1901 and 1902 respectively.

District.				1901.			1902.			District.				1901.			1902.		
				£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.					£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Aramac	...	...	...	11	5	0	14	5	0	Leichhardt	...	...	1	7	0	1	10	0	
Balonne	...	...	...	8	0	6	7	17	1	Logan	...	...	10	0	0	14	1	1	
Blackall	...	...	...	10	17	6	12	13	9	Mackay	...	...	11	5	0	14	5	0	
Bowen	...	...	...	11	11	0	7	2	9	Maranoa	...	...	10	11	0	14	8	8	
Brisbane	...	...	...	a			a			Marathon	...	...	6	0	0	†			
Bundaberg	...	...	...	11	5	0	14	8	9	Maryborough	...	...	*200	0	0	{	||50	0	0
Burke	...	...	...	6	13	6	3	16	6						{	†*100	0	0	
Burnett	...	...	...	19	8	6	22	5	6	Moreton East	...	...	81	3	0		77	17	0
Caboolture	...	...	...	45	15	0	42	0	0	Moreton West	...	...	†			†	
Cairns	...	...	...	7	10	0	14	5	0	Mount Morgan	...	...	7	10	0		10	17	6
Cardwell	...	...	...	22	16	0	25	4	0	Nundah	...	...	83	11	0		74	11	0
Charleville	...	...	...	13	10	0	9	0	10	Oxley	...	...	58	10	0		51	7	0
Clermont	...	...	...	11	5	0	10	17	10	Palmer	...	...	2	6	6		1	10	0
Cloncurry	...	...	...	3	4	6	1	7	2	Peak Downs	...	...	0	4	6		0	13	3
Cook	...	...	...	9	4	6	9	6	6	Rockhampton	...	...	*200	0	0	{	†||35	0	0
Croydon	...	...	...	8	16	0	14	5	0						{	†*100	0	0	
Cunnamulla	...	...	...	7	19	0	14	15	6	Somerset	...	...	8	8	0		7	2	1
Dalby	...	...	...	16	5	0	20	14	0	Springure	...	...	5	17	0		11	0	6
Darling Downs Central	...	...	...	†			†			Stanley	...	...	11	8	0		12	15	0
Darling Downs East	...	...	...	†			†			Stanthorpe	...	...	4	16	0		7	12	0
Darling Downs North	...	...	...	33	12	0	39	6	0	St. Lawrence	...	...	3	3	0		1	11	2
Darling Downs West	...	...	...	4	17	6	5	16	11	Tambo	...	...	2	2	0		2	14	11
Diamantina	...	...	...	5	6	6	4	1	0	Taroom	...	...	4	13	0		3	1	6
Drayton and Toowoomba	...	...	...	*200	0	0	*200	0	0	Tiaro	...	...	4	19	0		5	0	9
Enoggera	...	...	...	*200	0	0	†*100	0	0	Toowong	...	...	36	12	0		†35	5	0
Etheridge	...	...	...	4	4	0	3	9	6	Townsville	...	...	*200	0	0		*200	0	0
Fassifern	...	...	...	27	19	6	26	12	6	Warrego	...	...	3	7	6				
Gladstone	...	...	...	9	12	0	14	5	0	Warwick	...	...	170	0	0		†*85	0	0
Gympie	...	...	...	11	5	0	14	5	0	Westwood	...	...	†				†
Herberton	...	...	...	8	17	0	10	15	3	Wide Bay	...	...	†				†
Highfields	...	...	...	†			†			Woothakata	...	...	4	4	0		3	4	6
Hughenden	...	...	...	8	14	0	10	2	6										
Ipswich	...	...	...	*200	0	0	*200	0	0	TOTALS	...	£	2,271	11	0		1,993	6	9
Kennedy	...	...	...	*200	0	0	*200	0	0										

a Not allowed either fees or salary as Registrar, but paid for other offices. * Paid by salary. † The Registrar for Darling Downs Central is also Registrar for Drayton and Toowoomba and Highfields; the Registrar for Dalby is also Registrar for Darling Downs North; the Registrar for Ipswich is also Registrar for Moreton West; the Registrar for Darling Downs East is also Registrar for Warwick; the Registrar for Rockhampton is also Registrar for Westwood; the Registrar for Maryborough is also Registrar for Wide Bay; the Registrar for Marathon is also Registrar for Hughenden. ‡ To 30th June. || Clerk at £100 per annum from 1st July. ¶ Clerk at £70 per annum from 1st July.

The decrease from £2,271 11s. in 1901 to £1,993 6s. 9d. in 1902 was the result of readjustments and reductions of payment on account of certain registration districts.

J. HUGHES, Registrar-General.

Statistical Office, Brisbane, 20th April, 1903.

GENERAL SCHEME OF CLASSIFICATION OF CAUSES OF DEATH.

CLASS I.—Zymotic Diseases.

ORDER 1.—MIASMATIC DISEASES.

1. Small-pox.
2. Chicken-pox.
3. Measles.
4. Epidemic Rose Rash.
5. Scarlet Fever.
6. Typhus Fever.
- 6a. Bubonic Plague.
7. Typhoid or Enteric Fever.
8. Relapsing Fever.
9. Influenza, Coryza, Catarrh.
- 9a. Dengue Fever.
10. Whooping Cough.
11. Mumps.
12. Diphtheria.
13. Cerebro-Spinal Fever.
14. Simple and Ill-defined Fever.
- 14a. Beri Beri.
15. Other Miasmatic Diseases.

ORDER 2.—DIARRHOEAL DISEASES.

1. Cholera { *a* Asiatic.
 { *b* English.
2. Diarrhoea.
3. Dysentery.

ORDER 3.—MALARIAL DISEASES.

1. Remittent Fever.
2. Ague.

ORDER 4.—ZOOGENOUS DISEASES.

1. Hydrophobia.
2. Glanders.
3. Splenic Fever.
4. Cow-pox and other Effects of Vaccination.

ORDER 5.—VENEREAL DISEASES.

1. Syphilis.
2. Gonorrhoea, Stricture of Urethra.

ORDER 6.—SEPTIC DISEASES.

1. Phagedæna.
2. Erysipelas.
3. Pyæmia, Septicæmia.
4. Puerperal Septicæmia.

CLASS II.—Parasitic Diseases.

1. Thrush.
2. Other Diseases from Vegetable Parasites.
3. Hydatid Disease.
4. Other Diseases from Animal Parasites.

CLASS III.—Dietetic Diseases.

1. Starvation { *a* Want of Breast Milk.
 { *b* Privation.
2. Scurvy.
3. Intemperance { *a* Chronic Alcoholism
 { *b* Delirium Tremens.
 { *c* Opium, Abuse of

CLASS IV.—Constitutional Diseases.

1. Rheumatic Fever.
2. Rheumatism of the Heart.
3. Rheumatism.
4. Gout.
5. Rickets.
6. Cancer.
7. Tabes Mesenterica.
8. Tubercular Meningitis (Acute Hydrocephalus).
9. Phthisis.
10. Other forms of Tuberculosis—Scrofula.
11. Purpura, Hæmorrhagic Diathesis.
12. Anæmia.
13. Chlorosis.
14. Lukæmia.
15. Diabetes Mellitus.
16. Other Constitutional Diseases.

CLASS V.—Developmental Diseases.

1. Premature Birth.
2. Atelectasis.
3. Cyanosis.
4. Spina Bifida.
5. Imperforate Anus.
6. Cleft Palate, Hare Lip.
7. Other Congenital Defects.
8. Old Age.
- 8a. Senile Decay.

CLASS VI.—Local Diseases.

ORDER 1.—DISEASES OF NERVOUS SYSTEM.

1. Inflammation of Brain or its Membranes.
2. Apoplexy.
3. Softening of Brain.
4. Hemiplegia, Brain Paralysis.
- 4a. Caisson Disease.
5. Paralysis Agitans.
6. Insanity, General Paralysis of Insane.
7. Chorea.
8. Epilepsy.
9. Convulsions.
10. Laryngismus Stridulus.
11. Idiopathic Tetanus.
12. Paraplegia, Diseases of Spinal Cord.
13. Other Diseases of Nervous System.

ORDER 2.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF SPECIAL SENSE.

1. Otitis, Otorrhoea.
2. Epistaxis and Disease of Nose.
3. Ophthalmia and Disease of Eye.

ORDER 3.—DISEASES OF CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.

1. Endocarditis, Valvular Disease.
2. Pericarditis.
3. Hypertrophy of Heart.
4. Angina Pectoris.
5. Syncope.
6. Aneurism.
7. Senile Gangrene.
8. Embolism.
9. Thrombosis.
10. Phlebitis.
11. Varicose Veins.
12. Other Diseases of Circulatory System.

ORDER 4.—DISEASES OF RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.

1. Laryngitis.
2. Croup.
3. Other Diseases of Larynx and Trachea.
4. Emphysema.
5. Asthma.
6. Bronchitis.
7. Pneumonia.
8. Pleurisy.
9. Other Diseases of Respiratory System.

ORDER 5.—DISEASES OF DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.

1. Stomatitis, Noma.
2. Dentition.
3. Sore Throat, Quinsy.
4. Dyspepsia.
5. Hæmatemesis.
6. Melæna.
7. Disease of Stomach.
8. Enteritis.
9. Ulceration of Intestine.
10. Ileus, Obstruction of Intestine.
11. Stricture, or Strangulation of Intestine.
12. Intussusception of Intestine.
13. Hernia.
14. Fistula.
15. Peritonitis.
16. Ascites.
17. Gallstones.
18. Cirrhosis of Liver.
19. Other Diseases of Liver.
20. Other Diseases of Digestive System.

ORDER 6.—DISEASES OF LYMPHATIC SYSTEM AND DUCTLESS GLANDS.

1. Diseases of Lymphatic System.
2. Diseases of Spleen.
3. Bronchocele.
4. Addison's Disease.

ORDER 7.—DISEASES OF URINARY SYSTEM.

1. Acute Nephritis.
2. Bright's Disease.
3. Uræmia.
4. Suppression of Urine.
5. Calculus.
6. Hæmaturia.
7. Disease of Bladder and of Prostate.
8. Other Diseases of Urinary System.

ORDER 8.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF GENERATION.

1. Ovarian Disease.
2. Diseases of Uterus and Vagina.
3. Disorders of Menstruation.
4. Pelvic Abscess.
5. Perineal Abscess.
6. Diseases of Testes, Penis, Scrotum, &c.

Local Diseases—continued.

ORDER 9.—DISEASES OF PARTURITION.

1. Abortion, Miscarriage.
2. Puerperal Mania.
3. Puerperal Convulsions.
4. Placenta Prævia.
5. Flooding.
6. Phlegmasia Dolens.
7. Other Accidents of Childbirth.

ORDER 10.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION.

1. Caries.
2. Necrosis.
3. Arthritis.
4. Ostitis.
5. Periostitis.
6. Other Diseases of Organs of Locomotion.

ORDER 11.—DISEASES OF INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM.

1. Carbuncle, Boil, &c.
2. Phlegmon.
3. Cellulitis.
4. Lupus.
5. Ulcer, Bedsore.
6. Eczema.
7. Pemphigus.
8. Other Diseases of Integumentary System.

CLASS VII.—Violence.

ORDER 1.—ACCIDENT OR NEGLIGENCE.

1. Fractures, Contusions.
2. Gunshot Wounds.
3. Cut, Stab, &c.
4. Burn.
5. Scald.
6. Sunstroke and Heat Apoplexy.
7. Poison.
8. Bite of a Venomous Reptile or Insect.
9. Drowning.
10. } Other Accidents as certified.
- to }
- }

ORDER 2.—HOMICIDE.

1. Murder { *a* By Whites.
 { *b* By Aborigines.
 { *c* By Coloured Persons
 other than Aborigines.
2. Manslaughter.

ORDER 3.—SUICIDE.

1. Gunshot Wounds.
2. Cut, Stab, &c.
3. Poison.
4. Drowning.
5. Suffocation.
6. Hanging.
7. Otherwise or Unspecified.

ORDER 4.—EXECUTION.

1. Hanging.

ORDER 5.—WOUNDS IN BATTLE—

Omitted in practice.

CLASS VIII.—Ill-defined and Not Specified Causes.

1. Dropsy.
2. Debility.
3. Atrophy.
4. Inanition.
5. Mortification.
6. Tumour.
7. Polypus.
8. Abscess.
9. Hæmorrhage.
10. Fits (Unspecified).
11. Sudden (Cause not ascertained).
12. Other Ill-defined or Unspecified Causes.

NOTE.—The above Classification is based on the system adopted by the Registrar-General of England in 1881 as recommended by a Committee of Members of the Royal College of Physicians of London. The most recent revision of the Nomenclature of Diseases by that Committee was completed in 1885.

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SYNOPSIS of the VITAL STATISTICS of QUEENSLAND, from the Year 1856 to 1902 inclusive.

This estimate exceeded the Population, as ascertained by the Census taken on the 5th April, 1891, by 11,368 Males, 1,078 Females, or 12,446 Persons; the estimate has therefore been corrected by taking the Census Population with 21 per cent. added for non-collection as the basis, and deducting therefrom the increase by excess of Births over Deaths and excess of Arrivals over Departures by Sea and by Rail between the 1st January and the 5th April, 1891, which gives the corrected estimate marked §§.

Table No. I.

N.B.—For particulars respecting arrivals Coloured Aliens, *vide* Table No. III

Table No. II.

TABLE showing the DEPARTURES by SEA and Overland by RAILWAY during each QUARTER of the Year 1902.

Period.	Whither.	Brisbane.		Mary-borough.		Bunda-berg.		Glad-stone.		Rock-hampton.		Mackay.		Port Denison.		Townsville.		Dunge-ness.		Cairns.		Port Douglas.		Cook-town.		Thursday Island.		Norman-ton.		Burke-town.		Wallan-garra (by Rail).		TOTAL DEPARTURES.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Males.	Females.	Persons.		
1st Quarter ...	United Kingdom	18	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	6	...	...	...	...	38	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67	80	147
	New South Wales	1,781	943	23	22	191	120	13	5	9	5	144	113	92	34	13	2	12	9	7	4	8	...	2,964	1606	5,257	2,863	8,120
	Victoria	219	157	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71	57	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	...	...	...	...	293	214	507
	South Australia	11	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	10	28	
	Western Australia	35	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	13	48	
	Tasmania ... ..	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
	New Guinea (British) ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	66	8	121	...	...	...	...	...	187	8	195	
	Hong Kong	27	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	28	...	...	...	12	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	77	6	83	
	Other British Possessions in Asia	24	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	7	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	40	9	49	
	British America	17	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	9	26
	Africa	121	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	124	1	125	
	Other British Possessions	...	2	2	2	4
	United States	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	4
	China ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	...	45
	Japan	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	118	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	2	...	...	...	...	134	5	139
Pacific Islands	2	...	...	...	165	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	167	9	176	
Other Foreign Countries	12	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	4	...	...	...	...	53	5	58	
Total First Quarter...		2,272	1,177	24	22	165	9	207	126	13	5	9	5	466	220	127	34	91	12	164	16	7	4	8	...	2,964	1606	6,517	3,236	9,753
2nd Quarter ...	United Kingdom	39	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	2	...	...	...	...	9	8	...	...	4	5	...	...	...	...	4	7	...	...	...	...	...	63	61	124
	New South Wales	1,476	749	17	11	131	68	10	10	5	3	104	66	45	21	10	4	9	2	3	6	2,128	1,032	3,938	1,972	5,910
	Victoria	190	104	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	66	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	257	136	393
	South Australia	13	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	6	27
	Western Australia	28	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	20	48
	New Zealand ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
	New Guinea (British) ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	3	28	2	...	...	...	...	...	45	5	50
	Hong Kong	55	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	6	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	34	...	...	...	7	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	120	14	134	
	Other British Possessions in Asia	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	...	38
	British America	19	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	14	33
	Africa	490	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	492	1	493
	China ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	2	40
	Japan	9	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	6	40
	Pacific Islands ... ..	...	...	...	...	415	23	...	...	...	...	98	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	139	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	652	34	686
	Other Foreign Countries	3	1	21	2	24	3	27
Total Second Quarter		2,350	942	18	11	415	23	148	76	108	18	5	3	236	112	222	29	39	10	97	13	3	6	1	...	2,128	1032	5,770	2,275	8,045

TABLE No. II.—continued.

TABLE showing the DEPARTURES by SEA and OVERLAND by RAILWAY during each QUARTER of the YEAR, 1902—continued.

Period.	Whither.	Brisbane.		Mary-borough.		Bunda-berg.		Glad-stone.		Rock-hampton.		Mackay.		Port Denison.		Townsville.		Dunge-ness.		Cairns.		Port Douglas.		Cooktown.		Thursday Island.		Norman-ton.		Burke-town.		Wallan-garra. (by Rail).		TOTAL DEPARTURES.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Males.	Females	Persons.		
3rd Quarter ...	United Kingdom ...	12	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	7	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	20	38
	New South Wales ...	1,763	809	30	22	12	12	126	94	9	6	12	1	139	95	48	17	19	1	33	8	4	...	24	...	2,155	1037	4,374	2,102	6,476
	Victoria ...	185	104	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	1	1	3	...	274	142	416	
	South Australia ...	18	5	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	7	35	
	Western Australia ...	32	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	18	50	
	New Zealand ...	12	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	4	16	
	New Guinea (British) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	11	21	7	...	...	...	...	66	19	85	
	Hong Kong ...	32	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	5	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	71	4	75	
	Other British Possessions in Asia ...	31	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	73	6	79
	Africa ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
	British America ...	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	12
	Other Countries in Europe ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
	United States ...	9	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	2	11
	China ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	2	28
	Japan ...	4	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	2	...	...	...	...	...	27	9	36
	Pacific Islands ...	...	...	148	5	187	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	335	14	349
	Other Foreign Countries ...	5	1	1	11	1	17	2	19
Total Third Quarter		2,111	974	178	27	187	9	13	12	130	102	9	6	12	1	298	137	66	17	72	16	105	20	5	1	29	...	2,155	1037	5,370	2,359	7,729
4th Quarter ...	United Kingdom ...	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	8	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	10	26
	New South Wales ...	2,306	1,058	36	30	169	181	34	24	23	12	119	118	77	25	23	8	9	3	14	11	2	...	2,316	1213	5,128	2,683	7,811
	Victoria ...	288	201	3	4	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	112	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	406	293	699
	South Australia...	13	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	12	40
	Western Australia ...	24	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	12	36
	New Zealand ...	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	7
	New Guinea (British) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	5	21	7	...	...	...	...	...	50	12	62
	Hong Kong ...	21	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	82	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	123	6	129	
	Other British Possessions in Asia ...	12	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	25
	British America ...	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	4	7
	Africa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6
	Other British Possessions (not previously named) ...	8	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	5	13
	United States ...	8	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	6	14
	China ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	...	43
	Japan ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	159	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	1	...	...	...	...	...	178	1	179
	Pacific Islands ...	...	...	4	...	473	18	...	...	...	...	120	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	597	29	626
	Other Foreign Countries ...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	1	...	...	...	...	30	8	38
Total Fourth Quarter		2,698	1,315	43	34	473	18	4	1	178	182	154	35	34	13	465	204	159	25	58	13	77	13	14	11	4	7	2,316	1213	6,677	3,084	9,761
TOTAL FOR THE YEAR		9,431	4,408	263	94	1240	59	17	13	663	486	284	64	60	22	1465	673	574	105	260	51	443	62	29	22	42	7	9563	4888	24,334	10,954	35,288

	Males.	Females.	Persons.
Total Arrivals ...	23,817	10,265	34,082
Total Departures ...	24,334	10,954	35,288
Excess of Departures ...	517	689	1,206

N.B.—For particulars respecting departures Coloured Aliens, *vide* Table No. IV.

Table No. III.

TABLE showing the ARRIVALS of COLOURED ALIENS by SEA, and OVERLAND by RAILWAY, during each QUARTER of the YEAR 1902.

Race	Port.	FIRST QUARTER.			SECOND QUARTER.			THIRD QUARTER.			FOURTH QUARTER.			TOTAL FOR YEAR.		
		Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.
Chinese	Brisbane	83	...	83	134	5	139	75	...	75	62	4	66	354	9	363
	Rockhampton ... ..	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	4	...	4
	Townsville	14	...	14	36	...	36	28	...	28	43	...	43	121	...	121
	Cairns	11	2	13	36	...	36	37	...	37	11	...	11	95	2	97
	Cooktown	71	...	71	72	1	73	6	2	8	7	1	8	156	4	160
	Thursday Island ... ..	...	...	...	9	...	9	1	...	1	2	...	2	12	...	12
	Burketown ... ..	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
	Wallangarra	1	...	1	2	...	2	...	...	...	11	...	11	14	...	14
	Totals	180	2	182	293	6	299	147	2	149	138	5	143	758	15	773
Pacific Islanders	Maryborough ... ..	...	...	...	178	7	185	...	...	...	...	...	...	178	7	185
	Bundaberg ... ..	...	...	...	287	4	291	...	...	...	215	8	223	502	12	514
	Mackay	55	1	56	97	7	104	23	3	26	...	...	...	175	11	186
	Townsville ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	58	4	62	58	4	62
	Cairns	77	2	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	77	2	79
	Port Douglas ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	104	9	113	...	...	...	104	9	113
	Thursday Island ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1
	Totals	132	3	135	562	18	580	128	12	140	273	12	285	1,095	45	1,140
Japanese	Brisbane ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1
	Townsville	98	6	104	76	...	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	174	6	180
	Thursday Island	58	1	59	31	4	35	1	...	1	3	2	5	93	7	100
	Wallangarra	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
	Totals	159	7	166	107	4	111	1	...	1	4	2	6	271	13	284
Natives of India and Ceylon	Townsville	6	...	6	2	...	2	...	...	...	6	...	6	14	...	14
	Thursday Island	3	...	3	1	...	1	2	...	2	2	...	2	8	...	8
	Wallangarra ... ..	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	2	...	2	4	...	4
	Totals	9	...	9	4	...	4	3	...	3	10	...	10	25	...	26
Other Asiatic Races	Brisbane ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
	Cooktown	25	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	25
	Thursday Island	3	...	3	9	1	10	26	...	26	60	...	60	98	1	99
	Wallangarra	4	5	9	9	4	13	5	2	7	1	...	1	19	11	30
	Totals	32	5	37	18	5	23	31	3	34	61	...	61	142	13	155
GRAND TOTALS		512	17	529	984	33	1,017	310	17	327	486	19	505	2,292	86	2,378

Table No. IV.

TABLE showing the DEPARTURES of COLOURED ALIENS by SEA, and OVERLAND by RAILWAY, during each QUARTER of the YEAR 1902.

Race.	Port.	FIRST QUARTER.			SECOND QUARTER.			THIRD QUARTER.			FOURTH QUARTER.			TOTAL DURING YEAR.		
		Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.
Chinese	Brisbane	26	...	26	55	5	60	32	3	35	39	...	39	152	8	160
	Rockhampton	3	...	3	8	6	14	1	...	1	6	...	6	18	6	24
	Townsville	47	...	47	36	1	37	25	2	27	50	...	50	158	3	161
	Cairns	28	...	28	33	...	33	18	...	18	82	...	82	161	...	161
	Cooktown	12	2	14	7	...	7	5	...	5	5	...	5	29	2	31
	Thursday Island	4	...	4	7	...	7	12	...	12	5	...	5	28	...	28
	Wallangarra	1	...	1	3	...	3	...	...	...	19	...	19	23	...	23
	Totals	121	2	123	149	12	161	93	5	98	206	...	206	569	19	588
Pacific Islanders	Brisbane	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5
	Maryborough ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	147	5	152	...	...	...	150	5	155
	Bundaberg	162	9	171	412	22	434	186	9	195	470	18	488	1,230	58	1,288
	Mackay ... ..	...	...	...	97	8	105	...	...	...	119	11	130	216	19	235
	Cairns ... ..	...	...	...	138	3	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	138	3	141
	Thursday Island ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1
	Wallangarra ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1
	Totals	167	9	176	647	33	680	334	14	348	593	29	622	1,741	85	1,826
Japanese	Brisbane ... ..	...	1	1	2	...	2	3	...	3	...	...	...	5	1	6
	Townsville	115	...	115	13	1	14	6	1	7	159	...	159	293	2	295
	Thursday Island	14	2	16	14	...	14	15	2	17	26	2	28	69	6	75
	Totals	129	3	132	29	1	30	24	3	27	185	2	187	367	9	376
Natives of India and Ceylon	Brisbane	22	...	22	28	...	28	8	...	8	11	...	11	69	...	69
	Townsville	21	...	21	2	...	2	16	...	16	13	...	13	52	...	52
	Cairns	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5
	Thursday Island	1	...	1	6	...	6	6	...	6	...	...	...	13	...	13
	Wallangarra ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	3
	Totals	49	...	49	36	...	36	30	...	30	27	...	27	142	...	142
Other Asiatic Races	Brisbane ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	16	...	...	...	16	...	16
	Townsville	18	7	25	1	...	1	...	...	...	2	2	4	21	9	30
	Cooktown	25	...	25	...	...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	38	...	38
	Thursday Island	121	4	125	29	1	30	16	...	16	8	1	9	174	6	180
	Wallangarra	4	2	6	8	2	10	6	...	6	...	...	...	18	4	22
	Totals	168	13	181	38	3	41	51	...	51	10	3	13	267	19	286
GRAND TOTALS		634	27	661	809	49	948	532	22	554	1,021	34	1,055	3,086	132	3,218

Table No. V.

SHOWING the ESTIMATED POPULATION on 31st December, 1901; the NUMBER of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS REGISTERED in Queensland during the Year 1902; the ESTIMATED POPULATION, and the ESTIMATED MEAN POPULATION of the STATE for the Year 1902.

Estimated Population on 31st December, 1901.			Births Registered in 1902.			Marriages Registered in 1902.	Deaths Registered in 1902.			Estimated Population on 31st December, 1902.			Estimated Mean Population, 1902.		
Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.		Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.
284,347	226,168	510,515	7,279	6,937	14,216	3,243	3,924	2,280	6,204	285,482	229,369	514,851	285,525	228,067	513,612

Table No. VI.
BIRTHS.
SHOWING the NUMBER of BIRTHS REGISTERED in each QUARTER of the Year 1902.

REGISTRY DISTRICT.	FIRST QUARTER.		SECOND QUARTER.		THIRD QUARTER.		FOURTH QUARTER.		TOTALS.		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Persons.
Aramac	22	23	23	23	17	22	15	19	77	87	164
Balonne	9	8	11	8	4	6	10	6	34	28	62
Blackall	9	9	16	25	19	15	15	19	59	68	127
Bowen	8	9	11	10	9	14	18	7	46	40	86
Brisbane	253	208	232	226	260	274	243	225	978	933	1,911
Bundaberg	57	42	71	58	44	56	62	58	234	214	448
Burke	4	4	...	4	6	3	...	6	10	17	27
Burnett	24	35	20	23	28	26	20	19	92	103	195
Caboolture	18	25	20	26	36	27	31	27	105	105	210
Cairns	31	27	36	29	29	28	27	38	123	122	245
Cardwell	12	13	18	8	11	12	12	10	53	43	96
Charleville... ..	...	...	17	21	15	7	11	11	43	39	82
Clermont	14	20	17	10	15	15	17	11	63	56	119
Cloncurry	2	2	3	2	2	...	1	...	8	4	12
Cook	13	3	16	10	11	14	6	14	46	41	87
Croydon	19	26	26	14	20	20	19	21	84	81	165
Cunnamulla	6	6	8	7	10	8	3	4	27	25	52
Dalby	7	5	10	11	12	11	7	5	36	32	68
Darling Downs Central...	38	37	48	44	45	35	42	36	173	152	325
Darling Downs East	25	30	35	23	37	23	24	29	121	105	226
Darling Downs North	24	19	25	22	20	23	25	22	94	86	180
Darling Downs West	8	2	11	6	7	3	4	10	30	21	51
Diamantina	4	6	4	2	6	3	2	3	16	14	30
Drayton and Toowoomba	64	66	76	73	76	84	70	82	286	305	591
Enoggera	86	74	92	70	89	85	103	68	370	297	667
Etheridge	8	2	2	4	3	1	4	3	17	10	27
Fassifern	40	27	29	36	32	42	33	21	134	126	260
Gladstone	26	15	24	14	17	24	18	23	85	76	161
Gympie	56	64	70	70	59	56	69	61	254	251	505
Herberton	25	9	23	19	19	16	20	15	87	59	146
Highfields	14	19	14	14	11	14	21	14	60	61	121
Hughenden	8	15	10	12	9	18	6	5	33	50	83
Ipswich	51	57	40	64	56	51	62	37	209	209	418
Kennedy	119	89	121	112	104	94	93	77	437	372	809
Leichhardt	4	1	2	2	2	1	...	1	8	5	13
Logan	21	32	30	34	35	41	40	38	126	145	271
Mackay	30	35	43	37	36	34	40	34	149	140	289
Maranoa	28	27	32	23	31	29	25	20	116	99	215
Marathon	12	8	8	5	9	8	9	9	38	30	68
Maryborough	48	51	58	63	52	49	49	49	207	212	419
Moreton East	31	27	30	30	39	28	37	33	137	118	255
Moreton West	83	69	92	92	95	100	84	89	354	350	704
Mount Morgan	46	36	48	49	52	47	33	47	179	179	358
Nundah	33	49	37	45	53	48	45	36	168	178	346
Oxley	25	33	29	23	44	29	32	32	130	117	247
Palmer	1	1	3	1	2	2	2	1	8	5	13
Peak Downs	1	1	...	...	1	1	1	...	3	2	5
Rockhampton	71	57	62	85	79	75	74	73	286	290	576
Somerset	7	5	6	9	6	5	5	5	24	24	48
Springsure... ..	5	8	9	9	17	14	12	8	43	39	82
Stanley	7	6	6	6	6	10	8	7	27	29	56
Stanthorpe	5	3	8	6	10	12	6	10	29	31	60
St. Lawrence	5	2	2	3	...	1	3	...	10	6	16
Tambo	4	5	...	5	2	3	3	1	9	14	23
Taroom	3	6	5	2	2	7	1	3	11	18	29
Tiaro	3	4	4	9	3	9	9	6	19	28	47
Toowong	26	27	32	13	25	13	23	30	106	83	189
Townsville	68	57	72	77	79	75	52	57	271	266	537
Warrego	4	3	4	5	4	2	...	4	12	14	26
Warwick	26	22	22	19	23	23	12	21	83	85	168
Westwood	13	28	20	26	35	23	29	24	97	101	198
Wide Bay	23	10	22	31	23	23	24	21	92	85	177
Woothakata	5	1	4	5	2	4	2	2	13	12	25
TOTALS	1,742	1,610	1,859	1,814	1,905	1,846	1,773	1,667	7,279	6,937	14,216
TOTAL EACH QUARTER	3,352		3,673		3,751		3,440		7,279	6,937	14,216

MARRIAGES.

Table No. VII.

SHOWING the NUMBER of MARRIAGES REGISTERED during the Year 1902.

Registry District.				Church of England.	Roman Catholic Church.	Methodist.	Presbyterian.	Baptist.	Lutheran.	Congregational.	Salvation Army.	Church of Christ.	Society of Friends.	New Jerusalem and Moravian.	Seventh Day Adventist and Joyful News Mission.	Catholic Apostolic.	Hebrew.	By Registrar and Justices Marrying Act.	Total.
Aramac	...	...	...	14	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22
Balonne	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	11
Blackall	...	...	...	7	5	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15
Bowen	...	...	...	8	1	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
Brisbane	...	...	...	144	179	58	157	54	27	31	4	4	...	...	62	1	...	55	776
Bundaberg	...	...	...	25	15	16	26	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	89
Burke	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	8
Burnett	...	...	...	23	4	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30
Caboolture	...	...	...	6	2	29	9	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48
Cairns	...	...	...	31	20	14	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	75
Cardwell	...	...	...	8	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	17
Charleville	...	...	...	11	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	17
Clermont	...	...	...	3	4	11	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	20
Cloncurry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
Cook	...	...	...	10	7	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	23
Croydon	...	...	...	10	3	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	30
Cunnamulla	...	...	...	...	7	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	22
Dalby	...	...	...	6	8	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	19
Darling Downs Central	...	...	...	16	1	9	11	...	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44
Darling Downs East	...	...	...	4	4	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
Darling Downs North	...	...	...	7	1	2	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14
Darling Downs West	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Diamantina	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	6
Drayton and Toowoomba	...	...	...	59	59	16	13	13	23	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	193
Enoggera	...	...	...	44	...	17	22	17	1	5	4	1	...	...	1	...	...	11	123
Etheridge	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	5
Fassifern	...	...	...	5	2	2	2	4	7	5	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	28
Gladstone	...	...	...	10	3	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	20
Gympie	...	...	...	23	26	18	6	3	...	15	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	92
Herberton	...	...	...	19	7	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39
Highfields	...	...	...	...	1	7	1	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
Hughenden	...	...	...	10	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	15
Ipswich	...	...	...	25	29	24	6	2	4	27	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	130
Kennedy	...	...	...	67	43	39	22	5	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	11	190
Leichhardt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
Logan	...	...	...	13	6	8	...	2	5	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	39
Mackay	...	...	...	24	16	13	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	64
Maranoa	...	...	...	6	18	5	3	1	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	1	40
Marathon	...	...	...	5	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	11
Maryborough	...	...	...	17	20	24	13	7	13	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	108
Moreton East	...	...	...	8	1	14	7	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	6	42
Moreton West	...	...	...	11	16	13	4	6	20	12	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	1	88
Mount Morgan	...	...	...	7	7	10	10	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36
Nundah	...	...	...	10	2	11	3	5	7	4	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	4	49
Oxley	...	...	...	6	...	1	9	3	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	29
Palmer	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
Peak Downs	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Rockhampton	...	...	...	30	39	31	19	8	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	136
Somerset	...	...	...	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	7	17
Springhurst	...	...	...	17	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28
Stanley	...	...	...	2	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6
Stanthorpe	...	...	...	4	2	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	15
St. Lawrence	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Tambo	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Taroom	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Tiaro	...	...	...	2	...	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
Toowong	...	...	...	4	...	7	8	7	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	31
Townsville	...	...	...	75	30	11	22	8	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	175
Warrego	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	4
Warwick	...	...	...	15	22	11	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	60
Westwood	...	...	...	13	10	16	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	47
Wide Bay	...	...	...	4	1	11	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	20
Woothakata	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3
TOTAL	...	...	...	883	645	523	445	156	130	122	16	16	...	2	68	7	...	230	3,243

Table No. VIII.
SHOWING the NATIONALITY of HUSBANDS and WIVES MARRIED during the Year 1902.

NATIONALITY OF HUSBANDS.				NATIONALITY OF WIVES.																															
				AUSTRALIAN STATES.						UNITED KINGDOM.			EUROPE.						AMERICA.		AFRICA.		INDIA.		CHINA.		PACIFIC ISLANDS.		Aboriginal Natives, including Half-Castes.	Other Countries not named.	At Sea.	Unspecified.	Total Husbands.		
				Queensland.	New South Wales.	Victoria.	South Australia.	Western Australia.	Tasmania.	New Zealand.	England and Wales.	Scotland.	Ireland.	Germany.	Norway.	Sweden.	Denmark.	Italy.	British Possessions in Europe.	Other Countries in Europe.	British America.	United States.	Born of European Parents.	Aboriginal Natives.	Born of European Parents.	Aboriginal Natives.	Born of European Parents.	Aboriginal Natives.						Born of European Parents.	Aboriginal Natives.
Australian States	Queensland ...	1,084	66	23	11	...	3	8	173	46	57	21	1	2	2	...	2	2	1	1	...	1,503	
	New South Wales ...	161	49	2	2	...	2	...	34	4	21	3	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	282
	Victoria ...	59	8	11	1	...	...	3	17	6	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	113	
	South Australia ...	16	...	2	6	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	30	
	Western Australia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
New Zealand	Tasmania ...	6	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12
	New Zealand ...	8	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14
United Kingdom	England and Wales ...	325	34	14	5	...	2	3	183	31	27	5	1	1	5	1	...	2	...	1	1	1	1	2	645	
	Scotland ...	89	13	3	1	...	...	3	36	17	18	4	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	189
	Ireland ...	79	10	4	2	...	1	...	31	3	52	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	187
Europe ...	Germany ...	48	6	1	...	...	1	10	3	6	24	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	101
	Norway ...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
	Sweden ...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	1	1	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
	Denmark ...	13	1	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23
	Italy ...	3	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
	British Possessions in Europe ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
America	Other Countries in Europe ...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
	British America ...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
Africa	United States ...	3	1	...	...	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
	Born of European Parents ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
India	Aboriginal Natives ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Born of European Parents ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
China	Aboriginal Natives ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
	Born of European Parents ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pacific Islands	Aboriginal Natives ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Born of European Parents ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14
Other British Possessions	Aboriginal Natives ...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
	Born of European Parents ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19
Other Countries not named	Other British Possessions ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
	Other Countries not named ...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17
At Sea	At Sea ...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
	Unspecified ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL WIVES ...				1,936	192	64	30	...	8	21	508	114	201	61	6	7	18	6	...	8	3	4	5	10	...	7	14	12	6	2	3,243

This Table may be read thus:—Following the first line horizontally across the table, it appears that 1,503 men, natives of Queensland, were married during the year; of whom 1,084 were married to Queensland women, 66 to women natives of New South Wales, 23 to natives of Victoria, and so on. Following the first column downwards, it appears that 1,936 women, natives of Queensland, were married, of whom 1,084 were married to men natives of the State, 161 to natives of New South Wales, 59 to Victorians, 16 to natives of South Australia, and so on.

Table No. IX.—SHOWING the AGES of 3,243 HUSBANDS and 3,243 WIVES MARRIED in QUEENSLAND during the Year 1902.

[illegible]

Table No. X.

NUMBER of DEATHS of PERSONS of both SEXES REGISTERED during each MONTH of the YEAR ended 31st DECEMBER, 1902, distinguishing AGES at DEATHS.

Age Groups.								January.		February.		March.		April.		May.		June.		July.		August.		September.		October.		November.		December.		Total for the Year.			
								Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Grand Total.
Under 1 month								25	22	22	18	25	12	24	16	23	13	26	12	25	20	16	29	23	13	21	21	13	16	25	24	268	216	484	
1 month and under 2 months								2	6	2	5	8	8	6	3	6	2	1	3	2	1	...	1	8	2	3	3	3	7	8	10	3	55	45	100
2 months								4	5	4	8	8	5	9	1	2	5	4	5	3	2	3	4	6	2	6	3	19	8	9	9	77	57	134	
3 "								12	10	12	17	7	10	11	12	7	8	9	7	10	4	7	6	12	10	23	19	31	24	33	30	174	157	331	
6 "								21	29	24	18	12	9	14	16	13	13	8	2	5	6	12	7	14	8	22	14	24	24	37	23	206	169	375	
Total under 12 months								64	72	64	66	60	44	64	48	51	41	48	29	45	33	38	47	63	35	75	60	94	80	114	89	780	644	1,424	
1 year and under 2 years								7	12	14	5	16	8	9	7	8	5	8	5	7	3	6	7	9	4	9	7	4	15	22	24	119	102	221	
2 years								2	2	3	6	4	2	3	2	3	7	3	1	2	4	4	3	6	1	4	3	3	3	5	1	42	35	77	
3 "								3	4	7	2	...	1	1	2	1	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	1	2	1	3	5	4	5	3	30	33	63	
4 "								1	1	1	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	2	2	1	1	3	2	2	2	...	1	2	4	...	3	13	20	33
Total under 5 years								77	91	89	81	80	55	77	61	64	56	64	40	57	44	52	62	81	44	89	74	108	106	146	120	984	834	1,818	
5 years and under 10 years								14	5	4	5	4	6	4	7	7	6	3	3	6	6	3	7	7	6	9	4	6	2	7	6	74	63	137	
10 "								4	6	2	5	8	6	5	5	11	6	2	5	2	3	6	5	3	2	4	4	4	7	7	5	61	59	120	
15 "								17	8	9	2	5	2	12	8	9	3	7	5	7	6	15	5	7	4	9	4	6	11	7	5	110	63	173	
20 "								22	5	21	8	17	4	27	12	13	10	13	7	14	3	20	5	14	11	22	4	22	6	18	9	223	84	307	
25 "								12	5	16	6	16	7	20	10	24	14	10	8	18	15	21	14	28	7	22	9	18	9	18	7	223	111	334	
30 "								27	4	20	6	13	8	22	3	16	7	19	10	8	20	9	14	13	21	17	12	7	16	7	21	10	221	101	322
35 "								19	10	17	4	13	8	16	9	22	8	21	12	16	15	22	11	22	6	20	8	20	12	25	14	233	117	350	
40 "								19	11	24	8	13	7	23	9	23	11	13	5	8	9	18	3	24	9	15	8	21	13	20	10	221	103	324	
45 "								23	6	16	10	10	3	18	4	17	6	13	7	24	6	8	7	14	8	16	11	14	7	10	10	183	85	268	
50 "								26	7	11	11	18	11	16	5	19	8	14	6	11	4	21	4	18	6	19	4	23	4	17	6	213	76	289	
55 "								18	11	17	4	10	7	15	7	17	9	14	5	23	13	17	10	20	9	17	8	19	8	25	7	212	98	310	
60 "								21	9	13	4	13	6	16	11	27	4	20	9	31	5	24	10	23	8	26	10	30	12	31	17	275	105	380	
65 "								14	6	15	10	17	7	18	8	19	14	22	10	20	11	26	10	20	11	33	9	25	11	24	9	253	116	369	
70 "								15	4	12	3	21	7	13	6	13	4	15	11	22	11	15	14	19	10	19	13	15	7	28	11	207	101	308	
75 "								7	3	8	3	8	4	7	1	4	5	11	8	11	6	15	12	10	9	10	8	7	4	6	8	104	71	175	
80 "								5	4	6	1	6	2	7	8	10	4	4	2	6	7	5	6	4	4	9	9	7	5	8	7	77	59	136	
85 "								2	3	...	1	...	4	3	3	3	1	4	1	1	2	2	4	2	1	4	1	2	1	3	4	26	26	52	
90 "								1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	2	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	9	6	15
Age not stated								1	...	1	...	3	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	3	2	15	2	17
Total 5 years and over								267	108	212	91	195	99	244	116	255	120	207	116	243	132	255	140	258	128	267	121	258	129	279	146	2,940	1,446	4,386	
Total all Ages, Male and Female								344	199	301	172	275	154	321	177	319	176	271	156	300	176	307	202	339	172	356	195	366	234	425	267	3,924	2,280	6,204	
Total Deaths of Persons each month								543		473		429		498		495		427		476		509		511		551		600		692					
Percentage to total number of Deaths for the year								8.75		7.62		6.92		8.03		7.98		6.88		7.67		8.20		8.24		8.88		9.67		11.15					
								Males.		Females.		Persons.		Males.		Females.		Persons.		Males.		Females.		Persons.		Males.		Females.		Persons.					
Total Deaths each quarter								920		525		1,445		911		509		1,420		946		550		1,496		1,147		696		1,843					

DEATHS.

Table No. XI.

SHOWING the NUMBER of DEATHS REGISTERED in QUEENSLAND in each QUARTER of the Year 1902.

REGISTRY DISTRICTS.	FIRST QUARTER.		SECOND QUARTER.		THIRD QUARTER.		FOURTH QUARTER.		TOTALS.		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Persons.
Aramac	20	9	7	4	10	6	9	2	46	21	67
Balonne	7	1	11	3	5	3	6	2	29	9	38
Blackall	9	2	4	2	11	4	8	3	32	11	43
Bowen	6	3	5	2	4	1	8	1	23	7	30
Brisbane	122	109	164	118	156	118	195	141	637	486	1,123
Bundaberg	42	20	57	12	37	13	71	24	207	69	276
Burke	4	3	...	...	1	1	3	...	8	4	12
Burnett	5	11	8	2	14	8	5	10	32	31	63
Caboolture	7	4	3	3	8	5	4	10	22	22	44
Cairns	48	6	30	8	35	5	28	7	141	26	167
Cardwell	7	2	15	2	8	3	12	6	42	13	55
Charleville ... ..	...	...	12	10	6	4	5	2	23	16	39
Clermont	11	6	11	4	15	3	12	7	49	20	69
Cloncurry	9	1	6	1	1	...	3	...	19	2	21
Cook	10	1	16	3	14	4	11	5	51	13	64
Croydon	12	6	7	5	14	6	16	9	49	26	75
Cunnamulla	7	1	1	3	2	2	4	...	14	6	20
Dalby	4	3	7	4	10	9	12	7	33	23	56
Darling Downs Central	14	3	12	7	11	6	8	11	45	27	72
Darling Downs East	7	2	5	2	8	2	9	9	29	15	44
Darling Downs North	5	4	5	8	8	12	9	8	27	32	59
Darling Downs West	6	3	5	...	6	2	4	3	21	8	29
Diamantina	5	1	2	...	4	1	2	1	13	3	16
Drayton and Toowoomba	25	27	29	20	41	33	50	27	145	107	252
Enoggera	27	23	25	26	23	19	43	38	118	106	224
Etheridge	1	2	1	...	5	1	7	1	14	4	18
Fassifern	12	7	6	5	8	8	15	8	41	28	69
Gladstone	6	4	7	3	6	5	7	3	26	15	41
Gympie	13	12	18	17	22	18	23	17	76	64	140
Herberton	31	8	22	3	8	1	11	1	72	13	85
Highfields	4	3	3	1	7	1	8	4	22	9	31
Hughenden	7	3	3	5	10	3	10	2	30	13	43
Ipswich	26	12	13	20	33	32	40	20	112	84	196
Kennedy	46	22	48	26	45	22	63	35	202	105	307
Leichhardt	1	2	...	...	3	...	1	...	5	2	7
Logan	10	5	11	9	7	6	14	4	42	24	66
Mackay	27	8	28	11	19	12	36	19	110	50	160
Maranoa	19	11	10	5	13	17	11	9	53	42	95
Marathon	12	5	5	4	1	5	10	5	28	19	47
Maryborough	24	14	30	23	23	17	31	26	108	80	188
Moreton East	49	6	40	9	39	10	51	17	179	42	221
Moreton West	18	21	21	13	36	15	28	30	103	79	182
Mount Morgan	15	8	13	7	10	6	14	13	52	34	86
Nundah	16	11	7	7	6	10	20	18	49	46	95
Oxley	14	7	27	10	26	15	34	19	101	51	152
Palmer	1	...	6	2	3	...	8	3	18	5	23
Peak Downs ... ..	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	3	1	4
Rockhampton	40	22	25	20	41	22	41	35	147	99	246
Somerset	14	2	12	...	18	1	12	1	56	4	60
Springure	3	6	6	1	4	2	7	4	20	13	33
Stanley	1	3	4	1	6	3	6	1	17	8	25
Stanthorpe	4	4	4	3	2	3	2	3	12	13	25
St. Lawrence	2	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	3	2	5
Tambo	1	1	2	...	1	...	1	...	5	1	6
Taroom	1	2	1	...	1	...	3	1	6	3	9
Tiaro	1	1	3	2	1	1	4	...	9	4	13
Toowong	7	8	8	8	3	10	11	6	29	32	61
Townsville	32	25	32	20	44	19	30	25	138	89	227
Warrego	3	3	3	...	3	1	1	2	10	6	16
Warwick	12	8	16	10	14	7	13	7	55	32	87
Westwood	10	13	8	9	14	3	10	17	42	42	84
Wide Bay	16	3	18	5	10	3	18	5	62	16	78
Woothakata	2	1	2	...	2	...	6	2	12	3	15
TOTALS	920	525	911	509	946	550	1,147	696			
TOTAL EACH QUARTER	1,445		1,420		1,496		1,843		3,924	2,280	6,204

DEATHS.

Table No. XII.

SHOWING the NUMBER of DEATHS of CHILDREN under FIVE YEARS of AGE REGISTERED during the Year 1902.

REGISTRY DISTRICT.	UNDER TWO YEARS.		TWO YEARS AND UNDER FIVE YEARS.		TOTAL UNDER FIVE YEARS.		Total Number of Deaths in each District under Five Years.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Persons.
Aramac	13	11	...	1	13	12	25
Balonne	5	3	1	...	6	3	9
Blackall	8	5	1	...	9	5	14
Bowen	2	3	...	...	2	3	5
Brisbane	182	121	18	15	200	136	336
Bundaberg	25	22	1	3	26	25	51
Burke ... ..	...	2	1	1	1	3	4
Burnett	8	13	1	4	9	17	26
Caboolture	3	8	1	2	4	10	14
Cairns	10	7	2	2	12	9	21
Cardwell	6	7	2	1	8	8	16
Charleville	3	7	1	1	4	8	12
Clermont	10	6	1	2	11	8	19
Cloncurry	3	1	...	...	3	1	4
Cook	4	1	...	...	4	1	5
Croydon	10	10	2	3	12	13	25
Cunnamulla	3	4	...	...	3	4	7
Dalby	4	4	1	1	5	5	10
Darling Downs Central	14	14	3	2	17	16	33
Darling Downs East	9	8	1	...	10	8	18
Darling Downs North	9	18	2	1	11	19	30
Darling Downs West	7	4	...	...	7	4	11
Diamantina	2	1	...	...	2	1	3
Drayton and Toowoomba	40	33	...	3	40	36	76
Enoggera	65	47	2	4	67	51	118
Etheridge	1	...	...	2	1	2	3
Fassifern	10	4	3	...	13	4	17
Gladstone	11	4	2	...	13	4	17
Gympie	23	17	1	2	24	19	43
Herberton	7	5	...	...	7	5	12
Highfields	9	6	1	...	10	6	16
Hughenden	7	9	...	...	7	9	16
Ipswich	22	18	5	2	27	20	47
Kennedy	48	37	1	2	49	39	88
Leichhardt ... ..	...	1	...	...	...	1	1
Logan	13	7	1	...	14	7	21
Mackay	16	14	3	2	19	16	35
Maranoa	18	18	2	2	20	20	40
Marathon	7	6	1	...	8	6	14
Maryborough	23	21	4	3	27	24	51
Moreton East	10	9	1	1	11	10	21
Moreton West	50	32	3	3	53	35	88
Mount Morgan	18	16	1	1	19	17	36
Nundah	21	25	2	1	23	26	49
Oxley	17	11	1	2	18	13	31
Palmer	1	...	...	...	1	...	1
Peak Downs	2	1	...	...	2	1	3
Rockhampton	28	32	3	5	31	37	68
Somerset ... ..	...	...	...	1	...	1	1
Springsure	4	3	1	1	5	4	9
Stanley	6	...	...	2	6	2	8
Stanthorpe	2	4	...	...	2	4	6
St. Lawrence ... ..	...	1	...	...	...	1	1
Tambo ... ..	...	1	...	...	...	1	1
Taroom	3	2	...	...	3	2	5
Tiaro	2	...	...	1	2	1	3
Toowong	7	15	1	...	8	15	23
Townsville	29	32	3	6	32	38	70
Warrego	2	3	...	...	2	3	5
Warwick	16	9	2	1	18	10	28
Westwood	8	18	1	1	9	19	28
Wide Bay	11	5	1	1	12	6	18
Woothakata	2	...	...	...	2	...	2
TOTALS	899	746	85	88	984	834	1,818

Table No. XIII.

SHOWING the BIRTHPLACES of 6,204 PERSONS who DIED in QUEENSLAND during the Year 1902.

[illegible]

Table No. XIV.
SHOWING the OCCUPATIONS of 6,204 PERSONS who DIED in QUEENSLAND during the Year 1902.

[illegible]

Drayton	and	Too-	4	1	1	3	2			1	1			2				3		3	1					12	1	4	43		9		50	5	7	9	145	107	252					
woomba																																												
Enoggera	...	...	2	1		3	3			1	1			8		1		7		4	2	3	2			4	1	5	3		4	4	69	96			118	106	224			
Etheridge	...	...				2				1								1										2	7				1	4			14	4	18			
Fassifern												2							1	1					1		2	20			1	15	26			41	28	69				
Gladstone			1	1		2										1			1	1					1		1	3		2		16	11			26	15	41				
Gympie				1	1	15	2			3			1		3	2		1			1				3		4	26			1	27	47			76	64	140				
Herberton			1		2	1			1	1						1		1	1	1			1	1	4		4	44		1		8	12			72	13	85				
Highfields					1																						12					10	8			22	9	31				
Hughenden	...	...			1		3	2										1		1								3	14				7	11			30	13	43			
Ipswich	...	...			2			1	2	2		1	1	3	1		1		14		5	3	1			5		9	21	1		4	32	74	8		112	84	196			
Kennedy			3	4		9	5	2				4	1		9		5		3	1	3	1			2		11	86				59	96		1	202	105	307				
Leichhardt					1	1																					3								1	1		5	2	7		
Logan					2					2					1		4								1		4	11		3		14	23			42	24	66				
Mackay			2				4	2	1		1	1			1		5			1	1			2		1		19	50	2		1	21	45			110	50	160			
Maranoa						3					3			3	1	1		1			1	1			3			18		1	3	21	35			53	42	95				
Marathon	...	...				1		3	1							1		1				1						2	10		1		9	17			28	19	47			
Maryborough			1		1		3	6	2			3	1		5	1	8		6	2	1	1	1	2		6		15	18		3	4	30	68			108	80	188			
Moreton East					4	1	1			1	3			2		2		3	2				1	3	2		3	7		2		16	26	127	15	179	42	221				
Moreton West				1	1	1	2							1		2		1							2		1	32	1	4	2	58	73			103	79	182				
Mount Morgan			1		1					2				1		2									3		8	12		1		21	33			52	34	86				
Nundah			1		2			1	3			2			1		3		3			1			2		3	2		5		23	43			49	46	95				
Oxley			1		2									1	2		1		3	1	1				2		3	8		4		21	25	49	25	101	51	152				
Palmer								1															1					14				3	4			18	5	23				
Peak Downs																											1							2	1			3	1	4		
Rockhampton	...	3	4	2	5	6	2	1	1	5	1				4	1		8		5		3	1		2	1	5		25	31		2	2	41	84		1	147	99	246				
Somerset				1		2										30		1								3	13					1	4	5		56	4	60				
Springsure					1						1					1		1							1			9			1	6	12			20	13	33				
Stanley					2													1								3	4					7	8			17	8	25				
Stanthorpe					1													1									1	5		2	1	2	12			12	13	25				
St. Lawrence																						1				1	1							2			3	2	5			
Tambo					1																						2	2							1			5	1	6		
Taroom																								1		1	1		1				3	3			6	3	9			
Tiaro					1					1																	4			1		2	4			9	4	13				
Toowong			1		2		1	1		1				3				2	1								1	4		1	2	13	28			29	32	61				
Townsville			1		1	1	3	4		1	3	5			9		16		6	1	2	1		4		1		21	25	2	3	1	37	79			138	89	227			
Warrego						1								2													4	1		1		2	5			10	6	16				
Warwick			1		2	1	2	1	2		1			1		2			1						2		4	17		1	1	19	29			55	32	87				
Westwood			2		1		3	1	1		2					1									2		6	12		3	1	9	40			42	42	84				
Wide Bay					1	1	1	2						1		3											5	38		1	1	12	12			62	16	78				
Woothakata					1																							9					2	3			12	3	15			
TOTAL	49	67	24	118	146	26	4	218	66	10	2	1	106	7	3	4	195	1	88	2	39	31	24	2	4	36	5	109	3	392	1	1,136	12	85	55	1,127	1,933	207	64	3,924	2,280	6,204

Table No. XV.

CAUSES OF DEATHS IN QUEENSLAND during the YEAR 1902, arranged in order of degree of FATALITY.

CAUSE OF DEATH.	No. of Deaths, Males and Females, Registered from each Cause.		Total Deaths from each Cause in 1902.	Total Deaths from each Cause in 1901.	Increase or — Decrease in 1902.	CAUSE OF DEATH.	No. of Deaths, Males and Females, Registered from each Cause.		Total Deaths from each Cause in 1902.	Total Deaths from each Cause in 1901.	Increase or — Decrease in 1902.
	Males.	Females.					Males.	Females.			
Enteritis	256	233	489	420	69	Whooping Cough ...	9	12	21	84	—63
Phthisis	327	131	458	427	31	Killed by a Falling Tree or other Substance ...	18	3	21	15	6
Pneumonia	238	166	454	363	91	Debility	11	10	21	24	—3
Cancer	170	115	285	278	7	Fractures, Contusions ...	17	3	20	14	6
Endocarditis — Valvular Disease	132	86	218	219	—1	Cuts, Stabs, &c. (Suicide)	19	1	20	13	7
Premature Birth	122	86	208	207	1	Idiopathic Tetanus ...	8	11	19	25	—6
Diarrhoea	109	80	189	220	—31	Anæmia	7	10	17	19	—2
Convulsions	97	77	174	142	32	Other Diseases of the Urinary System ...	12	5	17	14	3
Bright's Disease	110	59	169	136	33	Diseases of Uterus and Vagina ... ..	...	17	17	4	13
Other Diseases of Circu- latory System ...	104	63	167	145	22	Beri Beri	16	...	16	27	—11
Bronchitis	83	68	151	156	—5	Rheumatic Fever ...	7	9	16	18	—2
Typhoid or Enteric Fever	90	43	133	148	—15	Tubercular Meningitis ...	8	8	16	23	—7
Dysentery	82	37	119	136	—17	(Acute Hydrocephalus)	...	...	...	...	...
Apoplexy	77	38	115	118	—3	Diabetes Mellitus ...	3	13	16	23	—7
Senile Decay	49	40	89	71	18	Hernia	13	3	16	25	—9
Other Forms of Tuberculosis —Scrofula	74	14	88	100	—12	Drowning (Suicide) ...	12	4	16	15	1
Influenza, Coryza, Catarrh	53	34	87	95	—8	Puerperal Septicæmia ...	...	15	15	7	8
Drowning (Accident) ...	67	8	75	102	—27	Dyspepsia	9	6	15	28	—13
Hemiplegia, Brain Par- alysis	38	32	70	39	31	Intussusception of Intestine	10	5	15	7	8
Sunstroke and Heat Apo- plexy	58	12	70	26	44	Injury at Birth	6	9	15	11	4
Inflammation of Brain or its Membranes ...	42	26	68	75	—7	Gonorrhœa, Stricture of Urethra	13	...	13	10	3
Acute Nephritis	43	16	59	29	30	Gunshot Wounds (Acci- dent)	10	2	12	14	—2
Tabes Mesenterica	33	25	58	61	—3	Atrophy	8	4	12	11	1
Burns (Accident)	21	35	56	35	21	Other Diseases from Animal Parasites ...	5	6	11	3	8
Chronic Alcoholism	40	15	55	41	14	Otitis, Otorrhœa	7	4	11	5	6
Hypertrophy of the Heart	37	17	54	46	8	Pericarditis	9	2	11	9	2
Remittent Fever	48	5	53	64	—11	Stomatitis, Noma	5	6	11	6	5
Cirrhosis of Liver	33	16	49	45	4	Traumatic Tetanus ...	10	1	11	11	...
Other Diseases of Respira- tory System	33	15	48	31	17	Dengue Fever	6	4	10	13	—3
Asthma	38	9	47	32	15	Cyanosis	7	3	10	8	2
Other Diseases of Nervous System	32	14	46	35	11	Spina Bifida	4	6	10	4	6
Disease of Stomach	28	17	45	48	—3	Laryngitis	6	4	10	6	4
Dentition	23	21	44	52	—8	Cellulitis	9	1	10	5	5
Aneurism	38	5	43	55	—12	Killed by Machinery ...	10	...	10	4	6
Other Diseases of Liver ...	19	17	36	51	—15	Hanging (Suicide) ...	10	...	10	12	—2
Result of Fall from a Horse	33	3	36	37	—1	Embolism	2	7	9	13	—4
Other Ill-defined or Unspe- cified Cases	22	14	36	24	12	Suffocation (Accident) ...	8	1	9	11	—2
Want of Breast Milk	14	21	35	39	—4	Killed on Railway	8	1	9	18	—9
Old Age	22	13	35	28	7	Cerebro Spinal Fever ...	8	...	8	6	2
Killed by a Fall	28	6	34	29	5	Other Constitutional Diseases	8	...	8	5	3
Result of Vehicle Accident	27	7	34	36	—2	Sore Throat, Quinsy ...	6	2	8	6	2
Bubonic Plague	19	14	33	14	19	Other Diseases of the Dige- stive System	5	3	8	14	—6
Ileus, Obstruction of Intes- tine	19	14	33	33	...	Uræmia	3	5	8	4	4
Pyæmia, Septicæmia	22	10	32	42	—10	Ovarian Disease ... ..	...	8	8	6	2
Other Congenital Defects	18	14	32	16	16	Delirium Tremens	7	...	7	17	—10
Paraplegia, Diseases of Spinal Cord	21	11	32	21	11	Abuse of Opium	6	1	7	6	1
Peritonitis	15	17	32	36	—4	Senile Gangrene	6	1	7	7	...
Other Accidents of Child- birth ... ..	...	31	31	28	3	Thrombosis	2	5	7	9	—2
Diphtheria	11	17	28	41	—13	Gallstones	3	4	7	6	1
Rheumatism	18	10	28	38	—10	Calculus	6	1	7	3	4
Syncope	18	10	28	31	—3	Puerperal Convulsions ...	...	7	7	6	1
Softening of Brain	21	6	27	36	—9	Arthritis	5	2	7	7	...
Gunshot Wounds (Suicide)	25	...	25	24	1	Killed by Fall of Earth (Mining, &c.)	7	...	7	14	—7
Epilepsy	15	9	24	42	—18	Dropsy	5	2	7	3	4
Pleurisy	17	7	24	24	...	Thrush	2	4	6	2	4
Insanity, General Paralysis of the Insane	18	5	23	21	2	Purpura, Hæmorrhagic Diathesis	2	4	6	6	...
Disease of Bladder and Prostate	22	1	23	40	—17	Lukemia	3	3	6	5	1
Poison (Accident)	19	4	23	21	2	Hæmatemesis	3	3	6	4	2
Syphilis	15	7	22	24	—2	Abortion, Miscarriage ...	...	6	6	7	—1
Privation	22	...	22	35	—13	Flooding ... ..	...	6	6	5	1
Atelectasis	11	11	22	28	—6	Other Diseases of Integu- mentary System ...	4	2	6	5	1
Poison (Suicide)	16	6	22	21	1	Scald (Accident)	1	5	6	9	—3
						Killed by an Explosion (Mining, &c.)	6	...	6	4	2
						Surgical Operation ...	4	2	6	2	4

Table No. XV.—continued.

CAUSES of DEATHS in QUEENSLAND during the YEAR 1902, arranged in order of degree of FATALITY

CAUSE OF DEATH.	No. of Deaths, Males and Females, Registered from each Cause.		Total Deaths from each Cause in 1902.	Total Deaths from each Cause in 1901.	Increase or — Decrease in 1902.	CAUSE OF DEATH.	No. of Deaths, Males and Females, Registered from each Cause.		Total Deaths from each Cause in 1902.	Total Deaths from each Cause in 1901.	Increase or — Decrease in 1902.
	Males.	Females.					Males.	Females.			
Murder (by Whites) ...	1	5	6	9	— 3	Imperforate Anus ...	1	1	2	2	...
Murder by Coloured Persons other than Aborigines	5	1	6	3	3	Other Diseases of Larynx and Trachea	2	...	2	...	2
Hydatid Disease ...	2	3	5	2	3	Malaena ...	1	1	2	...	2
Cleft Palate, Hare Lip ...	3	2	5	...	5	Diseases of Spleen ...	1	1	2	...	2
Angina Pectoris ...	4	1	5	7	— 2	Bronchocele ...	...	2	2	1	1
Croup ...	3	2	5	10	— 5	Suppression of Urine ...	1	1	2	4	— 2
Emphysema ...	5	...	5	5	...	Disorders of Menstruation	...	2	2	...	2
Placenta Prævia ...	...	5	5	4	1	Diseases of Penis, Testes, Scrotum, &c.	2	...	2	...	2
Carbuncle, Boil, &c. ...	2	3	5	5	...	Ulcer (Bedsore) ...	...	2	2	2	...
Measles ...	3	1	4	1	3	Cut, Stab, &c. (Accident)	2	...	2	2	...
Scarlet Fever ...	3	1	4	3	1	Result of Kick from a Horse	1	1	2	7	— 5
English Cholera ...	1	3	4	19	—15	Manslaughter ...	2	...	2	3	— 1
Scurvy ...	3	1	4	1	3	Erysipelas ...	1	...	1	7	— 6
Chorea ...	1	3	4	1	3	Chlorosis ...	...	1	1	1	...
Stricture, or Strangulation of Intestine	2	2	4	4	...	Paralysis Agitans ...	...	1	1	5	— 4
Pelvic Abscess ...	...	4	4	2	2	Ulceration of Intestine ...	1	...	1	5	— 4
Other Diseases of Organs of Locomotion	3	1	4	1	3	Fistula ...	1	...	1	2	— 1
Other Mining Accidents...	4	...	4	5	— 1	Addison's Disease ...	...	1	1	2	— 1
Blood Poisoning ...	2	2	4	2	2	Hæmaturia ...	1	...	1	...	1
Otherwise or Unspecified (Suicide)	4	...	4	5	— 1	Phlegmasia Dolens ...	...	1	1	...	1
Simple and Ill-defined Fever	3	...	3	5	— 2	Caries ...	1	...	1	3	— 2
Caisson Disease ...	3	...	3	7	— 4	Necrosis ...	...	1	1	2	— 1
Ascites ...	2	1	3	6	— 3	Ostitis ...	1	...	1	1	...
Puerperal Mania...	...	3	3	...	3	Pemphigus ...	1	...	1	3	— 2
Eczema ...	1	2	3	4	— 1	Gored by Horned Animal	1	...	1	2	— 1
Bite of Venomous Reptile or Insect	2	1	3	2	1	Killed by Lightning ...	1	...	1	5	— 4
Navel Hæmorrhage ...	2	1	3	6	— 3	Result of Bicycle Accident	...	1	1	...	1
Chicken Pox ...	2	...	2	1	1	Murder (by Aborigines) ...	1	...	1	2	— 1
Ague ...	2	...	2	2	...	Hæmorrhage (undefined)	1	...	1	2	— 1
Other Diseases from Vegetable Parasites	2	...	2	...	2	Deaths from Causes in 1901 not occurring in 1902	...	...	...	33	—33
Gout ...	2	...	2	3	— 1						
Rickets ...	2	...	2	2	...						
						TOTAL ...	3,924	2,280	6,204	6,007	197

CAUSES of DEATHS of MALES, at Different Periods of Life, Registered in Queensland during the Year 1902—continued.

CLASS, ORDER, AND DISEASE.	Under 1 year.	1 to 2.	2 to 3.	3 to 4.	4 to 5.	Total under 5 years.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 25.	25 to 30.	30 to 35.	35 to 40.	40 to 45.	45 to 50.	50 to 55.	55 to 60.	60 to 65.	65 to 70.	70 to 75.	75 and upwards.	Unspecified.	TOTALS.			
																							Males.	Females.	Persons.	
CLASS VI.—Local Diseases.																										
ORDER 1.—DISEASES OF NERVOUS SYSTEM.																										
1. Inflammation of Brain or its Membranes	14	5	...	...	...	19	4	2	3	3	1	3	1	4	1	2	...	1	12	11	15	...	42	26	68
2. Apoplexy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	3	2	2	3	2	2	6	13	4	...	77	38	115
3. Softening of Brain	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	2	1	2	1	3	2	7	10	5	...	21	6	27
4. Hemiplegia, Brain Paralysis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	2	1	2	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	38	32	70
4a. Caisson Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
5. Paralysis Agitans	1	1	1	1	18	5	23
6. Insanity, General Paralysis of Insane	1	1	3	1	1	3	4
7. Chorea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	9	24
8. Epilepsy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	4
9. Convulsions	85	7	3	1	1	97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	97	77	174
10. Laryngismus Stridulus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Idiopathic Tetanus	8	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	11	19
12. Paraplegia, Diseases of Spinal Cord	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	2	...	2	5	1	5	2	1	...	21	11	32
13. Other Diseases of Nervous System	2	1	...	1	...	4	...	...	1	1	2	3	2	...	3	2	1	2	3	5	3	...	32	14	46
ORDER 2.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF SPECIAL SENSE.																										
1. Otitis, Otorrhoea	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	7	4	11
2. Epistaxis and Disease of Nose	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Ophthalmia and Disease of Eye	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 3.—DISEASES OF CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.																										
1. Endocarditis, Valvular Disease	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	2	5	4	7	11	6	8	6	9	19	18	17	16	...	132	96	218
2. Pericarditis	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	3	3	3	1	2	2	2	1	5	5	6	6	...	37	17	54
3. Hypertrophy of Heart	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Angina Pectoris	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Syncope	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	2	2	1	...	18	10	28
6. Aneurism	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	3	5	3	3	3	6	3	...	...	...	38	5	43
7. Senile Gangrene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	...	6	1	7
8. Embolism	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	7	9
9. Thrombosis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Phlebitis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Varicose Veins	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Other Diseases of Circulatory System	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1	4	5	...	6	2	5	10	13	16	17	12	10	...	104	63	167
ORDER 4.—DISEASES OF RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.																										
1. Laryngitis	2	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	6	4	10
2. Croup	2	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	5
3. Other Diseases of Larynx and Trachea	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
4. Emphysema	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5
5. Asthma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Bronchitis	22	1	2	1	...	26	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	3	7	...	4	6	7	4	...	38	9	47	
7. Pneumonia	39	17	5	1	2	64	8	3	5	23	24	26	28	8	18	13	7	16	21	8	11	...	83	68	151	
8. Pleurisy	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	4	1	2	1	...	...	...	3	...	1	1	1	...	17	7	24
9. Other Diseases of Respiratory System	4	2	...	...	...	6	...	2	...	...	...	...	4	3	1	2	3	5	1	1	...	33	15	48	
ORDER 5.—DISEASES OF DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.																										
1. Stomatitis, Noma	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	6	11
2. Dentition	16	5	2	...	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	21	44
3. Sore Throat, Quinsy	1	2	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	8
4. Dyspepsia	5	1	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	6	15
5. Hematemesis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	6
6. Melena	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
7. Disease of Stomach	6	1	1	...	...	8	1	...	...	2	...	2	2	2	2	3	1	2	2	3	...	28	17	45	
8. Enteritis	180	32	3	3	1	219	...	5	5	2	1	1	3	2	1	2	1	2	2	3	7	...	256	233	489	
9. Ulceration of Intestine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
10. Ileus, Obstruction of Intestine	2	...	...	1	...	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	3	3	3	2	...	...	19	14	33
11. Stricture, or Strangulation of Intestine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	4
12. Intussusception of Intestine	8	1	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	10	5	15
13. Hernia	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	3	2	1	2	...	1	...	13	3	16
14. Fistula	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
15. Peritonitis	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	2	1	1	1	2	...	...	2	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	15	17	32
16. Ascites	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	1	3
17. Gallstones	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	4	7
18. Cirrhosis of Liver	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	2	1	...	7	3	1	6	10	...	...	...	...	33	16	49
19. Other Diseases of Liver	2	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	4	2	2	...	1	3	1	...	2	...	...	1	...	19	17	36
20. Other Diseases of Digestive System	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	5	3	8
ORDER 6.—DISEASES OF LYMPHATIC SYSTEM AND DUCTLESS GLANDS.																										
1. Diseases of Lymphatic System	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Diseases of Spleen	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
3. Bronchocele	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Addison's Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 7.—DISEASES OF URINARY SYSTEM.																										
1. Acute Nephritis	5	3	1	...	...	9	...	2	...	3	3	2	5	4	6	7	14	14	3	3	1	...	43	16	59
2. Bright's Disease	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	2	2	4	4	6	7	1	7	14	14	17	13	11	7	...	110	59	169
3. Uremia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	5	8
4. Suppression of Urine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	2
5. Calculus	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	6	1	7
6. Hematuria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
7. Disease of Bladder and of Prostate	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	1	2	4	7	5	...	22	1	23
8. Other Diseases of Urinary System	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	1	...	...	2	3	...	1	...	...	2	...	12	5	17
ORDER 8.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF GENERATION.																										
1. Ovarian Disease	8	...	8
2. Diseases of Uterus and Vagina	17	2	17
3. Disorders of Menstruation	2	...	2
4. Pelvic Abscess	4	...	4
5. Perineal Abscess
6. Diseases of Testes, Penis, Scrotum, &c.	1	1	2	2
ORDER 9.—DISEASES OF PARTURITION.																										
1. Abortion, Miscarriage	6	...	6
2. Puerperal Mania	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...</

TABLE No. XVII.

CAUSES of DEATHS of FEMALES, at Different Periods of Life, Registered in Queensland during the Year 1902.

[illegible]

TABLE No. XVII.—continued.

CAUSES of DEATHS of FEMALES, at Different Periods of Life, Registered in Queensland during the Year 1902—continued.

CLASS, ORDER, AND DISEASE.	Under 1 year.	1 to 2.	2 to 3.	3 to 4.	4 to 5.	Total under 5 years.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 25.	25 to 30.	30 to 35.	35 to 40.	40 to 45.	45 to 50.	50 to 55.	55 to 60.	60 to 65.	65 to 70.	70 to 75.	75 and upwards.	Unspecified.	TOTALS.				
																							Females.	Males.	Persons.		
CLASS VI.—Local Diseases.																											
ORDER 1.—DISEASES OF NERVOUS SYSTEM.																											
1. Inflammation of Brain or its Membranes	9	4	2	15	1	3	1	2	...	3	1	...	1	1	1	26	42	68		
2. Apoplexy	1	1	1	1	2	...	2	4	6	6	10	...	38	77	115		
3. Softening of Brain	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	21	27
4. Hemiplegia, Brain Paralysis	1	1	5	4	4	6	5	4	...	32	38	70		
4a. Caisson Disease	3	1	...	3	...		
5. Paralysis Agitans	1	1	...		
6. Insanity, General Paralysis of Insane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	18	23
7. Chorea	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	4
8. Epilepsy	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	1	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	9	15	24
9. Convulsions	62	6	5	1	1	75	2	1	1	...	1	...	77	97	174		
10. Laryngismus Stridulus		
11. Idiopathic Tetanus	11	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	8	19
12. Paraplegia, Diseases of Spinal Cord	1	...	1	2	1	1	1	4	...	11	21	32		
13. Other Diseases of Nervous System	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	...	1	1	3	1	...	14	32	46		
ORDER 2.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF SPECIAL SENSE.																											
1. Otitis, Otorrhoea	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	7	11
2. Epistaxis and Disease of Nose		
3. Ophthalmia and Disease of Eye		
ORDER 3.—DISEASES OF CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.																											
1. Endocarditis, Valvular Disease	3	1	4	6	4	7	5	3	6	5	3	6	4	8	9	4	7	5	...	86	132	218		
2. Pericarditis	1	1	...	1	2	1	3	3	4	...	2	9	11		
3. Hypertrophy of Heart	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	37	54
4. Angina Pectoris	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	5
5. Syncope	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	5	10	18	28
6. Aneurism	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	5	38	43
7. Senile Gangrene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	6	7
8. Embolism	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	2	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	7	2	9
9. Thrombosis	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	5	2	7
10. Phlebitis		
11. Varicose Veins		
12. Other Diseases of Circulatory System	3	...	1	4	3	4	...	1	1	...	3	1	3	2	4	5	11	7	14	...	63	104	167		
ORDER 4.—DISEASES OF RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.																											
1. Laryngitis	...	...	2	1	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	6	10
2. Croup	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	5
3. Other Diseases of Larynx and Trachea	2	2	2		
4. Emphysema	5	5	5		
5. Asthma	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	38	47
6. Bronchitis	12	6	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	3	5	8	10	19	...	68	83	151
7. Pneumonia	15	14	6	5	1	41	4	4	9	5	11	12	13	12	7	5	7	8	10	9	9	166	288	454			
8. Pleurisy	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	...	...	...	7	17	24
9. Other Diseases of Respiratory System	2	1	...	1	...	4	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	1	2	...	1	15	33	48
ORDER 5.—DISEASES OF DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.																											
1. Stomatitis, Noma	3	3	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	5	11
2. Dentition	16	3	2	...	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	23	44
3. Sore Throat, Quinsy	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	8
4. Dyspepsia	4	2	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	9	15
5. Hematemesis	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	6
6. Melena	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
7. Disease of Stomach	4	...	1	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	1	1	5	17	28	45
8. Enteritis	169	28	4	3	2	206	4	2	1	1	1	...	3	2	...	2	1	3	1	3	3	1	233	256	489		
9. Ulceration of Intestine	1	1	1		
10. Ileus, Obstruction of Intestine	5	...	...	...	1	6	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	14	19	33
11. Stricture, or Strangulation of Intestine	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	4
12. Intussusception of Intestine	2	...	...	1	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	10	15
13. Hernia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	13	16
14. Fistula	1	1	1		
15. Peritonitis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	2	5	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	15	32
16. Ascites	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
17. Gallstones	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	4	3	7
18. Cirrhosis of Liver	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	1	1	3	2	1	2	...	16	33	49
19. Other Diseases of Liver	7	...	1	...	...	8	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	2	1	...	1	1	...	17	19	36
20. Other Diseases of Digestive System	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	5	8
ORDER 6.—DISEASES OF LYMPHATIC SYSTEM AND DUCTLESS GLANDS.																											
1. Diseases of Lymphatic System		
2. Diseases of Spleen	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
3. Bronchocele	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	
4. Addison's Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
ORDER 7.—DISEASES OF URINARY SYSTEM.																											
1. Acute Nephritis	2	1	3	...	1	1	2	1	1	2	...	2	1	...	4	2	5	1	...	16	43	59		
2. Bright's Disease	3	3	1	1	2	4	1	5	4	6	2	6	4	5	7	4	4	...	59	110	169		
3. Uræmia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	5	3	8
4. Suppression of Urine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
5. Calculus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	7
6. Hematuria	1	1	1		
7. Disease of Bladder and of Prostate	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	22	23
8. Other Diseases of Urinary System	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	5	12	17
ORDER 8.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF GENERATION.																											
1. Ovarian Disease	1	...	1	2	1	1	...	1	1	...	8	...	8		
2. Diseases of Uterus and Vagina	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	2	...	6	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	17
3. Disorders of Menstruation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
4. Pelvic Abscess	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4
5. Perineal Abscess		
6. Diseases of Testes, Penis, Scrotum, &c.	2	...	2		
ORDER 9.—DISEASES OF PARTURITION.																											
1																											

TABLE No. XVI.—continued.

CAUSES of DEATHS of FEMALES, at Different Periods of Life, Registered in Queensland during the Year 1902—continued.

CLASS, ORDER, AND DISEASE.		AGE PERIODS.																				TOTALS.						
		Under 1 year.	1 to 2.	2 to 3.	3 to 4.	4 to 5.	Total under 5 years.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 25.	25 to 30.	30 to 35.	35 to 40.	40 to 45.	45 to 50.	50 to 55.	55 to 60.	60 to 65.	65 to 70.	70 to 75.	75 and upwards.	Unspecified.	Females.	Males.	Persons.		
Class VI.—Local Diseases—continued.																												
ORDER 10.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION.																												
1. Caries ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
2. Necrosis ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
3. Arthritis ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
4. Osteitis ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
5. Periostitis ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
6. Other Diseases of Organs of Locomotion		...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
ORDER 11.—DISEASES OF INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM.																												
1. Carbuncle, Boil, &c. ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	5
2. Phlegmon ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
3. Cellulitis ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
4. Lupus ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Ulcer, Bed sore ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
6. Eczema ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
7. Pemphigus ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
8. Other Diseases of Integumentary System		...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
TOTAL CLASS VI. ...		346	71	26	17	7	467	29	25	36	42	55	53	70	48	44	44	60	62	77	63	97	...	1,272	1,889	3,161		
CLASS VII.—Violence.																												
ORDER 1.—ACCIDENT OR NEGLIGENCE.																												
1. Fractures, Contusions		1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	3	17	20
2. Gunshot Wounds		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	10	12
3. Cut, Stab, &c. ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
4. Burn ...		1	...	...	...	...	11	6	7	2	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	56
5. Scald ...		2	3	1	4	5	5	7	2	1	1	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	6
6. Sunstroke and Heat Apoplexy		5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	70
7. Poison ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
8. Bite of a Venomous Reptile or Insect		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
9. Drowning		3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67
10. Suffocation		1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	75
11. Horse, Result of Fall from ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
12. Horse, Result of Kick from ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36
13. Horned Animal, Gored by ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
14. Vehicle Accident, Result of ...		...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
15. Railway, Killed on ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34
16. An Explosion, Killed by ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
17. Fall of Earth, Mining, &c. ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
18. Other Mining Accidents		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
19. Machinery, Killed by ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
20. A Fall, Killed by ...		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
21. Falling Tree or other Substance, Killed by		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34
22. Traumatic Tetanus		1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21
23. Blood Poisoning		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
24. Injury at Birth		9	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
25. Surgical Operation		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
26. Lightning, Killed by ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
27. Navel Hæmorrhage		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
28. Shark, Killed by ...		1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
29. Cycle Accident, Result of ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
ORDER 2.—HOMICIDE.																												
1. Murder { a By Whites ...		1	1	2	2	5	1	6
b By Aborigines		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
c By Coloured Persons other than Aborigines		...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
2. Manslaughter		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
ORDER 3.—SUICIDE.																												
1. Gunshot Wounds		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25
2. Cut, Stab, &c. ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20
3. Poison		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22
4. Drowning		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
5. Suffocation		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Hanging		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Otherwise or Unspecified		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
ORDER 4.—EXECUTION.																												
1. Hanging		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL CLASS VII. ...		25	3	2	7	8	45	10	9	7	8	3	7	1	8	5	2	1	4	6	5	4	...	125	468	593		
CLASS VIII.—Ill-defined and Not Specified Causes.																												
1. Dropsy ...		1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	7
2. Debility		9	1	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
3. Atrophy		3	...	1	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12
4. Inanition		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Mortification		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Tumour		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Polypus		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Abscess		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Hæmorrhage		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Fits (Unspecified)		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
11. Sudden (Cause not ascertained)		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Other Ill-defined or Unspecified Causes		4	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36
TOTAL CLASS VIII. ...		17	1	1	...	...	19	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	3	...	1	...	2	...	30	47	77	
TOTAL DEATHS OF FEMALES FROM ALL CAUSES		644	102	35	33	20	834	63	59	63	84	111	101	117	103	85	76	98	105	116	101	162	2	2,280	3,924	6,204		

TABLE No. XVIII.—continued.

CAUSES OF DEATHS of PERSONS, at Different Periods of Life, Registered in Queensland during the Year 1902—continued.

CLASS, ORDER, AND DISEASE.	Under 1 year.	1 to 2.	2 to 3.	3 to 4.	4 to 5.	Total under 5 years.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 25.	25 to 30.	30 to 35.	35 to 40.	40 to 45.	45 to 50.	50 to 55.	55 to 60.	60 to 65.	65 to 70.	70 to 75.	75 and upwards.	Unspecified.	TOTALS.			
																							Persons.	Males.	Females.	
CLASS VI.—Local Diseases.																										
ORDER 1.—DISEASES OF NERVOUS SYSTEM.																										
1. Inflammation of Brain or its Membranes	23	9	2	...	...	34	5	5	4	3	1	4	1	6	1	2	1	1	2	1	...	...	68	42	26	
2. Apoplexy	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	4	1	5	4	5	9	8	16	18	17	25	1	115	77	38	
3. Softening of Brain	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	6	5	6	...	115	77	38	
4. Hemiplegia, Brain Paralysis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	5	5	10	10	14	9	...	77	21	6	
4a. Caisson Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	38	32	
5. Paralysis Agitans	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	3	...	
6. Insanity, General Paralysis of Insane	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	1	2	2	3	4	3	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	23	18	5	
7. Chorea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	3	
8. Epilepsy	2	...	1	...	3	2	1	3	1	3	1	2	3	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	1	...	24	15	9	
9. Convulsions	147	13	8	2	2	172	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	174	97	77	
10. Laryngismus Stridulus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Idiopathic Tetanus	19	...	...	...	19	...	1	...	2	1	1	...	2	3	...	2	5	1	6	3	5	...	19	8	11	
12. Paraplegia, Diseases of Spinal Cord	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	21	11	
13. Other Diseases of Nervous System	5	1	...	1	...	7	1	...	1	2	3	4	3	...	4	3	4	2	3	5	4	...	46	32	14	
ORDER 2.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF SPECIAL SENSE.																										
1. Otitis, Otorrhoea	2	...	...	1	...	3	...	2	1	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	11	7	4	
2. Epistaxis and Disease of Nose	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Ophthalmia and Disease of Eye	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 3.—DISEASES OF CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.																										
1. Endocarditis, Valvular Disease	4	1	...	...	...	5	6	7	9	10	7	13	16	9	14	10	17	28	22	24	21	...	...	218	132	86
2. Pericarditis	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	3	1	...	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	9	2
3. Hypertrophy of Heart	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	...	2	2	3	3	6	6	8	9	10	...	...	54	37	17
4. Angina Pectoris	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	1	1	...	...	5	4	1
5. Syncope	3	1	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	5	4	4	4	6	3	2	1	2	...	43	38	5
6. Aneurism	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	6	3	2	4	...	...	7	6	1
7. Senile Gangrene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Embolism	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	2	7
9. Thrombosis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	2	1	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	7	2	5
10. Phlebitis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Varicose Veins	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Other Diseases of Circulatory System	4	...	1	...	...	5	4	5	1	5	6	...	9	3	8	12	17	21	28	19	24	...	...	167	104	63
ORDER 4.—DISEASES OF RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.																										
1. Laryngitis	2	...	2	1	...	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	10	6	4
2. Croup	2	...	...	1	1	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3	2
3. Other Diseases of Larynx and Trachea	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...
4. Emphysema	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	5	...
5. Asthma	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	2	4	2	1	4	7	...	7	7	8	5	...	...	47	38	9
6. Bronchitis	34	7	2	1	...	44	1	1	1	1	2	2	5	2	4	3	4	15	19	17	30	...	...	151	83	68
7. Pneumonia	54	31	11	6	3	105	12	7	14	33	35	38	41	20	25	18	14	24	31	17	20	...	...	454	288	166
8. Pleurisy	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	3	4	2	2	1	...	1	...	4	2	1	1	1	...	...	24	17	7
9. Other Diseases of Respiratory System	6	3	...	1	...	10	1	2	1	1	2	...	4	3	1	5	4	6	3	3	2	...	...	48	33	15
ORDER 5.—DISEASES OF DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.																										
1. Stomatitis, Noma	5	3	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	5	6
2. Dentition	32	8	4	...	...	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	23	21
3. Sore Throat, Quinsy	1	3	...	...	...	4	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	6	2
4. Dyspepsia	9	3	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	9	6
5. Hematemesis	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3	3
6. Melena	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1
7. Disease of Stomach	10	1	2	...	...	13	1	...	...	3	...	2	...	3	3	3	3	3	3	8	...	...	...	45	28	17
8. Enteritis	340	60	7	6	3	425	4	7	6	3	1	4	5	2	3	3	4	3	5	6	8	...	...	489	256	233
9. Ulceration of Intestine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
10. Ileus, Obstruction of Intestine	7	...	...	1	1	9	2	1	1	1	...	...	2	...	...	3	4	3	4	3	...	...	...	33	19	14
11. Stricture, or Strangulation of Intestine	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	4	2	2
12. Intussusception of Intestine	10	1	...	1	1	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	15	10	5
13. Hernia	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	3	...	2	3	2	1	2	...	1	...	16	13	3
14. Fistula	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
15. Peritonitis	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	2	3	4	3	7	3	...	3	1	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	32	15	17
16. Ascites	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	3	2	1
17. Gallstones	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	7	3	4
18. Cirrhosis of Liver	2	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	2	2	2	3	8	4	4	8	11	2	...	...	...	...	49	33	16
19. Other Diseases of Liver	9	...	...	1	1	11	...	1	1	...	4	2	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	...	...	36	19	17
20. Other Diseases of Digestive System	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	8	5	3
ORDER 6.—DISEASES OF LYMPHATIC SYSTEM AND DUCTLESS GLANDS.																										
1. Diseases of Lymphatic System	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Diseases of Spleen	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Bronchocele	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
4. Addison's Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
ORDER 7.—DISEASES OF URINARY SYSTEM.																										
1. Acute Nephritis	7	4	1	...	...	12	...	1	3	1	4	5	2	7	5	6	2	5	4	2	...	...	...	59	43	16
2. Bright's Disease	3	...	1	...	...	4	1	2	4	6	5	9	10	13	9	20	18	22	20	15	11	...	...	169	110	59
3. Uremia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	8	3	5
4. Suppression of Urine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	1	1
5. Calculus	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	7	6	1
6. Hematuria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...
7. Disease of Bladder and of Prostate	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	1	2	4	7	6	...	...	23	22	1
8. Other Diseases of Urinary System	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	2	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	17	12	5
ORDER 8.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF GENERATION.																										
1. Ovarian Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								

TABLE No. XVIII.—continued.

CAUSES of DEATHS of PERSONS, at Different Periods of Life, Registered in Queensland during the Year 1902—continued.

CLASS, ORDER, AND DISEASE.	Under 1 year.	1 to 2.	2 to 3.	3 to 4.	4 to 5.	Total under 5 years.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 25.	25 to 30.	30 to 35.	35 to 40.	40 to 45.	45 to 50.	50 to 55.	55 to 60.	60 to 65.	65 to 70.	70 to 75.	75 and upwards.	Unspecified.	TOTALS.				
																							Persons.	Males.	Females.		
Class VI.—Local Diseases—continued.																											
ORDER 10.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION.																											
1. Caries	1	1	1	1	...	
2. Necrosis	1	...	1	
3. Arthritis	1	1	...	3	1	1	7	5	2	
4. Ostitis	1	1	
5. Periostitis	1	
6. Other Diseases of Organs of Locomotion	1	1	4	...	3	
ORDER 11.—DISEASES OF INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM.																											
1. Carbuncle, Boil, &c.	1	2	1	5	2	3	
2. Phlegmon	1	
3. Cellulitis	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	10	...	1	
4. Lupus	
5. Ulcer, Bedsore	1	1	2	...	2	
6. Eczema	2	2	1	3	1	2	
7. Pemphigus	1	1	1	
8. Other Diseases of Integumentary System	3	1	4	1	1	6	4	2	
TOTAL CLASS VI.	767	150	44	25	12	998	58	48	67	111	136	127	171	120	132	150	164	214	237	195	230	3	3,161	1,889	1,272		
CLASS VII.—Violence.																											
ORDER 1.—ACCIDENT OR NEGLIGENCE.																											
1. Fractures, Contusions	1	1	1	...	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	...	1	1	3	...	20	17	3	
2. Gunshot Wounds ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	2	2	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	10	2
3. Cut, Stab, &c. ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...
4. Burn	4	3	3	6	6	22	9	8	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	...	...	4	2	...	...	56	21	35
5. Scald	2	4	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	5
6. Sunstroke and Heat Apoplexy	10	1	3	2	1	17	1	2	2	4	1	3	1	3	6	6	4	10	5	2	3	...	70	58	12		
7. Poison ... ..	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	1	3	1	1	3	2	3	1	1	2	1	...	1	...	...	23	19	4
8. Bite of a Venomous Reptile or Insect	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	1
9. Drowning	3	1	2	2	1	9	8	7	5	9	5	7	2	3	...	3	6	6	2	...	3	...	75	67	8		
10. Suffocation	2	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	9	8	1
11. Horse, Result of Fall from ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	2	5	3	7	2	6	1	4	...	...	2	2	...	1	...	1	...	36	33	3
12. Horse, Result of Kick from ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1
13. Horned Animal, Gored by a ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
14. Vehicle Accident, Result of ... ..	...	...	1	1	1	3	2	...	...	3	1	...	...	3	3	3	1	4	2	6	2	1	34	27	7
15. Railway, Killed on ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	2	1	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	8	1
16. An Explosion, Killed by ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	6	6	...
17. Fall of Earth, Mining, &c. ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	7	...
18. Mining Accidents, Other ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...
19. Machinery, Killed by ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	1	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	10	10	...
20. A Fall, Killed by	2	...	1	...	...	3	1	...	2	1	2	4	3	4	1	2	1	1	4	4	1	...	34	28	6
21. Falling Tree or other Substance, Killed by	...	1	1	1	1	3	1	...	2	6	1	1	2	1	1	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	21	18	3
22. Tetanus, Traumatic ... ..	...	...	1	...	...	1	2	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	11	10	1
23. Blood Poisoning	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	4	2	2
24. Injury at Birth	15	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	6	9
25. Surgical Operation ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4	2
26. Lightning, Killed by ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
27. Navel Hemorrhage	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	...
28. Shark, Killed by	1	
29. Cycle Accident, Result of	1	1	
ORDER 2.—HOMICIDE.																											
1. Murder { a By Whites	1	...	1	...	1	3	2	1	6	1	5	
b By Aborigines	1	1	
c By Coloured Persons other than Aborigines	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	5	1
2. Manslaughter	1	1	2	2	
ORDER 3.—SUICIDE.																											
1. Gunshot Wounds ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	25	...
2. Cut, Stab, &c. ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	4	4	3	1	1	1	1	...	20	19	1
3. Poison ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	4	1	1	4	2	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	22	16	6
4. Drowning ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	2	...	...	4	1	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	16	12	4
5. Suffocation	
6. Hanging ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	10	...
7. Otherwise or Unspecified	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	4	4	...
ORDER 4.—EXECUTION.																											
1. Hanging	
TOTAL CLASS VII.	43	13	13	13	12	94	32	29	33	47	39	53	37	57	33	31	25	35	27	15	11	4	593	468	125		
CLASS VIII.—Ill-defined and Not Specified Causes.																											
1. Dropsy	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	7	5	2
2. Debility	18	1	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	11	10
3. Atrophy	8	2	2	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	8	4
4. Inanition	
5. Mortification	
6. Tumour	
7. Polypus	
8. Abscess	
9. Hemorrhage ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
10. Fits (Unspecified)	
11. Sudden (Cause not ascertained)	
12. Other Ill-defined or Unspecified Causes	9	...	1	2	...	12	...	2	...	...	1	1	3	1	1	2	2	4	...	1	1	5	36	22	14
TOTAL CLASS VIII.	37	3	3	2	...	45	...	2	1	...	1	2	3	1	2	3	3	6	1	1	1	5	77	47	30		
TOTAL DEATHS OF PERSONS FROM ALL CAUSES	1424	221	77	63	33	1818	137	120	173	307	334	322	350	324	268	289	310	380	369	308	378	17	6,204	3,924	2,280		

TABLE NO. XIX.
CAUSES OF DEATHS OF MALES, FEMALES, and PERSONS at Different Periods of Life, Registered in Queensland during 1902, in Totals of Orders.

CLASS, ORDER, AND SEX.																									
CLASS.		ORDER.										SEX.													
No. and Name.		No. and Name.																							
												Under 1 year													
												1 to 2.													
												2 to 3.													
												3 to 4.													
												4 to 5.													
												Total under 5 years.													
												5 to 10.													
												10 to 15.													
												15 to 20.													
												20 to 25.													
												25 to 30.													
												30 to 35.													
												35 to 40.													
												40 to 45.													
												45 to 50.													
												50 to 55.													
												55 to 60.													
												60 to 65.													
												65 to 70.													
												70 to 75.													
												75 and upwards.													
												Unspecified.													
												Total Males.													
												Total Females.													
												Total Persons.													
1.—Specific Febrile or Zymotic Diseases	1. Miasmatic Diseases	M. 20 F. 20	20 7	6 2	6 4	5 5	2 3	38 35	8 10	16 12	32 30	6 5	20 14	4 8	6 2	9 4	9 6	10 7	10 5	3 3	7 3	...	223	126	349
	2. Diarrhoeal Diseases	M. 85 F. 58	12 16	1 2	3 2	1 1	101 79	2 2	1 6	9 10	32 42	6 13	4 5	5 3	6 3	6 7	7 9	10 10	9 6	1 12	...	192	120	312	
	3. Malarial Diseases	M. 1 F. 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	3 3	1 2	1 2	3 8	4 4	6 6	4 3	3 3	3 3	1 1	3 4	4 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	...	50	6	56	
	5. Venereal Diseases	M. 7 F. 5	1 1	1 1	1 1	8 5	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	3 3	3 3	3 3	3 3	1 1	2 3	3 3	3 3	3 3	...	28	7	35		
	6. Septic Diseases...	M. 2 F. 2	1 1	1 1	1 1	4 4	2 2	2 2	6 7	5 8	8 4	20 25	2 2	14 22	14 14	8 6	2 2	10 16	16 21	1 1	...	...	...	...
2.—Parasitic Diseases	...	M. 3 F. 5	1 1	1 1	1 1	5 8	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	...	11	13	24		
	...	M. 15 F. 21	1 1	1 1	1 1	15 21	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	7 8	10 5	10 5	8 3	9 9	7 2	6 6	2 2	1 1	...	92	38	130		
3.—Dietetic Diseases	...	M. 26 F. 36	6 1	2 1	4 2	39 10	5 11	29 13	68 19	60 29	63 32	50 29	60 32	48 31	38 23	26 22	21 16	21 9	12 12	...	664	343	1,007		
	...	M. 62 F. 52	7 7	3 3	6 6	71 19	16 42	87 89	92 92	82 82	91 62	70 85	77 54	35 35	33 33	2 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4.—Constitutional Diseases	...	M. 163 F. 121	2 2	1 1	1 1	165 123	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	...	237	176	413		
	...	M. 284 F. 284	4 4	1 1	1 1	288 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	...	...	...	...
5.—Developmental Diseases	1. Diseases of Nervous System	M. 111 F. 86	13 10	3 7	2 2	130 106	8 5	2 6	7 4	10 11	14 8	17 13	24 13	15 11	19 8	22 18	31 20	48 18	47 20	42 18	29 29	...	373	233	606
	2. Diseases of Organs of Special Sense	M. 2 F. 2	1 1	1 1	1 1	3 3	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	...	...	...	...
6.—Local Diseases	3. Diseases of Circulatory System	M. 4 F. 4	2 1	1 1	1 1	4 4	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	...	...	...	...
	4. Diseases of Respiratory System	M. 69 F. 29	20 21	7 9	2 8	100 69	14 7	4 11	8 6	33 30	32 14	39 13	15 9	28 12	24 14	37 13	41 21	26 20	30 30	...	475	271	746		
	5. Diseases of Digestive System	M. 225 F. 215	42 37	6 6	4 4	279 269	5 3	9 5	8 5	7 3	11 9	12 14	13 16	17 24	19 23	21 23	21 20	16 16	7 7	...	454	371	825		
	6. Diseases of Lymphatic System and Glands	M. 440 F. 440	79 13	10 10	6 6	548 11	12 12	13 13	12 12	14 14	16 16	25 25	15 19	25 25	26 26	24 24	16 16	21 21	...	...	1	4	5		
	7. Diseases of Urinary System	M. 6 F. 6	3 1	2 1	1 1	11 7	4 2	5 5	4 4	4 4	5 5	5 5	5 5	5 5	5 5	5 5	5 5	5 5	5 5	...	198	88	286		
7.—Violence	8. Diseases of Organs of Generation	M. 1 F. 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	...	2	31	33		
	9. Diseases of Parturition	M. 1 F. 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	...	69	69	69		
	10. Diseases of Organs of Locomotion	M. 4 F. 4	1 1	1 1	1 1	5 4	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	...	14	14	14		
	11. Diseases of Intermittent System	M. 18 F. 24	10 3	6 7	4 4	48 43	22 8	20 6	33 4	20 1	35 35	28 1	31 7	14 14	19 19	22 22	18 6	8 4	5 4	3 3	373	108	481		
	1. Accident or Negligence	M. 42 F. 42	13 12	1 1	1 1	91 30	28 31	37 21	41 41	29 29	38 38	17 17	21 21	23 23	26 26	24 24	12 12	9 9	3 3	...	...	...	...
8.—Ill-defined and not specified Causes	2. Homicide	M. 1 F. 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	2 2	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	...	...	...	...
	3. Suicide	M. 1 F. 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	...	...	...	...
	4. Execution	M. 1 F. 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	...	...	...	...
	...	M. 20 F. 17	2 1	2 1	2 1	26 19	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	...	3	47	50		
	...	M. 37 F. 37	3 3	3 3	3 3	45 34	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	...	...	...	...
TOTAL ALL CAUSES...		M. 1424 F. 221	221 77	63 63	33 30	1818 120	307 173	334 334	322 350	324 268	298 310	380 369	308 308	378 378	17 17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE No. XX.—continued.

CAUSES of DEATHS of MALES and FEMALES Registered in Queensland during each Month of the Year 1902—continued.

CLASS, ORDER, AND DISEASE.	JANUARY.		FEBRUARY.		MARCH.		APRIL.		MAY.		JUNE.		JULY.		AUGUST.		SEPTEMBER.		OCTOBER.		NOVEMBER.		DECEMBER.		TOTALS.			
																									Males.	Females.	Persons.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.						
CLASS VI.—Local Diseases.																												
ORDER 1.—DISEASES OF NERVOUS SYSTEM.																												
1. Inflammation of Brain or its Membranes	2	3	1	1	4	1	5	...	4	1	2	...	5	1	4	4	3	1	2	5	4	3	6	6	42	26	68	
2. Apoplexy	8	3	4	3	9	1	2	3	7	2	4	4	5	2	3	2	10	1	9	4	7	3	9	10	77	38	115	
3. Softening of Brain	2	...	2	...	2	...	2	3	...	2	1	...	...	2	2	...	3	1	3	...	1	1	2	...	21	6	27
4. Hemiplegia, Brain Paralysis	1	3	1	2	3	5	5	2	2	3	4	2	5	3	2	2	5	3	4	2	...	2	6	3	38	32	70	
4a. Caisson Disease	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...
5. Paralysis Agitans	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
6. Insanity, General Paralysis of Insane	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	1	2	...	3	1	2	1	3	...	2	1	2	...	18	5	23
7. Chorea	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	4
8. Epilepsy	2	1	2	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	2	2	...	1	...	2	1	3	2	...	15	9	24
9. Convulsions	9	11	9	8	7	5	11	5	9	8	5	3	9	7	4	5	9	2	9	5	5	7	11	11	97	77	174	
10. Laryngismus Stridulus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Idiopathic Tetanus	...	...	3	1	1	...	1	...	...	2	1	1	...	1	1	2	1	1	1	...	2	...	...	...	8	11	19
12. Paraplegia, Diseases of Spinal Cord	2	...	2	2	4	2	2	...	...	1	...	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	4	1	...	1	...	21	11	32
13. Other Diseases of Nervous System	5	1	3	...	1	1	3	...	2	1	3	1	2	2	2	1	1	3	4	1	6	1	...	2	32	14	46	
ORDER 2.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF SPECIAL SENSE.																												
1. Otitis, Otorrhoea	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	2	7	4	...
2. Epistaxis and Disease of Nose	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Ophthalmia and Disease of Eye	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 3.—DISEASES OF CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.																												
1. Endocarditis, Valvular Disease	11	10	10	9	11	6	9	4	16	5	4	10	12	7	11	8	18	9	9	7	10	5	11	6	132	86	218	
2. Pericarditis	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	2	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	2	11
3. Hypertrophy of Heart	3	4	2	...	7	1	3	2	2	4	2	1	1	1	4	...	...	2	3	3	...	8	1	...	37	17	54
4. Angina Pectoris	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	5
5. Syncope	1	1	2	...	1	...	3	1	3	...	2	2	2	2	1	...	1	2	...	...	1	2	1	...	18	10	28
6. Aneurism	2	1	2	...	3	...	2	...	3	...	6	2	4	...	4	...	6	1	3	...	...	3	1	...	38	5	43
7. Senile Gangrene	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	6	1	7
8. Embolism	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	2	7	9
9. Thrombosis	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	5	7
10. Phlebitis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Varicose Veins	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Other Diseases of Circulatory System	11	4	5	4	3	6	6	7	9	12	6	4	17	7	14	4	8	2	10	3	7	3	8	7	104	63	167	
ORDER 4.—DISEASES OF RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.																												
1. Laryngitis	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	6	4	10
2. Croup	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	5
3. Other Diseases of Larynx and Trachea	2	...	2
4. Emphysema	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5
5. Asthma	3	...	2	1	3	...	1	...	2	...	4	1	5	...	7	1	4	5	4	1	2	...	1	...	38	9	47	
6. Bronchitis	2	7	5	2	6	1	10	5	7	6	7	7	9	4	12	13	8	9	8	7	4	1	5	6	83	68	151	
7. Pneumonia	12	6	15	5	9	5	21	6	12	9	26	14	24	21	41	26	41	17	40	21	24	23	23	13	288	166	454	
8. Pleurisy	1	...	1	...	...	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	...	2	...	1	3	...	...	17	7	24
9. Other Diseases of Respiratory System	5	...	2	...	3	1	...	3	3	2	...	...	5	2	3	4	1	3	2	...	1	1	6	1	33	15	48
ORDER 5.—DISEASES OF DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.																												
1. Stomatitis, Noma	2	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	6	11
2. Dentition	...	3	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	1	2	...	...	...	2	2	3	1	2	1	3	3	4	...	23	21	44
3. Sore Throat, Quinsy	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	8
4. Dyspepsia	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	1	2	1	2	1	...	9	6	15
5. Haematemesis	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	6
6. Melena	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
7. Disease of Stomach	2	2	2	2	...	1	1	2	1	...	3	...	1	1	1	1	5	1	5	1	1	4	6	2	28	17	45	
8. Enteritis	19	26	28	24	23	19	18	15	16	18	6	10	5	6	9	8	16	7	23	21	43	39	50	40	256	233	489	
9. Ulceration of Intestine	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
10. Ileus, Obstruction of Intestine	1	1	1	...	2	1	1	4	2	1	...	...	3	...	1	...	2	1	2	1	2	3	2	2	19	14	33
11. Stricture, or Strangulation of Intestine	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	4
12. Intussusception of Intestine	2	...	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	2	1	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	10	5	15
13. Hernia	2	...	1	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	2	2	...	13	3	16
14. Fistula	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
15. Peritonitis	1	3	1	...	...	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	...	2	1	1	2	2	2	...	2	1	1	15	17	32
16. Ascites	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3
17. Gallstones	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	4	7
18. Cirrhosis of Liver	4	1	3	...	1	2	1	3	...	1	3	3	2	2	1	...	2	2	8	...	7	1	1	1	33	16	49	
19. Other Diseases of Liver	2	3	1	2	1	...	1	2	2	...	1	1	4	2	...	1	3	2	1	...	2	3	1	1	19	17	36	
20. Other Diseases of Digestive System	...	...	1	2	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	3	8
ORDER 6.—DISEASES OF LYMPHATIC SYSTEM AND DUCTLESS GLANDS.																												
1. Diseases of Lymphatic System	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Diseases of Spleen	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
3. Bronchocele	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
4. Addison's Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
ORDER 7.—DISEASES OF URINARY SYSTEM.																												
1. Acute Nephritis	2	1	7	1	1	1	1	2	4	3	1	1	4	1	4	1	5	1	5	1	7	2	2	1	43	16	59	
2. Bright's Disease	5	1	7	5	6	3	6	8	11	6	8	7	11	2	10	6	9	7	11	4	11	4	15	6	110	59	169	
3. Uremia	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...												

TABLE No. XX.—continued.

CAUSES of DEATHS of MALES and FEMALES Registered in Queensland during each Month of the Year 1902—continued.

CLASS, ORDER, AND DISEASE.																										TOTALS.		
JANUARY.		FEBRUARY.		MARCH.		APRIL.		MAY.		JUNE.		JULY.		AUGUST.		SEPTEMBER.		OCTOBER.		NOVEMBER.		DECEMBER.		Males.	Females.	Persons.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.							
Class VI.—Local Diseases—continued.																												
ORDER 10.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION.																												
1. Caries	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
2. Necrosis	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
3. Arthritis	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	5	2	7
4. Ostitis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1
5. Periostitis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Other Diseases of Organs of Locomotion	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	3	1
ORDER 11.—DISEASES OF INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM.																												
1. Carbuncle, Boil, &c.	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	5
2. Phlegmon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Cellulitis	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	9	1	10
4. Lupus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Ulcer, Bed sore	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
6. Eczema	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
7. Pemphigus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
8. Other Diseases of Integumentary System	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	6
TOTAL CLASS VI.	133	139	137	96	131	86	137	90	144	99	127	97	158	100	167	110	183	96	199	108	172	140	201	141	1,889	1,272	3,161	
CLASS VII.—Violence.																												
ORDER 1.—ACCIDENT OR NEGLIGENCE.																												
1. Fractures, Contusions	1	...	1	...	4	1	1	...	2	...	2	1	1	1	4	1	17	3	20	
2. Gunshot Wounds	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	...	...	...	...	10	2	12
3. Cut, Stab, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Burn	1	4	2	3	...	3	1	4	4	1	1	2	1	4	3	5	2	4	3	...	1	3	2	21	35	56		
5. Scald	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	1	5	6
6. Sunstroke and Heat Apoplexy	24	3	14	5	5	1	1	...	5	1	2	8	1	58	12	70	
7. Poison	1	1	1	...	3	1	1	...	3	1	2	...	1	...	3	...	2	...	1	1	2	...	19	4	23	
8. Bite of a Venomous Reptile or Insect	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3
9. Drowning	15	...	8	...	8	...	2	1	2	1	2	1	5	...	1	1	6	2	8	...	5	2	5	67	8	75		
10. Suffocation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	8	1	9
11. Horse, Result of Fall from	...	...	5	...	3	...	4	2	4	1	3	...	2	...	3	...	3	...	...	2	...	4	...	33	3	36
12. Horse, Result of Kick from	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
13. Horned Animal, Gored by a	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Vehicle Accident, Result of	1	1	3	...	3	2	4	...	2	1	...	...	1	...	3	...	2	1	3	1	3	1	2	27	7	34
15. Railway, Killed on	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	8	1	9
16. An Explosion, Killed by	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	6	...	6
17. Fall of Earth, Mining, &c.	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7
18. Mining Accidents, Other	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4
19. Machinery, Killed by	1	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10
20. A Fall, Killed by	3	1	2	...	1	...	1	...	8	...	2	1	1	2	1	2	...	4	1	...	1	2	1	28	6	34		
21. Falling Tree or other Substance, Killed by	2	...	2	...	...	1	...	1	...	3	1	1	1	2	...	1	2	...	2	1	1	...	18	3	21	
22. Traumatic Tetanus	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	2	...	10	1	11
23. Blood Poisoning	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	4
24. Injury at Birth	...	1	1	...	2	1	1	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	6	9	15
25. Surgical Operation	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	6
26. Lightning, Killed by	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
27. Navel Hemorrhage	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	3
28. Shark, Killed by	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29. Cycle Accident, Result of	1	1	...	1	
ORDER 2.—HOMICIDE.																												
1. Murder { a By Whites b By Aborigines c By Coloured Persons other than Aborigines	1	...	1	4	1	1	5	6	
2. Manslaughter	1	1	2	...	2	2	
ORDER 3.—SUICIDE.																												
1. Gunshot Wounds	2	3	1	...	3	...	1	...	3	...	5	...	2	...	2	...	3	...	25	...	25	
2. Cut, Stab, &c.	2	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	2	1	2	...	3	...	19	1	20
3. Poison	...	...	...	...	1	2	1	1	1	1	...	2	...	3	1	3	...	1	...	2	1	...	1	16	6	22
4. Drowning	1	...	2	1	1	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	12	4	16
5. Suffocation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Hanging	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	10	...	10
7. Otherwise or Unspecified	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	4	...	4
ORDER 4.—EXECUTION.																												
1. Hanging	
TOTAL CLASS VII.	63	13	47	11	46	14	34	9	43	8	26	7	26	6	32	11	39	14	35	7	34	16	43	9	468	125	593	
CLASS VIII.—Ill-defined and Not Specified Causes.																												
1. Dropsy	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	5	2	7
2. Debility	2	2	2	1	1	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	2	11	10	21
3. Atrophy	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	8	4	12
4. Inanition	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Mortification	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Tumour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Polypus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Abscess	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Hemorrhage	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
10. Fits (Unspecified)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Sudden (Cause not ascertained)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Other Ill-defined or Unspecified Causes	3	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	1	2	...	2	2	3	...	1	...	3	1	2	7	5	22	14	36
TOTAL CLASS VIII.	6	2	2	3	3	...	4	3	3	2	4	1	3	3	6	...	2	...	6	5	3	9	7	47	30	77		
TOTAL DEATHS OF MALES AND FEMALES FROM ALL CAUSES	344	199	301	172	275	154	321	177	319	176	271	156	300	176	307	202	339	172	356	195	366	234	425	267	3,924	2,280	6,204	

TABLE No. XXI.

CAUSES of DEATHS of MALES, FEMALES, and PERSONS Registered in Queensland during each Month of the Year 1902, in Totals of Orders.

CLASS, ORDER, AND SEX.			JANUARY.	FEBRUARY.	MARCH.	APRIL.	MAY.	JUNE.	JULY.	AUGUST.	SEPTEMBER.	OCTOBER.	NOVEMBER.	DECEMBER.	Total Males.	Total Females.	Total Persons.	
CLASS.	ORDER.	SEX.																
No. and Name.	No. and Name.																	
1.—Specific Febrile or Zymotic Diseases	1. Miasmatic Diseases	M.	18	21	14	31	27	21	12	14	15	14	18	13	223	...	...
		F.	11	11	7	14	19	6	11	11	13	10	10	7	...	126	...	
	P.	29	32	21	45	46	27	23	25	28	20	28	25	...	...	349	
	2. Diarrhoeal Diseases	M.	16	14	12	14	11	7	9	6	5	19	37	42	192	...	...
		F.	9	6	9	9	5	4	2	5	5	14	23	29	...	120	...	
	P.	25	20	21	23	16	11	11	11	10	33	60	71	...	...	312	
	3. Malarial Diseases	M.	2	3	4	7	4	4	11	3	3	2	4	3	50	...	...
		F.	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	5	...
	P.	2	4	4	7	4	5	12	3	3	3	4	4	...	...	55	
	5. Venereal Diseases	M.	...	4	1	3	4	2	2	2	...	4	2	4	28	...	...
		F.	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	7	...
	P.	...	5	1	4	5	2	2	4	1	5	2	4	...	...	35	
6. Septic Diseases...	M.	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	23	...	...
	F.	3	3	1	2	2	1	3	3	1	1	3	2	...	25	...		
P.	5	5	3	5	4	3	4	3	3	3	5	5	...	...	48		
2.—Parasitic Diseases	...	M.	3	1	...	...	1	...	2	1	...	1	1	1	11	...	...
		F.	1	3	2	...	2	...	1	...	...	2	1	1	...	13	...
P.	4	4	2	...	3	...	3	1	...	3	2	2	...	...	24		
3.—Dietetic Diseases	...	M.	17	10	4	6	8	11	6	2	6	4	9	9	92	...	...
		F.	3	4	3	3	2	7	...	2	...	4	3	7	...	38	...	
P.	20	14	7	9	10	18	6	4	6	8	12	16	...	...	130		
4.—Constitutional Diseases	...	M.	67	47	43	65	55	45	44	56	63	52	66	61	664	...	...
		F.	30	22	21	35	29	24	32	30	31	24	23	42	...	343	...	
P.	97	69	64	100	84	69	76	86	94	76	89	103	...	...	1,007		
5.—Developmental Diseases	...	M.	17	13	15	17	17	22	26	18	21	24	16	31	237	...	...
		F.	18	11	11	11	7	8	17	28	11	21	12	21	...	176	...	
P.	35	24	26	28	24	30	43	46	32	45	28	52	...	...	413		
6.—Local Diseases	1. Diseases of Nervous System	M.	32	25	35	29	28	26	31	24	37	38	30	38	373	...	...
		F.	23	20	17	14	16	12	20	20	12	22	24	33	...	233	...	
	P.	55	45	52	43	44	38	51	44	49	60	54	71	...	...	606	
	2. Diseases of Organs of Special Sense	M.	...	...	...	3	1	...	1	...	...	3	...	...	7	...	...
		F.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	4	...
	P.	...	...	...	3	1	1	1	...	...	3	...	2	...	...	11	
	3. Diseases of Circulatory System	M.	30	22	26	26	37	22	37	35	34	26	23	34	352	...	...
		F.	21	15	17	15	21	20	18	13	15	13	12	17	...	197	...	
	P.	51	37	43	41	58	42	55	48	49	39	35	51	...	...	549	
	4. Diseases of Respiratory System	M.	23	26	21	36	27	41	47	67	56	57	35	39	475	...	...
		F.	13	8	8	12	20	24	31	46	35	29	25	20	...	271	...	
	P.	36	34	29	48	47	65	78	113	91	86	60	59	...	...	746	
	5. Diseases of Digestive System	M.	37	43	36	31	30	21	23	19	35	51	60	68	454	...	...
		F.	42	35	30	33	22	20	14	15	17	30	58	55	...	371	...	
	P.	79	78	66	64	52	41	37	34	52	81	118	123	...	...	825	
	6. Diseases of Lymphatic System and Ductless Glands	M.	1	...	1	...	1	1
		F.	1	1	...	1	...	1	4	...
	P.	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	5
	7. Diseases of Urinary System	M.	10	18	12	11	18	13	19	19	19	17	22	20	198	...	...
		F.	4	6	5	10	10	10	6	8	10	6	6	7	...	88	...	
	P.	14	24	17	21	28	23	25	27	29	23	28	27	...	...	286	
	8. Diseases of Organs of Generation	M.	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	...
		F.	2	3	2	...	1	2	5	4	3	2	4	3	...	31	...	
	P.	3	3	2	...	1	2	5	4	3	3	4	3	...	...	33	
	9. Diseases of Parturition	F.	3	7	5	5	6	4	5	3	4	3	10	4	...	59	...	
		P.	3	7	5	5	6	4	5	3	4	3	10	4	...	...	59
	10. Diseases of Organs of Locomotion	M.	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	3	1	2	10
		F.	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	4	...
	P.	...	1	1	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	4	2	2	...	...	14
	11. Diseases of Integumentary System	M.	...	2	1	...	2	3	1	2	2	3	1	...	17	...	...
		F.	...	2	1	1	2	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	10	...
	P.	...	4	2	1	4	6	1	2	2	4	1	...	...	...	27	
7.—Violence	1. Accident or Negligence	M.	56	42	38	27	37	20	22	21	26	28	21	35	373	...	...
		F.	13	10	13	7	7	7	10	10	10	5	12	8	...	108	...	
	P.	69	52	51	34	44	27	28	31	36	33	33	43	...	...	481	
	2. Homicide	M.	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	2	1	...	2	1	9	...	...
		F.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	6	...
	P.	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	2	5	...	4	1	...	...	15	
	3. Suicide	M.	6	4	8	7	5	6	4	9	12	7	11	7	86	...	...
		F.	...	1	1	2	1	...	...	1	...	2	2	1	...	11	...
	P.	6	5	9	9	6	6	4	10	12	9	13	8	...	...	97	
	4. Execution	M.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		P.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	8.—Ill-defined and not specified Causes	...	M.	6	2	3	4	3	4	3	6	2	...	5	9	47
F.			2	3	...	3	2	1	3	...	...	6	3	7	...	30	...
P.			8	5	3	7	5	5	6	6	2	6	8	16	...	...	77
TOTAL ALL CAUSES...			M.	344	301	275	321	319	271	300	307	339	356	425	3,924	...	...
			F.	199	172	154	177	176	156	176	202	172	195	234	267	2,280
			P.	543	473	429	498	495	427	476	509	511	551	600	692	...	6,204	

No. XXII.—continued.

Registry Districts of Queensland during the Year 1902—continued.

	TOTALS.		
	Males.	Females.	Persons.
Fassifern.	42	26	68
Gladstone.	77	38	115
Gympie.	21	6	27
Herberton.	38	32	70
Highfields.	3	3	6
Hughenden.	18	15	33
Ipswich.	18	15	33
Kennedy.	15	9	24
Leichhardt.	15	9	24
Logan.	97	77	174
Mackay.	8	11	19
Maranoa.	21	11	32
Marathon.	32	14	46
Maryborough.	1	1	2
Moreton East.	10	3	13
Moreton West.	3	7	10
Mount Morgan.	1	1	2
Nundah.	1	1	2
Oxley.	1	1	2
Palmer.	1	1	2
Peak Downs.	1	1	2
Rockhampton.	2	2	4
Somerset.	3	3	6
Springsure.	1	1	2
Stanley.	1	1	2
Stanthorpe.	1	1	2
St. Lawrence.	1	1	2
Tambo.	1	1	2
Taroom.	1	1	2
Tiaro.	1	1	2
Toowoong.	2	1	3
Townsville.	3	2	5
Warrego.	1	1	2
Warwick.	1	1	2
Westwood.	1	1	2
Wide Bay.	1	1	2
Woothakata.	1	1	2
	42	26	68
	77	38	115
	21	6	27
	38	32	70
	3	3	6
	18	15	33
	18	15	33
	15	9	24
	15	9	24
	97	77	174
	8	11	19
	21	11	32
	32	14	46
	1	1	2
	10	3	13
	3	7	10
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	1	1	2
	1	1	2
	2	2	4
	3	3	6
	1	1	2
	1	1	2
	1	1	2
	1	1	2
	1	1	2
	2	2	4
	3	3	6
	1	1	2
	1	1	2
	1	1	

TABLE

CAUSES of DEATHS of FEMALES Registered in the several

CLASS, ORDER, AND DISEASE.		Aramac.	Balonne.	Blackall.	Bowen.	Brisbane.	Bundaberg.	Burke.	Burnett.	Caboolture.	Cairns.	Cardwell.	Charleville.	Clermont.	Cloncurry.	Cook.	Croydon.	Cunnamulla.	Dalby.	Darling Downs Central.	Darling Downs East.	Darling Downs North.	Darling Downs West.	Diamantina.	Drayton and Toowoomba.	Ennggera.	Etheridge.	
CLASS I.—Zymotic Diseases.																												
ORDER 1.—MIASMATIC DISEASES.																												
1.	Small-pox	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.	Chicken-pox	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.	Measles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4.	Epidemic Rose Rash	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.	Scarlet Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6.	Typhus Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6a.	Bubonic Plague	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7.	Typhoid or Enteric Fever	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	4	2	...
8.	Relapsing Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9.	Influenza, Coryza, Catarrh	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	1	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	1	3	...
9a.	Dengue Fever	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10.	Whooping Cough	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...
11.	Mumps	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12.	Diphtheria	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
13.	Cerebro Spinal Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14.	Simple and Ill-defined Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14a.	Beri Beri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15.	Other Miasmatic Diseases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 2.—DIARRHEAL DISEASES.																												
1.	Cholera { a Asiatic	1	1	1	2	3	...
	{ b English
2.	Diarrhoea	1	1	...	17	3	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	1	1	...	2	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.	Dysentery	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 3.—MALARIAL DISEASES.																												
1.	Remittent Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.	Ague	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 4.—ZOOGENOUS DISEASES.																												
1.	Hydrophobia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.	Glanders	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.	Splenic Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4.	Cow-pox and other Effects of Vaccination	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 5.—VENEREAL DISEASES.																												
1.	Syphilis	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.	Gonorrhoea, Stricture of Urethra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 6.—SEPTIC DISEASES.																												
1.	Phagedæna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.	Erysipelas	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.	Pyæmia, Septicæmia	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
4.	Puerperal Fever	...	...	1	3	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL CLASS I.		1	...	3	...	69	9	1	3	3	2	5	2	3	...	3	2	2	6	3	3	3	2	...	10	9	...	
CLASS II.—Parasitic Diseases.																												
1.	Thrush	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
2.	Other Diseases from Vegetable Parasites	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.	Hydatid Disease	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4.	Other Diseases from Animal Parasites	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL CLASS II.		...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
CLASS III.—Dietetic Diseases.																												
1.	Starvation { a Want of Breast Milk	2	3	1	1	1	...
	{ b Privation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.	Scurvy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.	Intemperance { a Chronic Alcoholism	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ b Delirium Tremens	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ c Opium, Abuse of	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL CLASS III.		6	3	2	...	1	1	1	3	1	...
CLASS IV.—Constitutional Diseases.																												
1.	Rheumatic Fever	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.	Rheumatism of the Heart	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.	Rheumatism	2	1	1	...
4.	Gout	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.	Rickets	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6.	Cancer	2	...	...	...	25	7	...	1	1	2	...	...	1	...	...	2	1	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	7	3
7.	Tabes Mesenterica	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
8.	Tubercular Meningitis (Acute Hydrocephalus)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
9.	Phthisis	...	...	...	...	2	44	6	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	4	8
10.	Other forms of Tuberculosis—Scrofula	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
11.	Purpura, Hæmorrhagic Diathesis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12.	Anæmia	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13.	Chlorosis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
14.	Lukæmia	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15.	Diabetes Mellitus	...	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
16.	Other Constitutional Diseases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL CLASS IV.		2	2	89	17	...	1	2	4	1	3	3	...	5	3	...	1	2	...	11	20	...
CLASS V.—Developmental Diseases.																												
1.	Premature Birth	...	1	1	...	13	3	2	2	2	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
2.	Atelectasis	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.	Cyanosis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4.	Spina Bifida	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.	Imperforate Anus	
6.	Cleft Palate, Hare-Lip	
7.	Other Congenital Defects	1	1											

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[illegible]

No. XXIII.—continued.

Registry Districts of Queensland during the Year 1902—continued.

[illegible]

TABLE

CAUSES of DEATHS of PERSONS Registered in the several

CLASS, ORDER, AND DISEASE.	Aramac.	Balonne.	Blackall.	Bowen.	Brisbane.	Bundaberg.	Burke.	Burnett.	Caboollure.	Cairns.	Cardwell.	Charleville.	Clermont.	Cloncurry.	Cook.	Croydon.	Cunnamulla.	Dalby.	Darling Downs Central.	Darling Downs East.	Darling Downs North.	Darling Downs West.	Diamantina.	Drayton and Toowoomba.	Enoggera.	Etheridge.		
CLASS I.—Zymotic Diseases.																												
ORDER 1.—MIASMATIC DISEASES.																												
1. Small-pox	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Chicken-pox	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Measles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Epidemic Rose Rash	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Scarlet Fever	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Typhus Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6a. Bubonic Plague	1	...	...	...	19	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Typhoid or Enteric Fever	1	...	1	...	16	7	1	2	...	4	...	4	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	7	3	...	...
8. Relapsing Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Influenza, Coryza, Catarrh	...	...	...	1	12	1	...	...	1	12	8	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	2	...	...	2	4	...	...
9a. Dengue Fever	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Whooping Cough	...	...	...	...	6	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...
11. Mumps	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Diphtheria	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	...	1	1	...	...
13. Cerebro Spinal Fever	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...
14. Simple and Ill-defined Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14a. Beri Beri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Other Miasmatic Diseases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 2.—DIARRHOEAL DISEASES.																												
1. Cholera { a Asiatic	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
b English...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Diarrhoea	4	...	1	2	41	12	...	3	...	1	...	1	1	...	2	1	...	2	2	1	1	3	...	6	11	...	...
3. Dysentery	1	1	1	...	16	10	1	...	1	7	3	2	2	...	4	...	3	5	4	...	1	...	...	...	4	...	...
ORDER 3.—MALARIAL DISEASES.																												
1. Remittent Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	17	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Ague	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 4.—ZOOGENOUS DISEASES.																												
1. Hydrophobia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Glanders	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Splenic Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Cow-pox and other Effects of Vaccination	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 5.—VENEREAL DISEASES.																												
1. Syphilis	...	...	1	...	6	...	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...
2. Gonorrhœa, Stricture of Urethra	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...
ORDER 6.—SEPTIC DISEASES.																												
1. Phagedena	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Erysipelas	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Pyæmia, Septicæmia	...	1	...	...	9	3	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
4. Puerperal, Septicæmia	...	...	1	...	3	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL CLASS I.	7	2	6	3	141	44	4	8	3	43	14	9	5	4	24	9	4	10	8	3	6	6	1	23	25	1	...	
CLASS II.—Parasitic Diseases.																												
1. Thrush	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Other Diseases from Vegetable Parasites	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Hydatid Disease	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Other Diseases from Animal Parasites	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL CLASS II.	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	4	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
CLASS III.—Dietetic Diseases.																												
1. Starvation { a Want of Breast Milk	3	4	1	1	2	2
b Privation	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Scurvy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Intemperance { a Chronic Alcoholism	9	2	3	3	1	1	4	1	2
b Delirium Tremens	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
c Opium, Abuse of	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL CLASS III.	1	2	2	1	16	4	1	...	2	5	...	2	4	3	1	7	2	...	...	1	...	...	1	5	3	1	...
CLASS IV.—Constitutional Diseases.																												
1. Rheumatic Fever	...	...	1	...	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Rheumatism of the Heart...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Rheumatism	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Gout	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Rickets	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Cancer	4	5	1	1	60	9	...	2	1	5	1	...	4	...	3	1	...	2	1	2	1	2	...	12	7	1	...	
7. Tabes Mesenterica	...	...	...	...	15	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Tubercular Meningitis (Acute Hydrocephalus)	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Phthisis	2	...	...	6	100	50	...	...	1	26	2	...	4	1	5	5	1	9	1	...	1	1	...	9	14	1	...
10. Other forms of Tuberculosis—Scrofula...	1	...	...	...	11	23	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Purpura, Hemorrhagic Diathesis	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Anæmia	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Chlorosis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Lukæmia	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Diabetes Mellitus	...	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Other Constitutional Diseases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL CLASS IV.	7	5	2	8	202	94	...	2	5	36	4	...	11	1	11	9	1	12	8	2	3	3	...	22	40	3	...	
CLASS V.—Developmental Diseases.																												
1. Premature Birth	1	3	1	...	39	8	2	2	2	5	1	3	...	...	2	6	...	1	3	2	4	1	1	12	10	...	...
2. Atelectasis	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Cyanosis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Spina Bifida	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Imperforate Anus	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Cleft Palate, Hare-Lip	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Other Congenital Defects	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Old Age	...	4	...	...	4	1	...	2	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8a. Senile Decay	...	...	...	1	16	1	1	3	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	3	1	...	4	1	3	...	1	4	1	...
TOTAL CLASS V.	1	7	1	1	65	13	3	9	5	7	1	4	2	...	3	9	1	1										

TABLE
CAUSES of DEATHS of PERSONS Registered in the several

CLASS, ORDER, AND DISEASE.	Aramac.	Balonne.	Blackall.	Bowen.	Brisbane.	Bundaberg.	Burke.	Burnett.	Caboolture.	Cairns.	Cardwell.	Charleville.	Clermont.	Cloncurry.	Cook.	Croydon.	Cunnamulla.	Dalby.	Darling Downs Central.	Darling Downs East.	Darling Downs North.	Darling Downs West.	Diamantina.	Drayton and Toowoomba.	Enoggera.	Etheridge.	
CLASS VI.—Local Diseases.																											
ORDER 1.—DISEASES OF NERVOUS SYSTEM.																											
1. Inflammation of Brain or its Membranes	...	1	...	...	21	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	5	5	...
2. Apoplexy	1	...	1	1	18	5	...	3	...	4	...	1	3	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	6	3	...	...
3. Softening of Brain	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...
4. Hemiplegia, Brain Paralysis	...	1	...	...	15	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4a. Caisson Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Paralysis Agitans	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Insanity, General Paralysis of Insane	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
7. Chorea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Epilepsy	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
9. Convulsions	4	2	2	...	18	4	...	1	2	4	...	...	9	2	...	3	3	...	6	8	12	5	...	1	2	4	...
10. Laryngismus Stridulus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Idiopathic Tetanus	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
12. Paraplegia, Diseases of Spinal Cord	1	...	1	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	2	...	...
13. Other Diseases of Nervous System	...	...	...	...	11	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	...
ORDER 2.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF SPECIAL SENSE.																											
1. Otitis, Otorrhoea	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
2. Epistaxis and Disease of Nose	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Ophthalmia and Disease of Eye	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 3.—DISEASES OF CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.																											
1. Endocarditis, Valvular Disease	3	1	2	...	38	6	...	...	1	4	2	...	1	1	...	2	...	...	3	3	1	...	1	18	11	2	...
2. Pericarditis	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...
3. Hypertrophy of Heart	...	...	1	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Angina Pectoris	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Syncope	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Aneurism	...	...	1	...	11	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Senile Gangrene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Embolism	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Thrombosis	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Phlebitis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Varicose Veins	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Other Diseases of Circulatory System	4	4	2	1	17	4	...	4	3	3	1	...	2	...	1	1	...	2	5	3	3	3	2	9	3	1	...
ORDER 4.—DISEASES OF RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.																											
1. Laryngitis	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Croup	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Other Diseases of Larynx and Trachea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Emphysema	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Asthma	...	...	...	...	11	6	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	2	...	...	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...
6. Bronchitis	5	...	...	1	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Pneumonia	7	5	2	1	74	33	1	6	2	8	9	...	6	...	...	...	...	6	3	1	3	...	1	30	13	1	...
8. Pleurisy	...	1	...	...	6	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Other Diseases of Respiratory System	...	...	...	...	11	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 5.—DISEASES OF DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.																											
1. Stomatitis, Noma	...	...	...	...	1	9	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Dentition	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Sore Throat, Quinsy	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Dyspepsia	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Hæmatemesis	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Melæna	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Disease of Stomach	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Enteritis	4	1	4	...	128	9	...	5	3	4	...	3	3	1	1	2	...	1	2	2	4	1	1	31	40	...	...
9. Ulceration of Intestine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Ileus, Obstruction of Intestine	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Stricture, or Strangulation of Intestine	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Intussusception of Intestine	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Hernia	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Fistula	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Peritonitis	...	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Ascites	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Gallstones	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Cirrhosis of Liver	1	...	...	...	13	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Other Diseases of Liver	1	...	1	1	7	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20. Other Diseases of Digestive System	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 6.—DISEASES OF LYMPHATIC SYSTEM AND DUCTLESS GLANDS.																											
1. Diseases of Lymphatic System	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Diseases of Spleen	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Bronchocele	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Addison's Disease	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 7.—DISEASES OF URINARY SYSTEM.																											
1. Acute Nephritis	1	...	4	1	13	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	4	2	...
2. Bright's Disease	3	...	1	...	29	4	...	1	...	3	2	...	2	1	2	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Uræmia	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Suppression of Urine	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Calculus	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Hæmaturia	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Disease of Bladder and of Prostate	...	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Other Diseases of Urinary System	...	...	...	...	6	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 8.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF GENERATION.																											
1. Ovarian Disease	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE

CAUSES of DEATHS of PERSONS Registered in the several

CLASS, ORDER, AND DISMASH.																											
	Aramac.	Balonne.	Blackall.	Bowen.	Brisbane.	Bundaberg.	Burke.	Burnett.	Caboolture.	Cairns.	Cardwell.	Charleville.	Clermont.	Cloncurry.	Cook.	Croydon.	Cunnamulla.	Dalby.	Darling Downs Central.	Darling Downs East.	Darling Downs North.	Darling Downs West.	Diamantina.	Drayton and Toowoomba.	Enngerra.	Etheridge.	
Class VI.—Local Diseases—continued.																											
ORDER 10.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION.																											
1. Caries	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Necrosis	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Arthritis	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
4. Ostitis	
5. Periostritis	
6. Other Diseases of Organs of Locomotion	
ORDER 11.—DISEASES OF INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM.																											
1. Carbuncle, Boil, &c.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
2. Phlegmon	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
3. Cellulitis	
4. Lupus	
5. Ulcer, Bed sore	1	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Eczema	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Pemphigus	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Other Diseases of Integumentary System	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL CLASS VI.	39	18	24	14	603	104	1	30	20	53	23	14	35	9	20	27	7	28	37	27	33	16	7	168	130	8	
CLASS VII.—Violence.																											
ORDER 1.—ACCIDENT OR NEGLIGENCE.																											
1. Fractures, Contusions	1	3	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	
2. Gunshot Wounds	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
3. Cut, Stab, &c.	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	...		
4. Burn	1	2	...	9	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Scald	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Sunstroke and Heat Apoplexy	5	...	3	...	8	2	...	...	...	4	...	5	2	...	...	2	...	1	2	...	1	...	1	...	...
7. Poison	6	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
8. Bite of a Venomous Reptile or Insect	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Drowning	1	5	1	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	...
10. Suffocation	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Horse, Result of Fall from	1	1	...	1	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	4	1	...	2	2	...	1	
12. Horse, Result of Kick from	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Horned Animal, Gored by a	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Vehicle Accident, Result of	1	...	...	8	2	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	2	...	
15. Railway, Killed on	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. An Explosion, Killed by	
17. Fall of Earth, Mining, &c.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Mining Accidents, Other	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Machinery, Killed by	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20. A Fall, Killed by	10	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...
21. Falling Tree or other Substance, Killed by	1	...	1	1	2	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
22. Traumatic Tetanus	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23. Blood Poisoning	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24. Injury at Birth	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25. Surgical Operation	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26. Lightning, Killed by	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27. Navel Hæmorrhage	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28. Shark, Killed by	
29. Cycle Accident, Result of	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 2.—HOMICIDE.																											
1. Murder { a By Whites	5
b By Aborigines
c By Coloured Persons other than Aborigines	1	1
2. Manslaughter
ORDER 3.—SUICIDE.																											
1. Gunshot Wounds	1	2	...	1	1	1	1	...	1	1	2	...	2	3	1	1	1
2. Cut, Stab, &c.	1	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Poison	1	...	11	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Drowning	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
5. Suffocation	
6. Hanging	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Otherwise or Unspecified	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
ORDER 4.—EXECUTION.																											
1. Hanging
TOTAL CLASS VII.	10	3	7	2	87	17	2	12	8	19	6	9	11	3	5	12	5	3	10	4	6	1	5	16	9	3	
CLASS VIII.—Ill-defined and Not Specified Causes.																											
1. Dropsy	1	1	1	1	1
2. Debility	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...
3. Atrophy	4	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
4. Inanition	1	1	...	
5. Mortification	
6. Tumour	
7. Polypus	
8. Abscess	
9. Hæmorrhage	
10. Fits (Unspecified)	
11. Sudden (Cause not ascertained)	1	1	1	...	2	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	2	3	1	...	...	1	...	
12. Other Ill-defined or Unspecified Causes	1	2	...	1	1	1	...	2	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL CLASS VIII.	1	1	...	1	7	...	1	2	1	...	3	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	2	2	3	2	...	2	2	...	
TOTAL DEATHS OF PERSONS FROM ALL CAUSES	67	38	43	30	1123	276	12	63	44	167	55	39	69	21	64	75	20	56	72	44	59	29	16	252	224	18	

CLASS, ORDER, AND SEX.																													
CLASS.	ORDER.	SEX.																											
No. and Name.	No. and Name.																												
1.—Specific Febrile or Zymotic Diseases	1. Miasmatic Diseases	M.	2	...	2	1	28	13	1	2	...	21	6	4	...	3	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	5	3	
		F.	37	12	...	1	...	1	...	4	6	
		P.	2	...	2	1	65	15	1	3	2	22	10	6	1	3	1	...	1	3	1	2	4	2	1	12	9		
	2. Diarrhoeal Diseases	M.	4	1	1	2	32	19	1	2	...	8	3	3	1	...	5	...	1	3	4	...	1	2	3	...	4	12	3
		F.	1	...	1	...	25	4	...	1	1	
		P.	5	1	2	2	57	23	1	3	1	8	3	3	3	...	6	1	3	7	6	1	2	4	...	6	15		
	3. Malarial Diseases	M.	9	1	15	6	
		F.	1	2	
		P.	1	9	1	17	6	
	5. Venereal Diseases	M.	6	1	1	3	1	2	...	
		F.	1	...	1	1	
		P.	1	...	7	1	1	3	1	1	2	1	
	6. Septic Diseases...	M.	...	1	...	...	6	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
		F.	...	...	1	...	6	3	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...
		P.	...	1	1	...	12	5	...	2	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	...
	2.—Parasitic Diseases	M.	1	...	1	2	2	1	1	
		P.	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	4	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
	3.—Dietetic Diseases	M.	1	2	2	1	10	1	1	...	2	3	...	1	3	3	...	4	2	...	...	1	...	...	1	5	2
P.		1	2	2	1	16	4	1	...	2	5	...	2	4	3	1	7	2	...	...	1	...	...	1	5	3	
4.—Constitutional Diseases	M.	5	5	2	6	113	77	...	1	3	32	4	...	10	1	8	6	1	7	5	2	2	...	...	11	20	
	P.	7	5	2	8	202	94	...	2	5	36	4	...	11	1	11	9	1	12	8	2	3	3	...	22	40			
5.—Developmental Diseases	M.	1	4	...	1	40	7	1	3	...	4	...	2	1	...	2	6	1	1	4	2	5	...	2	10	10			
	P.	1	7	1	1	65	13	3	9	5	7	1	4	2	...	3	9	1	1	7	4	8	1	2	16	15			
6.—Local Diseases	1. Diseases of Nervous System	M.	2	3	4	2	52	12	...	3	2	11	1	1	9	2	6	4	1	3	8	6	4	5	1	12	9		
		F.	5	1	...	1	45	6	...	1	3	3	...	...	6	1	2	2	2	1	3	4	12	3	14	7	
		P.	7	4	4	3	97	18	...	4	5	14	1	1	15	3	8	6	3	4	11	10	16	8	1	26	16		
	2. Diseases of Organs of Special Sense	M.	...	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		F.	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		P.	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3. Diseases of Circulatory System	M.	5	4	6	1	47	10	...	3	1	8	3	1	4	1	1	3	1	6	7	6	3	3	4	15	10		
		F.	2	1	...	...	36	5	...	2	3	...	1	2	...	...	2	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	16	11	
		P.	7	5	6	1	83	15	...	5	4	8	4	3	4	1	1	5	1	6	8	7	4	3	4	31	21		
	4. Diseases of Respiratory System	M.	9	4	1	2	70	36	...	5	3	11	9	1	4	...	2	4	2	4	4	2	3	1	1	34	11		
		F.	3	2	1	...	54	7	1	4	1	2	1	1	3	...	...	...	3	5	1	5	...	...	21	11	
		P.	12	6	2	2	124	43	1	9	4	13	10	2	7	...	2	4	2	7	9	3	8	1	1	55	22		
	5. Diseases of Digestive System	M.	5	...	3	2	111	4	...	4	2	6	4	1	4	4	2	3	1	6	4	4	1	3	...	14	28		
		F.	4	1	3	2	88	9	...	5	3	4	1	3	1	...	1	5	...	2	1	4	...	1	23	31			
		P.	9	1	6	4	199	13	...	9	5	10	5	4	5	4	3	8	1	6	6	5	5	3	1	37	59		
	6. Diseases of Lymphatic System and Ductless Glands	M.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		F.	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		P.	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Diseases of Urinary System	M.	3	...	3	2	37	8	...	1	1	2	3	2	...	1	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	10	8	
	F.	1	...	2	...	23	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	4	1	
	P.	4	...	5	2	60	11	...	1	1	3	3	2	2	1	2	2	...	2	2	1	...	1	...	14	9			
8. Diseases of Organs of Generation	M.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	F.	...	1	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	P.	...	1	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Diseases of Parturition	F.	...	...	1	...	12	1	...	...	1	4	...	2	1	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	
	P.	...	...	1	...	12	1	...	...	1	4	...	2	1	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	
10. Diseases of Organs of Locomotion	M.	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
	F.	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	P.	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
11. Diseases of Integumentary System	M.	...	1	...	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	
	F.	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	P.	...	1	...	1	5	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	
7.—Violence	1. Accident or Negligence	M.	6	3	6	2	52	10	2	3	5	15	4	6	6	1	5	4	2	2	4	3	1	3	11	2			
		F.	2	...	...	...	14	2	...	2	1	1	2	...	1	...	...	2	1	4	1	2	...	...	...	5	
		P.	8	3	6	2	66	12	2	5	6	16	5	8	6	2	5	6	4	3	8	4	5	1	5	11	7		
	2. Homicide	M.	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		F.	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		P.	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	5	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3. Suicide	M.	2	...	1	...	19	3	...	2	2	2	1	1	5	1	...	6	1	...	2	...	1	...	...	5	2
		F.	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		P.	2	...	1	...	21	4	...	2	2	2	1	1	5	1	...	6	1	...	2	...	1	...	...	5	2
	4. Execution	M.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		F.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		P.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	8.—Ill-defined and not specified Causes	...	M.	...	1	...	1	6	...	1	...	1	2	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	2	...	2	...
			F.	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	1	1	...	...	...	2
			P.	1	1	...	1	7	...	1	2	1	2	3	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	2	2	3	2	...	2	2	
		TOTAL ALL CAUSES...	M.	46	29	32	23	637	207	8	31	22	141	42	23	49	19	51	49	14	33	45	29	27	21	13	145	118	
			F.	21	9	11	7	486	69	4	32	22	13	26	13	16	20	2	13	6	23	27	15	32	8	3	107	106	
			P.	67	38	43	30	1123	276	12	63	44	167	55	39	69	21	64	75	20	56	72	44	59	29	16	252	222	

several Registry Districts of Queensland during the year 1902 in Totals of Orders.

Etheridge.	Fassifern.	Gladstone.	Gympie.	Herberton.	Highfields.	Hughenden.	Ipswich.	Kennedy.	Leichhardt.	Logan.	Mackay.	Maranoa.	Marathon.	Maryborough.	Moreton East.	Moreton West.	Mount Morgan.	Nundah.	Oxley.	Palmer.	Peak Downs.	Rockhampton.	Somerset.	Springsure.	Stanley.	Stanthorpe.	St. Lawrence.	Tambo.	Taroom.	Tiaro.	Toowoong.	Townsville.	Warrago.	Warwick.	Westwood.	Wide Bay.	Woothakata.	Total Males.	Total Females.	Total Persons.	
...	...	1	4	13	1	2	11	13	2	2	10	4	1	6	9	5	4	2	1	3	3	4	1	1	14	...	3	1	1	...	223	
...	...	2	6	14	1	2	15	19	2	3	16	5	5	7	12	9	6	2	2	1	...	11	4	1	1	1	15	1	11	1	2	1	349	
...	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	4	...	3	7	2	1	3	3	4	3	7	4	...	1	7	9	1	2	1	2	1	2	...	3	4	4	3	3	3	7	1	...	192	...
...	6	2	3	3	2	2	3	11	...	4	9	4	2	6	6	7	3	10	7	...	1	16	1	2	1	4	1	...	2	...	3	8	...	5	6	8	1	
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	
...	1	1	1	15	1	2	55	
1	1	...	1	...	3	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	28	...	
1	1	...	2	...	6	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	1	7	
...	...	2	...	1	2	...	1	...	1	...	2	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	3	23	...	
...	...	3	...	1	2	...	1	...	2	...	2	1	...	1	1	...	1	4	25	
...	1	1	...	1	1	1	48	
...	1	1	1	...	1	1	24	
1	1	...	2	6	...	3	...	7	1	...	...	2	3	3	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	2	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	4	1	2	...	2	92	...	
1	1	1	3	7	...	4	...	9	1	...	...	2	3	5	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	5	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	8	4	1	3	...	2	...	38	
3	3	2	9	8	3	4	9	34	...	7	31	12	2	19	43	7	7	6	21	...	...	29	14	...	...	3	...	1	...	1	3	23	...	4	7	18	1	664	...	
...	...	1	13	1	...	1	8	21	1	4	10	6	1	9	8	12	3	5	11	...	...	17	3	2	1	1	...	...	...	1	4	17	...	3	5	2	...	...	343	
3	10	3	22	9	4	5	17	55	1	11	41	18	3	28	51</																										

TABLE No. XXVI.--continued.

**CAUSES of DEATHS of MALES, at Different Periods of Life, Registered in the Metropolitan Area (Brisbane 10-mile radius)
during the Year 1902—continued.**

CLASS, ORDER, AND DISEASE.	Under 1 year.	1 to 2.	2 to 3.	3 to 4.	4 to 5.	Total under 5 years.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 25.	25 to 30.	30 to 35.	35 to 40.	40 to 45.	45 to 50.	50 to 55.	55 to 60.	60 to 65.	65 to 70.	70 to 75.	75 and upwards.	Unspecified.	TOTALS.		
																							Males.	Females.	Persons.
CLASS VI.—Local Diseases.																									
ORDER 1.—DISEASES OF NERVOUS SYSTEM.																									
1. Inflammation of Brain or its Membranes	5	3	8	1	1	...	1	1	1	3	1	2	...	1	1	5	2	21	10	31
2. Apoplexy	1	1	1	2	15	15	30
3. Softening of Brain	3	2	5
4. Hemiplegia, Brain Paralysis	1	...	1	1	1	2	10	13	23
4a. Caisson Disease
5. Paralysis Agitans
6. Insanity, General Paralysis of Insane
7. Chorea
8. Epilepsy	1	1	2	1	3
9. Convulsions	12	1	1	...	1	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	12	27
10. Laryngismus Stridulus
11. Idiopathic Tetanus	2	2
12. Paraplegia, Diseases of Spinal Cord	1	2	1	...	2	6	5	11
13. Other Diseases of Nervous System	1	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	1	1	...	9	3	12
ORDER 2.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF SPECIAL SENSE.																									
1. Otitis, Otorrhoea	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	4	1	5
2. Epistaxis and Disease of Nose
3. Ophthalmia and Disease of Eye
ORDER 3.—DISEASES OF CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.																									
1. Endocarditis, Valvular Disease	1	2	4	1	2	2	2	3	3	4	5	...	29	29	58	
2. Pericarditis	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	2	...	1	...	...	2	1	3	
3. Hypertrophy of Heart	1	1	2	...	...	1	...	6	3	9	
4. Angina Pectoris	1	1	...	2	...	2	
5. Syncope	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	6	4	10	
6. Aneurism	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	2	1	2	...	1	1	11	1	12	
7. Senile Gangrene	
8. Embolism	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	
9. Thrombosis	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	4	
10. Phlebitis	
11. Varicose Veins	
12. Other Diseases of Circulatory System	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	3	...	3	2	13	15	28
ORDER 4.—DISEASES OF RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.																									
1. Laryngitis	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	2	5
2. Croup	
3. Other Diseases of Larynx and Trachea	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	
4. Emphysema	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Asthma	1	...	2	...	...	3	2	...	8	3	11	
6. Bronchitis	1	...	...	1	2	...	...	12	18	30	
7. Pneumonia	4	5	2	...	...	15	3	...	3	3	...	...	7	4	...	2	1	5	4	3	6	56	45	101
8. Pleurisy	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	4	2	6	
9. Other Diseases of Respiratory System	1	2	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	6	7	13
ORDER 5.—DISEASES OF DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.																									
1. Stomatitis, Noma	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	6
2. Dentition	4	4	1	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	4	13
3. Sore Throat, Quinsy	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	
4. Dyspepsia	2	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	6	9
5. Hematemesis	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	
6. Melena	
7. Disease of Stomach	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Enteritis	82	13	1	1	1	98	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	3	2	5
9. Ulceration of Intestine	
10. Ileus, Obstruction of Intestine	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	5	3	8	
11. Stricture, or Strangulation of Intestine	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	
12. Intussusception of Intestine	2	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	5
13. Hernia	5	2	7	
14. Fistula	1	...	1	
15. Peritonitis	7	7	
16. Ascites	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	1	3	
17. Gallstones	
18. Cirrhosis of Liver	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	
19. Other Diseases of Liver	2	...	...	...	3	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	10	7	17	
20. Other Diseases of Digestive System	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	8	
ORDER 6.—DISEASES OF LYMPHATIC SYSTEM AND DUCTLESS GLANDS.																									
1. Diseases of Lymphatic System	
2. Diseases of Spleen	
3. Bronchocele	
4. Addison's Disease	1	1	
ORDER 7.—DISEASES OF URINARY SYSTEM.																									
1. Acute Nephritis	3	2	...	...	...	5	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	1	1	2	...	...	1	...	...	13	5	18
2. Bright's Disease	1	...	...	1	3	2	...	1	6	...	...	...	20	17	37	
3. Uræmia	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	5	
4. Suppression of Urine	1	1	
5. Calculus	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
6. Hematuria	
7. Disease of Bladder and of Prostate	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	4	1	5	
8. Other Diseases of Urinary System	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	4	9	
ORDER 8.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF GENERATION.																									
1. Ovarian Disease	4	4	
2. Diseases of Uterus and Vagina	9	9	
3. Disorders of Menstruation	
4. Pelvic Abscess	3	3	
5. Perineal Abscess	
6. Diseases of Testes, Penis, Scrotum, &c.	
ORDER 9.—DISEASES OF PARTURITION.																									
1. Abortion, Miscarriage	3	3	
2. Puerperal Mania	1	1	
3. Puerperal Convulsions	3	3	
4. Placenta Previa	
5. Flooding								

TABLE No. XXVII.

CAUSES of DEATHS of FEMALES, at Different Periods of Life, Registered in the Metropolitan Area (Brisbane 10-mile radius) during the Year 1902.

CLASS, ORDER, AND DISEASE.	Under 1 year.	1 to 2.	2 to 3.	3 to 4.	4 to 5.	Total under 5 years.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 25.	25 to 30.	30 to 35.	35 to 40.	40 to 45.	45 to 50.	50 to 55.	55 to 60.	60 to 65.	65 to 70.	70 to 75.	75 and upwards.	Unspecified.	TOTALS.				
																							Females.	Males.	Persons.		
CLASS I.—Zymotic Diseases.																											
ORDER 1.—MIASMATIC DISEASES.																											
1. Small-pox	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Chicken-pox	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Measles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Epidemic Rose Rash	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Scarlet Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Typhus Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6a. Bubonic Plague	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	1	2	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	16	27
7. Typhoid or Enteric Fever	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	1	2	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	8	21
8. Relapsing Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Influenza, Coryza, Catarrh	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	7	20
9a. Dengue Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Whooping Cough	6	...	...	...	...	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	8
11. Mumps	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Diphtheria	...	1	1	1	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3	8
13. Cerebro Spinal Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Simple and Ill-defined Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14a. Beri Beri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Other Miasmatic Diseases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 2.—DIARRHOEAL DISEASES.																											
1. Cholera { a Asiatic	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
1. Cholera { b English...	14	3	...	...	...	17	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	37	62
2. Diarrhoea	1	2	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	17	28
3. Dysentery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 3.—MALARIAL DISEASES.																											
1. Remittent Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Ague	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 4.—ZOOGENOUS DISEASES.																											
1. Hydrophobia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Glanders	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Splenic Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Cow-pox and other Effects of Vaccination	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 5.—VENEREAL DISEASES.																											
1. Syphilis	1	1	1	6	7
2. Gonorrhoea, Stricture of Urethra	1	1	1
ORDER 6.—SEPTIC DISEASES.																											
1. Phagedæna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Erysipelas	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Pyæmia, Septicæmia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Puerperal, Septicæmia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL CLASS I.	25	6	1	1	1	34	6	5	2	3	6	4	3	4	3	1	1	3	7	5	6	...	93	110	203		
CLASS II.—Parasitic Diseases.																											
1. Thrush	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Other Diseases from Vegetable Parasites	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Hydatid Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Other Diseases from Animal Parasites	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL CLASS II.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
CLASS III.—Dietetic Diseases.																											
1. Starvation { a Want of Breast Milk	4	4	4	2	6
2. Scurvy { b Privation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Intemperance { a Chronic Alcoholism	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Intemperance { b Delirium Tremens	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Intemperance { c Opium, Abuse of	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL CLASS III.	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
CLASS IV.—Constitutional Diseases.																											
1. Rheumatic Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Rheumatism of the Heart...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Rheumatism	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Gout	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Rickets	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Cancer	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Tabes Mesenterica	15	...	...	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Tubercular Meningitis (Acute Hydrocephalus)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Phthisis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Other forms of Tuberculosis—Scrofula...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Purpura, Hæmorrhagic Diathesis	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Anæmia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Chlorosis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Lukemia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Diabetes Mellitus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Other Constitutional Diseases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL CLASS IV.	16	...	...	...	1	17	3	2	3	7	14	11	14	11	8	8	7	7	7	2	3	...	124	153	277	
CLASS V.—Developmental Diseases.																											
1. Premature Birth	23	23	23	39	62
2. Atelectasis	1	1	1	1	2
3. Cyanosis
4. Spina Bifida	...	1	1	1	1	2
5. Imperforate Anus	1	1	1	1	2
6. Cleft Palate, Hare-Lip	1	1	1	2	3
7. Other Congenital Defects	7	7	7	3	10
8. Old Age
8a. Senile Decay
TOTAL CLASS V.	33	1	...	...	...	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	3	10	...	50	60	110	

TABLE No. XXVII.—continued.

CAUSES of DEATHS of FEMALES, at Different Periods of Life, Registered in the Metropolitan Area (Brisbane 10-mile radius) during the Year 1902—continued.

[illegible]

TABLE No. XXVIII.—continued.

CAUSES of DEATHS of PERSONS, at Different Periods of Life, Registered in the Metropolitan Area (Brisbane 10-mile radius) during the Year 1902—continued.

CLASS, ORDER, AND DISEASE.	Under 1 year.	1 to 2.	2 to 3.	3 to 4.	4 to 5.	Total under 5 years.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 25.	25 to 30.	30 to 35.	35 to 40.	40 to 45.	45 to 50.	50 to 55.	55 to 60.	60 to 65.	65 to 70.	70 to 75.	75 and upwards.	Unspecified.	TOTALS.		
																							Persons.	Males.	Females.
CLASS VI.—Local Diseases.																									
ORDER 1.—DISEASES OF NERVOUS SYSTEM.																									
1. Inflammation of Brain or its Membranes	9	4	...	...	...	13	1	2	1	1	1	1	5	1	2	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	31	21	10
2. Apoplexy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	3	1	1	3	8	6	6	...	30	15	15
3. Softening of Brain	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	3	2	1	1	...	5	3	2
4. Hemiplegia, Brain Paralysis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	4	1	1	3	3	4	5	...	23	10	13
4a. Caisson Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Paralysis Agitans	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Insanity, General Paralysis of Insane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Chorea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Epilepsy	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	2	1
9. Convulsions	20	2	3	...	1	26	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	15	12
10. Laryngismus Stridulus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Idiopathic Tetanus	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
12. Paraplegia, Diseases of Spinal Cord	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	2	1	...	2	...	2	...	11	6	5
13. Other Diseases of Nervous System	1	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	2	2	2	...	1	1	...	12	9	3	
ORDER 2.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF SPECIAL SENSE.																									
1. Otitis, Otorrhoea	1	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	4	1
2. Epistaxis and Disease of Nose	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Ophthalmia and Disease of Eye	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 3.—DISEASES OF CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.																									
1. Endocarditis, Valvular Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	2	2	5	5	2	4	4	7	6	4	5	7	...	18	29	29
2. Pericarditis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	2	...	2	...	2	...	3	2	1
3. Hypertrophy of Heart	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	1	1	...	...	9	6	3
4. Angina Pectoris	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	2	...
5. Syncope	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	1	1	...	1	...	2	1	2	...	1	...	10	6	4
6. Aneurism	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	4	...	...	12	11	1
7. Senile Gangrene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
8. Embolism	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...
9. Thrombosis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	2
10. Phlebitis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Varicose Veins	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Other Diseases of Circulatory System	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	4	1	6	7	...	28	13	15
ORDER 4.—DISEASES OF RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.																									
1. Laryngitis	3	...	1	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	5	3	2
2. Croup	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
3. Other Diseases of Larynx and Trachea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Emphysema	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...
5. Asthma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	3	...	...	1	3	3	...	...	11	8	3
6. Bronchitis	6	2	...	...	...	8	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	2	4	4	4	2	...	30	12	18
7. Pneumonia	9	11	4	1	...	25	4	1	...	3	9	3	12	9	1	4	3	7	7	7	6	...	101	56	45
8. Pleurisy	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	6	4	2
9. Other Diseases of Respiratory System	2	3	...	...	...	5	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	2	1	...	1	...	13	6	7
ORDER 5.—DISEASES OF DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.																									
1. Stomatitis, Noma	4	2	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	4
2. Dentition	8	4	1	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	9	4
3. Sore Throat, Quinsy	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1
4. Dyspepsia	6	3	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	3	6
5. Hematemesis	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	2
6. Melena	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Disease of Stomach	2	1	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Enteritis	143	24	1	2	2	177	...	5	2	1	...	3	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	3	...	5	3	2
9. Ulceration of Intestine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Ileus, Obstruction of Intestine	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	8	5	3
11. Stricture, or Strangulation of Intestine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	1
12. Intussusception of Intestine	3	1	...	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3	2
13. Hernia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	7	5	2
14. Fistula	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	3	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
15. Peritonitis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7
16. Ascites	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	3	2	1
17. Gallstones	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Cirrhosis of Liver	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	3	2	2	3	...	...	1	...	1	1	...
19. Other Diseases of Liver	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	8	4	4
20. Other Diseases of Digestive System	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...
ORDER 6.—DISEASES OF LYMPHATIC SYSTEM AND DUCTLESS GLANDS.																									
1. Diseases of Lymphatic System	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Diseases of Spleen	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Bronchocele	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Addison's Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
ORDER 7.—DISEASES OF URINARY SYSTEM.																									
1. Acute Nephritis	4	2	...	...	...	6	...	1	3	...	...	1	...	2	2	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	18	13	5
2. Bright's Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	5	2	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	37	20	17
3. Uremia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	5	2	3
4. Suppression of Urine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Calculus	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	...
6. Hematuria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
7. Disease of Bladder and of Prostate	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	5	4	1
8. Other Diseases of Urinary System	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	9	5	4	
ORDER 8.—DISEASES OF ORGANS OF GENERATION.																									
1. Ovarian Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4
2. Diseases of Uterus and Vagina	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	2	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9
3. Disorders of Menstruation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Pelvic Abscess	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
5. Perineal Abscess	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Diseases of Testes, Penis, Scrotum, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ORDER 9.—DISEASES OF PARTURITION.																									
1. Abortion, Miscarriage	...	...	...	...																	

TABLE No. XXXI.

CAUSES of DEATHS of MALES, FEMALES, and PERSONS Registered in the Metropolitan Area (Brisbane 10-mile radius) during each Month of the Year 1902, in Totals of Orders.

CLASS, ORDER, AND SEX.			JANUARY.	FEBRUARY.	MARCH.	APRIL.	MAY.	JUNE.	JULY.	AUGUST.	SEPTEMBER.	OCTOBER.	NOVEMBER.	DECEMBER.	Total Males.	Total Females.	Total Persons.		
CLASS.	ORDER.	SEX.																	
No. and Name.	No. and Name.																		
1.—Specific Febrile or Zymotic Diseases	1. Miasmatic Diseases	M.	3	4	7	7	6	5	1	1	4	...	2	2	1	41	...	...
		F.	8	5	1	6	7	4	3	4	4	...	3	1	...	49	...	...
		P.	11	9	8	13	13	9	4	5	8	2	5	3	...	...	...	90
	2. Diarrhoeal Diseases	M.	7	1	6	6	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	8	9	6	55
		F.	1	1	4	2	2	3	1	2	2	7	6	6	37
		P.	8	2	10	8	5	5	3	5	4	15	15	12	...	...	...	92
	3. Malarial Diseases	M.
		F.
		P.
	5. Venereal Diseases	M.	...	2	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	7
		F.	1	1
		P.	...	2	...	1	2	...	1	1	1	8
	6. Septic Diseases...	M.	1	1	2	1	1	1	...	1	7
		F.	1	2	...	1	1	1	...	6
		P.	2	2	...	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	13
2.—Parasitic Diseases	...	M.	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
		F.	1	1	2
3.—Dietetic Diseases	...	M.	...	1	1	1	2	4	...	1	...	...	1	1	12	...	...	...
		F.	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	1	...	...	1	3	...	9	...	...
4.—Constitutional Diseases	...	M.	14	10	6	11	17	14	6	9	17	12	19	18	153	...	...	...
		F.	10	6	10	14	8	12	13	9	12	9	6	15	...	124	...	...
5.—Developmental Diseases	...	M.	7	2	4	5	3	4	3	5	5	8	5	9	60	...	...	...
		F.	3	2	5	3	2	3	5	12	3	3	2	7	...	50	...	...
6.—Local Diseases	1. Diseases of Nervous System	M.	4	2	5	9	5	1	10	8	9	9	7	12	81	...	...	...
		F.	5	6	4	4	2	6	6	5	3	7	5	10	...	63	...	...
		P.	9	8	9	13	7	7	16	13	12	16	12	22	...	...	...	144
	2. Diseases of Organs of Special Sense	M.	2	2	4	1
		F.	1
		P.	2	2	...	1	5
	3. Diseases of Circulatory System	M.	4	1	5	8	13	7	8	4	11	3	2	7	73	...	...	...
		F.	8	3	8	3	6	7	5	5	2	3	2	3	...	55	...	...
		P.	12	4	13	11	19	14	13	9	13	6	4	10	...	...	...	128
	4. Diseases of Respiratory System	M.	2	5	5	7	2	8	10	15	8	12	3	15	92	...	...	...
		F.	3	...	2	3	8	9	6	16	10	8	6	6	...	77	...	...
		P.	5	5	7	10	10	17	16	31	18	20	9	21	...	...	...	169
	5. Diseases of Digestive System	M.	10	12	9	17	10	7	6	2	14	22	22	29	160	...	...	...
		F.	12	11	10	14	7	8	5	5	6	12	24	23	...	137	...	...
		P.	22	23	19	31	17	15	11	7	20	34	46	52	...	...	...	297
	6. Diseases of Lymphatic System and Ductless Glands	M.	1	1
		F.
		P.	1	1
	7. Diseases of Urinary System	M.	3	5	3	5	3	3	5	5	2	5	5	4	48	...	...	...
		F.	1	2	...	2	2	5	4	2	2	4	...	7	...	31	...	...
		P.	4	7	3	7	5	8	9	7	4	9	5	11	...	...	...	79
	8. Diseases of Organs of Generation	M.	...	3	1	3	1	1	...	3	1	...	16
		F.	2
		P.	2	3	...	...	...	1	3	1	1	1	3	1	...	...	...	16
	9. Diseases of Parturition	F.	1	2	2	2	1	1	2	5	2	...	18
		P.	1	2	2	2	1	1	2	5	2	18
	10. Diseases of Organs of Locomotion	M.	1	1
		F.	1	1	3
		P.	1	2	1	4
	11. Diseases of Integumentary System	M.	...	1	1	1	1	1	5
		F.	1	...	1	2
		P.	...	1	...	1	1	2	1	1	7
7.—Violence	1. Accident or Negligence	M.	7	6	8	6	3	5	5	2	4	5	4	10	65	...	...	...
		F.	1	...	7	...	1	1	1	2	4	2	5	1	...	25	...	...
		P.	8	6	15	6	4	6	6	4	8	7	9	11	...	...	...	90
	2. Homicide	M.
		F.
		P.
	3. Suicide	M.	...	1	1	2	2	2	1	4	3	1	4	2	23	...	...	...
		F.	...	1	1	2
		P.	...	2	1	2	3	2	1	4	3	1	4	2	...	...	...	26
	4. Execution	M.
		F.
		P.
8.—Ill-defined and not specified Causes	...	M.	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	2	2	8	...	...	...
		F.	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	...
		P.	...	...	1	1	2	1	...	1	...	1	2	2	...	...	...	11
TOTAL ALL CAUSES ...			M.	62	53	61	88	75	65	59	60	81	89	86	896	...	...	...
			F.	56	45	54	57	49	62	53	65	50	65	68	...	712	...	...
			P.	118	98	115	145	124	127	112	125	131	154	154	...	...	...	1,608

APPENDIX B.

RETURN showing the Registry Districts of Queensland, with the Names of the Persons holding the Office of District Registrar during the Year 1902.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT—BRISBANE.

JOSEPH HUGHES, REGISTRAR-GENERAL.

RICHARD BARON HOWARD, DEPUTY REGISTRAR-GENERAL.

COUNTRY DISTRICTS.

Aramac	PETER GEO. GRANT.	Maranoa	EDMUND FILMER CRAVEN succeeded by WILLIAM SIMPSON.
Balonne	ARCHIBALD LEE.	Marathon	CHAS. AUGUSTUS MAYNE MORRIS.
Blackall	RICHARD TARGET TAYLOR succeeded by BERNARD CANNING MACGROARTY.	Maryborough	JOHN BLAINE succeeded by FREDERICK ROBERT BANBURY.
Bowen	MARTIN O'DONOHUE.		KARL ARTHUR MAX SCHULZ (Assistant)
Bundaberg	CHARLES HEBER SHORT.	Moreton East	HENRI WILLSON HASELER.
Burke	ALLISON SEYMOUR LAIRD WELLS.	Moreton West	MATTHEW McDERMOTT.
Burnett	JAMES HOBBS.	Mount Morgan	WM. ERNEST HERBERT FERGUSON.
Caboolture	THOMAS BRYCE.	Nundah	JOHN HENRY NICHOLSON.
Cairns	GERALD HANBURY succeeded by WM. GRACE MORAN.	Oxley	JOHN MOFFATT.
Cardwell	WILLIAM COCHRANE MILLER.	Palmer	JOHN JAMES MORAN.
Charleville	JOHN FRANCIS McDONNELL succeeded by ARTHUR STAINES.	Peak Downs	HUGH JAMES JOHNSTON succeeded by FRANCIS WM. KREBS.
Clermont	ALEXANDER DORSEY succeeded by DAVID MEDLAM JONES.	Rockhampton	FRANCIS ROBT. CHESTER-MASTER succeeded by WALDRON JOSEPH COOPER WALKER BURROWES.
Cloncurry	MICHAEL JAMES BRACEWELL.		FRANCIS DAVID THOMSON (Assistant)
Cook	WILLIAM GRACE MORAN.	Somerset	FREDERICK CHARLES MEREDITH BURNES.
Croydon	RICHARD CURTIS.		WILLIAM LEIVESLEY (Acting).
Cunnamulla	WILLIAM JOHN SMOUT.	Springsure	THOS. CAMPBELL PRYDE
Dalby	FREDERICK WILLIAM ROCHE.	Stanley	OSCAR ETHELBERT MESTON.
Darling Downs Central	GEORGE ESSEX EVANS.	Stanthorpe	THOS. ED. WHITE
Darling Downs East	FRANCIS GRANT MACKAY succeeded by WM. GARNETT HANBURY.	St. Lawrence	HEWAN LESLIE ARCHDALL succeeded by ROBERT KIRK STANTON.
Darling Downs North	FREDERICK WILLIAM ROCHE.	Tambo	DANIEL HERBERT ROBINSON.
Darling Downs West	HUBERT MORRIS.	Taroom	ROBERT DOWLING.
Diamantina	REGINALD EDWARD HALLORAN.	Tiaro	FREDK. WM. SIMMONDS succeeded by JOSEPH HUGHES (Registrar-General).
Drayton and Toowoomba	GEORGE ESSEX EVANS.	Toowong	RICHARD BARON HOWARD (Deputy Registrar-General).
Enoggera	JOHN NICHOLSON succeeded by JOSEPH HUGHES (Registrar-General).		WILLIAM THOMAS.
	RICHARD BARON HOWARD (Deputy Registrar-General).	Townsville	MATHIAS DALEY (Acting).
Etheridge	ALFRED HERMAN BERG succeeded by THOMAS HY. BODDINGTON.	Warrego	FRANCIS GRANT MACKAY succeeded by WM. GARNETT HANBURY.
Fassifern	GEORGE WHITNEY.	Warwick	FRANCIS ROBT. CHESTER-MASTER succeeded by WALDRON JOSEPH COOPER WALKER BURROWES.
Gladstone	MARCUS GALLAGHER.	Westwood	FRANCIS DAVID THOMSON (Assistant)
Gympie	LAURENCE CRONIN.		JOHN BLAINE succeeded by FREDERICK ROBERT BANBURY.
Herberton	ADAM CUPPAGE HALDANE.		KARL ARTHUR MAX SCHULZ (Assistant)
Highfields	GEORGE ESSEX EVANS.	Wide Bay	JOHN JOSEPH MACGINLEY.
Hughenden	BERNARD CANNING MACGROARTY succeeded by CHAS. AUGUSTUS MAYNE MORRIS.	Woothakata	
Ipswich	MATTHEW McDERMOTT.		
Kennedy	FRANK RUSSELL.		
Leichhardt	GEO. REYNELL ROEBUCK.		
Logan	FREDERICK HAMILTON HYDE.		
Mackay	ARCHIBALD BLAIR GIBSON.		